2015
وفق المنهج الجديد

مساعد الطالب في

اللغة الانكليزية

للصف الثالث المتوسط

إعداد الأستاذ
أحمد كاظم الاعرجي



دار الاعرجي
للطباعة والنشر والتوزيع
خبرة طباعية لاتضاهى
عبر أكثر من ربع قرن

اخول دار الاعرجي للطباعة والنشر حصراً بطبع ونشر هذه الملزمة مع التقدير .

احمد كاظم احمد الاعرجي

عزيزي الطالب

اطلب النسخة الاصلية من دار الاعرجي فقط

عزيزي الطالب ان الملزمة التي تحتوي على تخويل المدرس وتوقيعه تدل على مراجعة المدرس للمادة العلمية وضمان لمطابقتها للمنهج الجديد مما يكفل نجاحك وتفوقك

النسخة الاصلية الملونة وتخويل المدرس ضمان لنجاحك وتفوقك فأطلبها من المكتبات الآن (احذروا التقليد)

عزيزي الطالب ان الملزمة التي لا تحتوي على تخويل وتوقيع المدرس احمد الاعرجي لا علاقة لها بالمدرس ومشكوك في مطابقتها للمنهج الجديد وغير مدققة من قبل المدرس وتحتوي على الكثير من الأخطاء العلمية.

Student's Book

كتاب الطالب

الاستاذ احمد كاظم الاعرجي

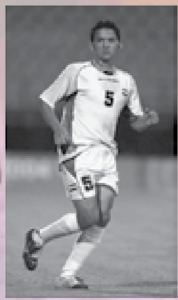
دار الاعرجي
للطباعة والنشر

Learning to learn البداية في التعلم

Warm up تهيئة

1 Learn about *Iraq Opportunities Third Intermediate.* Find these things in your book. تعلم في كتاب الثالث المتوسط وحاول ايجاد ما يلي في الكتاب

Example 1 = *page 33*



1- A picture of Nashat Akram Ali. صورة اللاعب نشأت أكرم(p.33)
2- The title of Lesson 5.عنوان الدرس الخامس
3- The name of a celebrity in lesson 7.اسم شخصية مشهورة في الدرس السابع
4- The title of Unit 2.عنوان الدرس الثاني
5- A picture of a market.صورة سوق

الحل :

ت	الجواب
2	Volunteers المتوطوعون
3	Linus Torvaldus,Sarah Flannery
4	Cultures
5	page 51



2 Write 5 more things جد خمسة اشياء اخرى في الكتاب وسجلها.

1- A map of Hotel خريطة فندق. **(Page 15)**
2- The title of Unit Seven عنوان الوحدة السابعة. **(Computers)**
3- The name of the fastest man on the planet اسم اسرع رجل على الارض. **(Usain Bolt)**
4- The title of Unit Three عنوان الوحدة الثالثة. **(People)**
5- A picture of mountain. صورة جبل**(Page 11)**

3 Read the example sentences (a-i). Match the underlined words with the grammar words (1-9) اقرأ الجمل على جهة اليمين واختر ما يناسبها من الجمل على جهة اليسار .

a) **Does** she **make** clothes in a factory? 7- present simple question.
b) I **usually** go swimming on Thursday. 5- adverb of frequency.
c) This black scarf is **hers.** 9- possessive pronoun.
d) I **didn't go** shopping yesterday. 4- past simple negative
e) You are a very **practical** person. 8- adjective صفة
f) She **doesn't work** there. 6- present simple negative.
g) We are going on holiday with **our** friends. 3- possessive adjective.
h) **Put on** your clothes and we can go. 2- multi-part verb فعل من جزئين
i) The two football teams played **brilliantly**. 1- adverb ظرف

A You



2 Match the hobbies هوايات and activities فعاليات with the pictures.

الحل :



ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
a	swimming	d	reading
b	taking photos	e	watching videos
c	playing football	f	play computer games

3 Listen. Complete the dialogues in the Function File on the right. Use the words from the Key Words box.



الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	taking photos التقاط الصور	5	reading القراءة
2	reading القراءة	6	play computer games
3	watching videos مشاهدة افلام الفيديو	7	swimming السباحة
4	playing football لعب كرة القدم		

PRESENT SIMPLE المضارع البسيط

4 Complete the table with words from the dialogues. اكمل الجدول بالكلمات من المحاورة

Affirmative الإثبات

I /You/We/They (1) **like**
He /She/It (2) **likes** playing football.

Negative النفي

I /You/We/They (3) **don't like**
He /She/It (4) **doesn't like** taking photos.

Questions الأسئلة

(5) **Do** you /we/they like computer
(6) **Does** He /she/it games?

Short Answers الأجوبة القصيرة

Yes, I /you/we/they (7) **do** .
he /she/it/ use any mane **does.**

No, I /you /we/they **don't.**
he /she/it/ use any mane (8) **doesn't** .

5 Read the Function File again. Correct this information.

اقرأ المحاورات السابقة ثم قم بتصحيح المعلومات في الجمل التالية

Example

1- Mr Ali is a student طالب. *Mr Ali isn't a student. He's a teacher* معلم.
2- Yasameen like taking photos.
3- Miss Layla like playing football.
4- Kadhim and Mr Ali like playing computer games or football.
5- Aziz doesn't like swimming, playing computer games or football.

الحل :

ت	الجواب
2	Yasameen doesn't like taking photos. She likes reading and watching videos.
3	Miss Layla doesn't like playing football. She likes reading.
4	Kadhim and Mr Ali don't like playing computer games. Kadhim likes playing football and Mr Ali likes swimming.
5	Aziz likes swimming, playing computer games or playing football.



B Your Class

1 Read the following. **Say what you *have to do* and what you *don't have to do* in your English class.** اقرأ ما يلي وبين ما يجب ان تفعله وما لا يجب ان تفعله في درس اللغة الانكليزية

1- **I *have to* speak English.** يجب ان اتحدث اللغة الانكليزية
2- **I *don't have* to clean the floor.** يجب ان لا انظف الارضية
3- **I *have to* work in pairs sometime.** يجب علي ان اعمل كثنائي في بعض الاحيان
4- **I *don't have to* do homework.** يجب علي عمل الواجب البيتي
5- **I *have to* ask questions.** يجب علي ان اسئل اسئلة
6- **I *don't have to* wear colorful clothes.** يجب ان لا ارتدي ملابس ملونة

2 Listen to a teacher talking to a class. Complete the table.



استمع الى المدرس وهو يتحدث الى الصف ثم اكمل الجدول

الحل :

	can	cannot
watch videos	×	
listen to cassettes	×	
read books	×	
act out dialogues	×	
talk about hobbies	×	
talk when the teacher talking		×
speak Arabic all the time		×



4 Check you understand the Key Words. اختبر فهمك للكلمات الاساسية

KEY WORDS: Classroom Objects
bag حقيبة , book كتاب , calculator حاسبة صغيرة , computer حاسوب , dictionary قاموس , notebook دفتر ملاحظات , pen قلم حبر , pencil قلم رصاص , piece of paper قصاصة ورق , rubber مَساحة , ruler مسطرة .

5 Complete the table.

الحل :

Possessive adjectives صفات التملك يجب ان يتبعها اسم	Possessive pronouns ضمائر التكلم تكون في نهاية الجملة
my	mine
your	yours
his	his
her	hers
its	its
our	ours
their	theirs

6 Underline the correct words

1- ***<u>My</u>***/*Mine* bag is the red one. The blue one is *her*/***<u>hers</u>***.
2- This big classroom is ***<u>ours</u>***/*our*.
3- He likes his dictionary, and the like *their*/***<u>theirs</u>***.
4- ***<u>Their</u>***/*Theirs* pieces of paper are under are the desk.
5- Can you give me ***<u>your</u>***/*yours* pens, please?
6- ***<u>Her</u>***/*Hers* desk is over there. next to *our*/***<u>ours</u>***.

7 Look at the words and complete the table.

انظر الى الكلمات (صفات والوان) واكمل الجدول التالي .

black اسود , small صغير , big كبير , brown بني , grey رصاصي , brilliant متميز , red احمر , blue ازرق , old قديم , green اخضر , orange برتقالي , new جديد , white ابيض , yellow اصفر , beautiful جميل .

الحل :

Colours	Adjectives
black, brown, grey, red, blue, green, orange, white, yellow,	small, big, brilliant, old, new, beautiful

C Classroom Language and Homework

1 Complete the instructions with these words. أكمل التعليمات التالية بواسطة هذه الكلمات

play, open, complete, work, don't write, listen to, repeat

1- ***Open*** افتح your books at page 23.
2- I'm sorry, I don't understand. Can you ***repeat*** كرر that. please?
3- ***Complete*** أكمل the table on the board.
4- ***Work*** اعمل with your partner.
5- ***Play*** شغل the cassette again, please.
6- ***Listen to*** استمع الى the instructions on the cassette.
7- ***Don't write*** لا تكتب in your coursebooks.

2 Who usually says the sentences above in the classroom? Write T for the teacher or S for the student.

من عادة يقول التعليمات اعلاه في الصف المعلم ام التلميذ . اكتب امام كل نقطة اما (T) للمعلم او (S) للتلميذ.

الحل :

1- T	2- S	3- T	4- T	5- S	6- T	7- T

IMPERATIVES الجمل الأمرية

3 Complete the rules for how to make instructions.

اكمل القاعدة (كيف تعمل التعليمات)

a) We use the infinitive with/***without*** 'to' for positive instructions.
b) We use ***don't*** + the infinitive with/***without*** 'to' for negative instructions.

4 Listen to teacher telling a class how to use a Mini-Dictionary. Choose the correct answer.



استمع الى المعلم وهو يخبر الصف حول كيفية استعمال القاموس الصغير ثم اختر الاجابة الصحيحة

1- The word the boy doesn't understand is الكلمة التي لم يفهما الصبي هي

a) gold. الذهب b) golf لعبة الغولف . ***c) golfer.*** لاعب غولف

2- In the Mini-Dictionary, the word comes في القاموس المصغر الكلمة (المعنية) تاتي

a) after 'gold' بعد الذهب. b) after 'gone' بعد ذهب . c) before 'gold' قبل الذهب .

3- The word is نوع الكلمة هو

a) a verb فعل . b) an adjective صفة . ***c) a noun.*** اسم

4- The word means معنى الكلمة هو

a) someone who plays golf. لاعب غولف b) a sport. c) an English person.

5- Dictionaries can القواميس تستطيع ان

a) tell you where a word is. تخبرك اين تقع الكلمة
b) help you find the meaning of words. تساعدك لايجاد معاني الكلمات
c) explain the rules of golf. تفسر لك قواعد لعبة الغولف

5 Read about writing for homework and answer 'right' or 'wrong'.

1- It is a good idea to write notes before you begin a letter or text.(right)
2- Write a paragraph for each point in your notes. (right)
3- Use a Mini-Dictionary to help you spell words. (right)
4- Don't read your work when you have finished. (wrong)
5- Read it carefully and check the grammar and spelling. (right)



6 Read these adjectives and complete the table.

brilliantمتميز , amazingمدهش, badسيء , greatعظيم , beautifulجميل , terribleشنيع

Positive adjectives صفات ايجابية	Negative adjectives صفات سلبية
brilliant, amazing, great, beautiful	bad, terrible

7 Read the text about the National Museum of Iraq and answer the questions. اقرأ النص عن المتحف العراقي ثم اجب عن الاسئلة (راجع الكتاب صفحة ٧)

The National Museum of Iraq is located in the capital of Iraq عاصمة العراق, Baghdad.It was established تأسس in 1926 by the British traveller رحالة بريطاني and author مؤلف Gertrude Bell.It was originally known as the Baghdad Archaeological museum متحف بغداد للآثار. Because of the archaeological riches الثروات الاثرية of Mesopotamia بلاد وادي الرافدين, its collections مجموعة are amongst the most important in the world.It has a fine record سجل جيد of scholarship منح دراسية and display العرض. The Museum has been reopened by the Iraqi prime minister رئيس الوزراء العراقي Al-Maliki in 2009 after the return استعادة of most of the relics and the renovation ترميم of the various rooms.


Gertrude Bell





1- Note the three verbs in the first paragraph. What is common?
2- Write four words that have positive meaning in the second paragraph.

الحل :

ت	الجواب
1	is locatedيقع, was establishedتأسس, was known يعرف
2	richesغني , important مهم, fineرائع, renovation ترميم

D Your Holiday

1 Read the following. <u>Underline</u> the verbs in the past tense and answer the questions.

اقرأ القطعة التالية (في الكتاب صفحة ٨) ثم ضع خط تحت الافعال في الزمن الماضي ثم اجب عن الاسئلة التالية.

1- What level is he in now? 2- Did he have the same classroom last year?
3- Does he have the same teacher for English now? 4- What book did he finish?
5- What did he learn? 6- Where did he go in the summer?
7- Did he speak lots of English? 8-What questions does he ask?

الحل :

Past tense verbs: was, didn't have, had, finished, learned, wasn't, went, didn't speak, weren't, were , did,

ت	الجواب
1	He is in grade 9 now.
2	No, he didn't have the same classroom
3	Yes, he does
4	He finished Iraq Opportunities Second intermediate.
5	He learned lots of English
6	he went to the beach with his family in the summer.
7	No, he didn't.
8	He asks two questions: 1-What class were you in? 2-What did you do in the summer?

PAST SIMPLE NEGATIVES النفي في الماضي البسيط

2 Complete the sentences from the text with *didn't, wasn't* or *weren't*. اكمل الجمل من النص السابق بأستخدام الادوات التالية

I/He/She/It (1) ***<u>didn't</u>*** have the same classroom.
I/He/She/It (2) ***<u>wasn't</u>*** at home in the summer.
We/You/They (3) ***<u>didn't</u>*** speak any English.
We/You/They (4) ***<u>weren't</u>*** in my class last year.

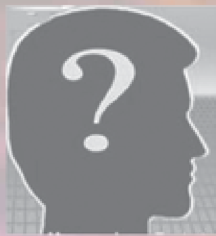
PAST SIMPLE QUESTIONS السؤال في الماضي البسيط

3 Complete these questions from the text. اكمل الاسئلة من النص السابق

Questions with *to be* — What class (1) ***<u>were</u>*** you in?
Questions with other verbs — What (2) ***<u>did</u>*** you ***<u>do</u>*** in the summer?

4 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Then ask and answer the questions with a partner.

اكمل الجمل بالافعال الموجودة داخل الاقواس ثم اسئل واجب الاسئلة مع زميل لك .



1- What class ***were*** (be) you in last year?
2- Who ***was*** (be) your teacher last year?
3- ***Did*** you ***have*** (**have**) the same classroom last year?
4- Where ***Did*** you ***go*** (go) in the summer?
5- ***Did*** you ***speak*** (**speak**) English in the holidays?

PLURALS الجمع

5 Complete the table with the correct plurals of these words.

country بلد, ticket تذكرة, passport جوازسفر, person شخص, beach الشاطئ, hobby هواية, bus باص, child طفل.

	الجواب
Regular Plural + -s	tickets, passports
Regular Plural + -es	beaches, buses
Regular Plural + -ies	countries, hobbies
Irregular Plural	people, children

7 Listen to a boy talking about his holidays and choose the correct



answer. استمع الى فتى يتحدث عن عطلته ثم اختر الاجوبة الصحيحة للاسئلة التالية

1- The boy went to الفتى ذهب الى

a) Jordanالاردن. ***b) Egypt***.مصر

2- He went with هو ذهب مع

a) his friends اصدقائه. ***b) his family***.عائلته

3- He went by هو ذهب بواسطة

a) trainالقطار. ***b) plane***طائرة.

4- He went هو ذهب لـ

a) sightseeing للتمتع بالمناظر. b) sailing.للابحار

5- His souvenir was تذكاره كان

a) a toy. لعبة b) a big bus. باص كبير

E Your Town

1 Answer the questions about your town or area.

أجب عن الأسئلة التالية الخاصة بمدينتك أو منطقتك.

1- ***How many schools are there?*** كم مدرسة موجودة.
There are fifty schools in my town. يوجد خمسون مدرسة في مدينتي

2- ***How much time do you need to get to your school from your home?***
I need twenty minutes. احتاج الى عشرون دقيقة

3- ***How much does it cost to go to the cinema?*** كم يكلف الذهاب الى السينما.
It costs 2000 dinars. تكلف الفين دينار

4- ***How many football teams are there?*** كم فريق كرة قدم موجود.
There five football teams. يوجد خمس فرق كرة قدم

COUNTABLES AND UNCOUNTABLES: المعدود والغير المعدود

how much, how many

2 Now complete the rules with countable and uncountable nouns:

الان اكمل القاعدة مع الاسماء المعدودة وغير المعدودة.

We use *how much* in front of ***uncountable*** nouns.
We use *how many* in front of ***countable*** nouns.
⇒ *Mini-Grammar in the Activity Book.* راجع ملخص القواعد في كتاب النشاط

3 Put these adverbs of frequency in the correct place on this diagram. ضع ظروف التكرار في موقعها الصحيح في هذا المخطط

always دائما , sometimes احيانا , usually غالبا , often عادة , never ابدا

⇒ *Mini-Grammar in the Activity Book.* راجع ملخص القواعد في كتاب النشاط

الحل :

الجواب				
0 →				100
never	sometimes	often	usually	always

4 Use the cues to make questions with *how much* or *how many*.

استخدم النماذج لعمل اسئلة بأستخدام ***how much*** او ***how many***.

Example: films/watch/every month

How many film do you watch every month?

1- people/go to work by bus/your town?
2- money/spend/travel to school?
3- football matches/go to/a year?
4- water/drink/every day?
5- time/spend/playing computer games?



الحل :

ت	الجواب
1	How many people go to work by bus in your town?
2	How much money do you spend on travel to school?
3	How many football matches do you go to in a year?
4	How much water do you drink every day?
5	How much time do you spend playing computer games?

6 Listen to a girl talking about a class survey and complete the sentences. استمع لفتاة تتكلم عن استطلاع صف ثم اكمل الجمل



My school is near the beach. There are (1) ***thirty*** people in my class and all the students go to the beach at the (2) ***weekend*** in summer. There is a cinema in our town and most of the student go to the cinema every one or two (3) ***weeks***. There is also a swimming pool but it is expensive and students only go there once or twice a (4) ***year*** . My house is near a very big (5) ***mountain*** . I want to be the first student in my class to climb it, but it is very dangerous!

7 Read the class survey and complete the sentences with an of adverb of frequency. استمع لفتاة تتكلم عن استطلاع صف ثم اكمل الجمل مع احد ظروف التكرار

Example 1 = *always*

1- The students ……… go to the beach at the weekend in summer.

2- Some students ***often*** go to the cinema.

3- Students ***Sometimes*** go to the swimming pool, but it is expensive.

4- Students ***never*** go to the top of the mountain because it is dangerous.

F Check your English

3 Listen to a man talking to a footballer. Are these sentences true (T) or (F)?





Tapes script الشريط الصوتي

Interviewer: What is your favorite weather for playing football. Al?

Ali: I love the spring.

Interviewer: So do I, it is sunny and warm. It is never too hot. Is that good for football?

Ali: Yes, I play badly when it is very hot. I don't like the summer

Interviewer: Nether do, Ali. Do you like the winter?

Ali: Well, last year my team played beautifully in the winter. We won live games and lost only one. But I don't like the winter I am at hotel

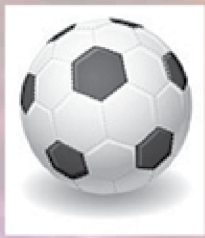
Interviewer: Nether do I. it's too cold. I like chargeable weather. When is your next game?

Ali: it is on Sunday. It is our last game. I hope we can end the year successfully.

Interviewer: So do !! Good luck. What are you doing after the game?

Ali: I want to go back home and relax with my family

1- Ali like the spring. (***True***)
2- The interviewer likes the spring. (***True***)
3- Ali plays well when it is very hot. (***False (he plays badly***))
4- The interviewer likes the summer. (***False (he doesn't like the summer***))
5- Ali's team played beautifully last summer.
(***False (they played beautifully last winter***))
6- Ali like winter, but only for playing football. (***True***)
7- Ali's last game is on Sunday. (***True***)
8- Ali wants to go back home before his last game.
(***False (he wants to go back home after his last game***))



4 Look at these sentences from the listening exercise and answer the questions. انظر الى هذه الجمل من التمرين الصوتي ثم اجب عن هذه الاسئلة

Ali: I love the spring. Interviewer: So do I.
Ali: I don't like the summer. Interviewer: Neither do I.
1- Do Ali and the interviewer agree? **Yes, they do**.
2- What expression does the interviewer use first? ***So do I***.
3- Does he use the same expression when Ali says *don't?* **No, it is** ***Neither do I***.

6 Ali said *My team played beautifully in the winter.* Match the adjectives (words that describe things) and adverbs (words that describe verbs). طابق الظروف مع الصفات

الحل :

ت	الجواب
2- bad سيء	badly بسوء
3- good جيد	well حسنا
4- happy سعيد	happily بسعادة
5- beautiful جميل	beautifully بجمال
6- successful ناجح	successfully بنجاح
7- easy سهل	easily بسهولة

7 Complete the rules for regular adverbs. اكمل القاعدة مع احد الظروف الغير شاذة

1- We add the letters ***ly*** to adjectives to make then adverbs.
2- When an adjective ends in -y the adverb ends in ***lly*** .
well is an *irregular* adverb ظرف شاذ





Unit One

1 On Holiday في عطلة

1 Listen and repeat the key Words. استمع واعد الكلمات الرئيسية

KEY WORDS: Holidays العطل

عطلات المغامرة صعود الجبال

Kinds of holiday: adventure holiday (e.g. trekking in the mountains), relaxing on the beach الاسترخاء على الشاطئ, safari جولة في البراري, sightseeing مشاهدة المناظر الطبيعية

Places to stay: beach apartment, bed and breakfast (B & B), campsite, caravan park, hostel, hotel.

الحل :



ت	الجواب
A	beach holiday
B	sightseeing
C	adventure holiday / trekking



2 Listen to the people. Where are they? استمع الى الناس . اين هم ؟

a) visiting a palace.
b) on the beach.
c) sightseeing in an old city.
d) staying in a beach apartment.

Tape script الشريط الصوتي

1 *b) on the beach.*

Man 1: So do you want a game of tennis, then?
Man 2: Mm?
Man 1: Tennis. Do you want to play?
Man 2: Tennis? No, I'm happy here in the sun.
Man 1: Mm. Me too.

2 *a) visiting a palace.*

Woman: … Now let me tell you about this room here. This was the queen's library. Queen Elizabeth lived here for ten years, when she was a young woman. Here you can see the queen's favourite books. This is a picture of the queen when she was twenty-one. You can see that she had …

3 *d) staying in a beach apartment.*

Woman 1: Ok. let's have a look. On there's everything we need here.
Woman 2: The bedroom is nice and clean, too. Great! You can see the beach from the window.
Woman 1: Yes, it's great. Remember last year. The food was terrible and outside window of the hotel there was a factory And there wasn't …

4 *c) sightseeing in an old city.*

Man: Move a bit to the left. Stand in front of the cathedral. Yes, that's fine. Hold it. smile Good Right, now let's go to the castle

1 A Fantastic Time وقت رائع

1 Match the verbs (1-5) with the other words (a-e).

طابق الافعال من (5-1) مع الكلمات الاخرى من (a-e)

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1- have	d) a good time	4- play	e) volleyball
2- enjoy	a) your holiday	5- eat	c) lunch in restaurants
3- write	b) postcards		

Tell the class about *your* holidays. اخبر الصف عن عطلتك

Example : *I usually have a good time. I don't write postcards*

3 Read and listen to the phone conversation. Find five differences.

اقرأ واستمع الى المحاورة التلفونية . جد خمسة اختلافات (راجع الكتاب صفحة ١٢)

الحل :

ت	الجواب
1	cloudy (**not sunny**)
2	writing letters (**not postcards**)
3	Canadian (**not French**)
4	tennis (**not volleyball**)
5	sisters' exams (**not brothers**)

4 Complete the table with: *am ('m), is ('s), are ('re), am not ('m not), is not (isn't), are not (aren't)*....... اكمل الجدول مع

Present Continuous			
Affirmative	**Negative**	**Question**	**Short Answers**
I ***am*** having lunch.	I ***am not*** working at the moment.	***Am*** I having a good time?	Yes, I ***am***. No, I ***am not*** .
He/She ***is*** writing postcards It***'s*** raining.	He/She ***is not*** relaxing	***is*** he/she writing letters? ***is*** it raining?	Yes, he/she ***is*** . No, he/she ***isn't***. Yes, it ***is*** . No, it***'s not*** .
You/We/They ***are*** swimming	You/we/They ***aren't*** studying?	***Are*** you/we/They swimming?	Yes,you/we/they ***are*** . No, you/we/they ***are not***.

5 Read these sentences in the dialogue. اقرأ الجمل في المحاورة

I'm having lunch. *They're playing volleyball.*

Complete the rule with *now* or *always*. .....اكمل القاعدة الان مع

We use the Present Continuous to talk about things happening ***now*** .

6 Find other expressions in the dialogue that mean *now* .

⇒ ***Grammar Summary 1, page 73..*** جد التعابير الاخرى في المحاورة والتي تعني الان

الحل :

at the moment	Right now

7 Contractions. Listen and repeat the sentences . استمع وكرر الجمل

Example: *He's swimming at the moment.*

ت	الشريط الصوتي
1	I'm not working. انا لا اعمل الان
2	She's playing tennis. انها تلعب التنس
3	They aren't swimming. هم لايسبحون الان
4	They're playing games in the hotel. هم يلعبون في الفندق
5	We're having a good time. نحن نستمتع بوقت جميل

8 Write sentences in the Present Continuous: اكتب الجمل في صيغة المضارع المستمر

affirmative مثبت (!), negative نفي (×) or questions استفهام (?) .

1- We (**learn**) English. (!) ***We're learning English.***

2- You (**think**) about grammar. (?) ***Are you thinking about grammar?***

3- I (**eat**). (×) ***I'm not eating.***

4- Your parents (**work**) now. (?) ***Are your parents working now?***

5- The baby (**sleep**). (!) ***The baby's sleeping.***

6- Our teacher (**listen**) to the radio.(×) ***Our teacher isn't listening to the radio.***

7- My friends (**do**) an exercise. (!) ***My friends are doing an exercise.***

9 Listen to the question and give true answers. استمع الى السؤال واعطي الجواب الحقيقي

Example : 1- *Are you learning English? Yes, I am.*

Tape script	الشريط الصوتي
1	Are you learning English? هل انت تتعلم اللغة الانكليزية ؟
2	Is the teacher speaking French? هل المعلم يتحدث اللغة الفرنسية ؟
3	Are you sitting in the classroom? هل انت جالس في الصف ؟
4	Are your friends running? هل هرب اصدقائك ؟
5	Is the student next to you sleeping? هل الطالب الجالس بقربك نائم ؟
6	Is the teacher standing? هل المعلم واقف ؟
7	Are you standing? هل انت واقف ؟
8	Is the teacher writing on the blackboard? هل المعلم يكتب على الصبورة ؟
9	Are your friends listening to the cassette? هل يستمع اصدقائك الى الكاسيت ؟
10	Are you reading the book? هل انت تقرأ الكتاب ؟

2 A Horrible Holiday! عطلة مخيفة

Before you start

1 Find the opposites of these adjective in the Key words.

cheap X expensive, friendly X unfriendly, quiet X noisy, clean X dirty

KEY WORDS: Negative adjectives
awful شنيع, dirty وسخ, disgusting مقرف, expensive غالي, horrible مريع noisy صاخب, terrible رهيب, unfriendly غير ودود

Use the Key Words to write not about a *bad* holiday(real or imaginary).

استعمل الكلمات الرئيسية السابقة لتكتب عن اجازة سيئة (حقيقية او تخيلية).

2 Read the Reading Strategies box.

READING STRATEGIES: When to use your Mini-Dictionary

- when you read, do not look up all the new words in the text.
- Try to guess the meaning of important new words.
- When it is impossible to guess, use your Mini-Dictionary.

Use the Reading Strategies when you read the letter.

Which of the things in the pictures did *not* happen to Aziz?

Answers: الحل
Nobody stole his wallet.

3 Choose the correct meaning for these words.

1- *crowded* a) not clean ***b) with a lot of people*** c) small
2- *freezing* a) very windy b) very rainy ***c) very cold***
3- *cockroach* a) a noisy animal ***b) am insect*** c) a big animal
4- *rude* ***a) not polite*** b) friendly c) shy
5- *snail* a) a big animal ***b) a small animal with no legs*** c) a small insect

4 Choose the correct words in these sentences.اختر الكلمات الصحيحة في هذه الجمل

1- I can't (**sea/*see***) the (***sea*/see**) from my room.
2- (***Their*/There**) room is over (***their*/there**).
3- I can (***hear*/here**) them talking from (**hear/*here***).
4- Go (**buy/*by***) taxi to the shopping centre to (***buy*/by**) souvenirs.
5- Can you (**right/*write***) your name and address on the (***right*/write**) of the form?

5 Listen and complete the Function file with these words.

استمع واكمل الملف مع هذه الكلمات

nights ليالي , help يساعد , key مفتاح , long طويل , much كثير ,
form استمارة , pounds جنيه استرليني , room غرفة

Function File	**In a Hotel Reception**
	A: Good morning, can I (1) ***help*** you?
	B: Yes, I'd like a (2) ***room*** , please.
	A: Single or double?
	B: Single, please. With a bathroom. How (3) ***much*** Is it?
	A: Thirty-six (4) ***pounds*** per night. Breakfast is extra. How (5) ***long*** ……… do you want the room for?
	B: Two (6) ***nights*** ………. , please
	A: Can you complete this (7) ***form*** , please? That's fine, thank you. Here is your (8) ***key*** room number 205.
	B: Thank you.

8 Listen and complete the Function File. **استمع واكمل الملف مع هذه الكلمات**

Use the map and these prepositions to help you **استعمل الخريطة وهذه الظروف لمساعدتك**

through, no, next to, down





Function File	**Asking For and Giving Directions**
	Man: Excuse me. Where is the swimming pool?
	Receptionist: Go (1) ***down*** this corridor and turn left. Go (2) ***through*** the garden and it's (3) ***on*** The right. It's (4) ***next to*** the car park.
	Man: Thanks.

Communication Workshop حلقة التواصل

Writing : A Holiday Postcard كتابة بطاقة بريدية

٢- كيفية كتابة الرسالة الشخصية (مهمة في الامتحانات)

١- كتابة عنوان المرسل :عدا اسمه مع التاريخ في أعلى الجهة اليمنى ويأتي هذا العنوان في السطر الأول من السؤال الامتحاني بعد جملة You live at ،ويكون العنوان مرتب بوجود الفوارز حيث يكتب تنازليا أما كلمة العراق فتكتب إذا كانت الرسالة خارجية وتعرف من العنوان الثاني أي عنوان الصديق المرسل له الرسالة ويحتوي العنوان على ما يلي :

أ/ أسم الشارع ورقمه street ب/ المحلة quarter او الساحة square

جـ/ اسم المدينة city د – اسم القطر أو الدولة country

هـ – التاريخ: ويحوي اليوم والشهر والسنة وهو اساسا موجود في السؤال الامتحاني .

٢- التحية: في جهة اليسار وتبدأ بـ اسم الصديق+ عزيزي Dear

٣- النص: ويبدأ بترك فراغ مناسب مبدوءاً بجملة I would like to

٤- الخاتمة see you soon : وتكتب في منتصف السطر الأخير .

٥- اسم المرسل: ويكتب أسم المرسل في نهاية الرسالة بعد جملة الخاتمة السابقة او على الجانب الأيمن ويؤخذ هذا الاسم من أول جملة في السؤال.

Your name is ---------- .

٦- ظرف الرسالة(Envelope): ويؤخذ من العنوان الثاني الموجود في السؤال الامتحاني مبدوءا بأسم الصديق ثم عنوانه المرتب ترتيب تنازلي في السؤال الامتحاني .

1-Your name is Zaid Ali . You live at 14/10/ 410 Tunis Quarter , Baghdad , Iraq .On the 8th of June , 2008 . You write a letter to your friend Mohammad Najeeb who lives at 74 George square , Glasgoow, Scotland U.K . Thank him for the useful books he has sent you . Your letter must contain the following:

2- You will send him some books about the Iraqi literature next month .

3- You are going to get the prize of writing short stories from a local magazine .

(Show what you write on the envelope of your letter)

الجواب

14/10/ 410 Al Dowra Quarter,
Baghdad,
Iraq.
On the 8th of June , 2008.

Dear Mohammad Najeeb,

I would like to thank you for the useful books you have sent me .
I will send you some books about the Iraqi literature next month .
I going to get the prize of writing short stories from a local magazine

Best wishes.

Yours,
Zaid Ali .

Mahammad Najeeb, **Stamp**
74 George Square,
Glasgow ,
Scotland,
U.K

Before you start قبل ان تبدأ

Linking. Look at the linking words underlined in these sentences.

The campsite has got tennis courts and a swimming pool. It's also got a restaurant and a café. It's got a supermarket too!

Read the postcard.complete it with ***and*** ,***too*** or ***also***.

انظر الى البطاقة البريدية . (راجع الكتاب صفحة ١٦) ثم اكملها مع احد هذه الادوات ***and*** ,***too*** or ***also***

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	and	4	and
2	too	5	too
3	also	6	too

Speaking: A Phone Call مكالمة هاتفية



2 Now listen to the full conversation and check your answers.(page16)



الان استمع الى محاورة كاملة ودقق اجابتك معها .

ت	الجواب
1	hot
2	having dinner
3	in a hotel near the beach
4	Rob and the girls
5	They're having dinner in the hotel restaurant listing in the hotel garden.

Imagine you are on your holiday. Have a phone conversation with a friend. Follow the stages below. تخيل انك في اجازة . قم بمحاورة احد اصدقائك هاتفيا . واتبع المراحل ادناه

Stage 1: انظر الى البطاقة البريدية . ثم فكر باجوبة الاسئلة في التمرين الاول

Stage 2: اعمل مع زميل لك. زميلك لا يعرف انك في اجازة واتصل بك بالموبايل اسئل واجب عن الاسئلة ثم غير الادوار مع زميلك

Stage 3 : اي اجازة تفضل اجازتك ام اجازة شريكك ؟



Unit Two

2 Cultures الثقافات



Warm-up

1 Which of the countries are the objects in the pictures from?

الى اي من الدول التالية تعود صور هذه الاشياء.

KEY WORDS: Countries
Argentina الارجنتين, Australia استراليا, Brazil البرازيل, Britain بريطانيا, Canada كندا, Egypt مصر, Finland فنلندا, France فرنسا, Holland هولندا, Hungary هنغاريا, India الهند, Japan اليابان, Kenya كينيا, Romania رومانيا, Russia روسيا, Thailand تايلند, Ukraine اوكرانيا

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
A	Britain	C	Thailand	E	Egypt
B	Japan	D	India	F	France
G	Kenya				

2 Make adjectives from the Key Words in Exercise 1.

اعمل الصفات من الكلمات الرئيسية للوحدة .

Example : *Australian*

Which have these endings?

1 *-(ia) n* 2 *-ish* 3 *-ese* 4 *other*

Listen and repeat the words. استمع واعد قراءة الكلمات



الحل :

Argentina	→	Argentinean	Thailand	→	Thai
Canada	→	Canadian	Finland	→	Finnish
Hungary	→	Hungarian	Japan	→	Japanese
Russia	→	Russian	Ukraine	→	Ukrainian
Australia	→	Australian	Brazil	→	Brazilian
Egypt	→	Egyptian	France	→	French
India	→	Indian	Kenya	→	Kenyan
Britain	→	British	Holland	→	Dutch
Romania	→	Romanian			

3 Changing Lifestyles تغيير نمط الحياة

KEY WORDS:

caribou	الأيل	fox	ثعلب	whale	حوت
penguin	بطريق	Polar bear	دب قطبي	wolf	ذئب
seal	فقمة	walrus	فرس البحر	snowmobile	زلاقة الجليد الالية
Inuit	شعب الاسكيمو الذي يعيش شمال كندا ، لغة شعب الاسكيمو				

2 Read the text quickly and check your answers to Exercise 1.(page 18)

اقرأ النص بسرعة وقارن اجوبتك بالتمرين الاول.



الحل : caribou walrus whale

3 Read the text again. Are these statement true (T) or false (F)?

اقرأ النص ثانية . ثم اكتب هل الجمل التالية صحيحة ام خاطئة ؟

1- Inuits live in the south of Canada.
2- Adult Inuits keep some of their old traditions.
3- Inuit teenagers like Western culture.
4- The teenagers speak English and the Inuit language.
5- Inuit lifestyles are changing.



الحل :





ت	الجواب
1	**F (they live in the north of Canada)**
2	**T**
3	**T**
4	**F (they don't speak the Inuit language)**
5	**T**





5 Write the names of tenses (Present Simple and Present Continuous) in the correct columns.

I usually **cook** caribou meat with spices. He **works** in a bank. They **don't know** how to hunt whales.	The men **are hunting**. At the moment he **is cutting up** meat. Teenagers **are watching** the sun go down.

الحل :

Left columns Present Simple	Right columns Present Continuous

6 Find two more examples of each tense in the text.. جد مثالان اخران لكل زمن من النص

الحل :

Possible answers

Present Simple: Jimmy now works in the museum.
Hunting is like shopping for us.
He is also a representative in the Inuit government.
He often drives snowmobile out of Iqaluit and shoots a caribou.
They can't speak the Inuit language.
They don't know how to hunt whales.

Present Continuous: Jimmy Elkho is standing next to large stone walrus.
He is talking to me about the changes in the last few years.

7 Read the text again. Answer these questions about Hunter Tootoo and Jimmy Elkho. اقرأ النص ثانية ثم اجب عن هذه الاسئلة عن الصياد توتو و جيمي الكو

1- What does he do? 2- What is he doing at the moment?

الحل :

ت	الجواب
1	Hunter Tootoo works in a bank.
2	He is cutting up meat.
1	Jimmy Elkho works in the Iqaluit's Museum of Inuit History.
2	He is standing next to a large stone walrus in Iqaluit museum.

8 Which sentences is correct in each context?

1- a police officer talking about his job:
a) I catch criminals. b) *I'm catching criminals.*

2- a boy talking about his hobby:
a) I take photos of trees. b) *I'm taking a photo of a tree.*

3- a student reading a magazine:
a) *I don't do my homework.* ***b) I'm not doing my homework.***

9 Read an interview with an Inuit woman. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct tense – Present Simple or Present Continuous.

A: What do you eat

B: We (1) ***eat*** (**eat**) a lot of meat. We (2) ***don't eat*** (**not eat**) a lot of fruit and vegetables. My father (3) ***is cutting up*** (**cut up**) caribou meat at the moment in the kitchen

A: What (4) ***do you usually do*** (**you usually do**) at the weekend?

B: Well, we (5) ***go*** (**go**) to visit our families and the men (6) ***hunt*** (**hunt**) animals.

A: Where is your husband? What (7) ***is he doing*** (**he do**) at the moment?
B: I think he (8) ***is working*** (**work**) at the office. No, today he (9) ***is meeting*** (**meet**) an important person in the government.
A: Well, thank you for the interview.
B: Not at all. Oh no, it (10) ***is snowing*** (**snow**) again! It always (11) ***snows*** (**snow**) at this time of year.

10 Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions about the people in the picture.



اعمل مع زميل لك . اسئل وأجب عن الاسئلة حول الاشخاص في الصورة

1- What does he/she do?
2- What is he/she doing?

Example : *The student **goes** to school. he **is playing** football.*

الحل :

Suggested answers: الاجوبة المقترحة

cook: He cooks food. He is talking on his mobile phone.
doctor: He cares for patents. He is using his computer.
hunter: He hunts animals. He is listening to his personal stereo.
nurse: She cares for patients. She is eating a sandwich.
bus driver: He drives a bus. He is reading a newspaper.

12 Complete the sentences with these prepositions.

at (x3 ثلاث مرات), from (x2 مرتان), in (x2), on (x2), to (x2)

اكمل الجمل مع هذه الظروف ، (لاحظ ان لكل ظرف عدد مرات محدد للاستعمال (مرتان ، ثلاث مرات)

1- There is snow in Iqaluit ………. August ……… May. The summer Is ………. June.
2- He works in a bank ……… Sunday ………. Thursday. He goes hunting ………. the weekend.
3- I go to my friend's home ……… Saturday morning. ……… the afternoon, I visit my family.
4- She is working ………. The moment. She always finishes work …….. six o'clock.

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	from / to / in	3	on / in
2	from / to / at	4	at / at



4 Britain Today بريطانيا اليوم

Reading

2 Read the website. Find out which things in the pictures:

اقرأ صورة موقع الانترنيت (صفحة ٢٠) وانظر ماذا تعني صور الاشياء الموجودة به

a) bring good luck. جلب الحظ السعيد b) bring bad luck. جلب الحظ السيء

c) stop bad luck. ايقاف الحظ السيء

Answers : الحل

Good luck: a black cat قط اسود , a rabbit's foot قدم ارنب

Bad luck: the number 13 الرقم ١٣ , a broken mirror مرآة مكسورة , spilling salt سكب الملح

Stop bad luck: touching wood لمس الخشب,
throwing salt over your left shoulder رش الملح على الكتف الايسر .

4 Read the Listening Strategies box. اقرأ نصائح (خطط) الاستماع

Listening Strategies:

Listening for specific information استمع الى المعلومات المحددة

- Before you listen, read the questions. Try to guess the correct answers. قبل ان تستمع . اقرأ السؤال ، حاول ان تحزر الحل الصحيح
- Check that you understand important words. Use your Mini-Dictionary.. اختبر فهمك للكلمات المهمة ، استعمل القاموس الصغير.
- Check the pronunciation of words with your teacher. اختبر تلفظك للكلمات مع استاذك .
- When you listen, don't worry if you don't understand every word. عندما تستمع لا تقلق اذا لم تفهم كل الكلمات
- Write down or underline important words you hear. اكتب او ضع خط تحت الكلمات المهمة التي تسمعها .

Use the Listen Strategies to listen to the lesson. Choose the correct information from the Great Britain Fact file.(page 21)

استعمل خطط الاصغاء للاصغاء للدرس . اختر المعلومات الصحيحة من جدول حقائق بريطانيا العظمى.

What is the area, population and symbol (s) of your country?

ماهي مساحة وعدد سكان ورمز بلدك ؟

الحل :

Tape script

Teacher: Right, this morning I want to look at important information about Britain. Take out your notebooks. I want you to take notes about Britain .

Ok. The United Kingdom is made up of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. The island of Great Britain has a total area of just over two hundred and ten thousand square kilometers. That's not very big. Iraq is over four hundred and thirty-eight thousand square kilometers and France is over six hundred and seventy-four thousand square kilometers

The population of the United kingdom is about 65 million people. Over eight per cent of the population live in England.

Ok. Now the symbols of Great Britain. A lot of countries have symbols.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	a	4	b
2	b	5	a
3	b	6	b

5 Listen to the dialogue in a café. استمع الى المحاورة في المقهى

Complete the Function File with these expressions. اكمل المحاورة مع التعابير التالية

I'd like, please, could I have, thank you, excuse me, I'm sorry, I'm afraid

الحل :

Tape script

Customer 1: (1) ***Excuse me***?

Waiter: Yes, sir?

Customer 1: (2) ***Could I have*** a menu. please?

Waiter: Of course, here you are, sir

Customer 1: (3)***Thank you***.

Customer 2: (4)***I'd like*** some tomato soup, please.

Waiter: (5)***I'm sorry***, madam. (6) ***I'm afraid*** we haven't got any today. We're got mushroom or chicken soup.

Customer 2: Right. For me. chicken soup. please.

Customer 1: And I'd like a salad, (7)***please***.

Waiter: OK. And what would you like to drink?

Customer 2: A mineral water, please?

Customer 1: Mineral water for me, too, please.

6 Look at the complete dialogue and answer these questions.

انظر للمحاورة الكاملة ثم اجب عن الاسئلة التالية

1- Which words do we use اي الكلمات نستخدم

a) to thank somebody? لكي نشكر احد ما   b) to apologise? للاعتذار

c) to ask for something? لكي نسأل عن شيء ما   d) to get attention? لجذب الانتباه

2- Who uses the words *sir* and *madam* ? من يستخدم الكلمات سيد و سيدة

a) the customer الزبون   b) the waiter النادل

ت	الجواب	الجواب
1	a) 'thank you' b) I'm sorry'. 'I'm afraid'	c) 'Could I have … please'. 'I'd like … please' d) 'Excuse me'
2	b	

Communication Workshop

2 Find the names of these things in the menu. جد اسماء هذه الاشياء في قائمة الطعام

a) the third course.   b) a traditional Scottish dish.

c) a traditional English dish.   d) an English cheese.





الحل :

ت	الجواب
a	dessert
b	Scotch broth
c	Steak and kidney pie/Roast beef and Yorkshire Pudding
d	Cheddar/Stilton



Review

Grammar

1 Choose the correct verb in each sentences. اختر الفعل الصحيح في كل جملة

1- English people usually ***eat***/*are eating* dinner quite early.

2- Mm, that smells good! What *do you eat / do you eating* ? (***are you eating***)

3- I often ***wear***/*am wearing* jeans and a T-shirt at the weekends.

4- That's a lovely you *wear*/***are wearing***.

5- Oh, no – it *rains*/***is raining*** again!

6- It often ***rains***/*is raining* a lot in England.

7- Look. What *does she make*/***is she making*** ?

8- She ***makes***/*is making* ivory sculptures to make some money.

2 Complete the e-mail with the verbs in the correct tense – Present Simple or Present Continuous.

اكمل الرسالة الالكترونية مع الافعال في الزمن الصحيح اما المضارع البسيط او المضارع المستمر

Dear Reem,
I (1) ***am writing*** (**write**) to tell you about my visit to London. I (**2**) ***am staying*** (**stay**) with my penfriend's family. Every day, I (**3**) ***go*** (**go**) out with Sue. we usually (**4**) ***visit*** (**visit**) a tourist attraction in the morning and then in the afternoon we (**s**) (**meet**) her and then in the afternoon we (**5**) ***meet*** (**meet**) her friends. we sometimes (**6**) ***go*** (**go**) shopping. It's Sunday morning. Sue's dad (7) ***is cleaning*** (**clean**) the car and her mum(8) ***is preparing*** (**prepare**) Sunday lunch. Sue (9) ***is listening*** (**listen**) to the radio. Oh, my mobile phone (10) ***is ringing*** (**ring**). Bye!
Selma

3 Underline the correct word in each sentences. ضع خط تحت الكلمة الصحيحة في كل جملة

1- Our ***son***/*sun* is swimming the ***sea***/*see*.
2- *There*/***Their*** children are swimming ***too***/*two*.
3- ***Right***/*Write* now I'm sitting *buy*/***by*** the pool.
4- We sometimes *meat*/***meet*** *hour*/***out*** friend on Friday afternoons.
5- I can ***hear***/*here* the waves from *hear*/***here***.

4 Make adjectives from these nouns. اعمل صفات من هذه الاسماء

Put the adjectives in groups. Copy and complete the table.

Nationalities الجنسيات	**Negative adjectives** صفات سلبية	**Positive adjectives** صفات ايجابية
Argentinian	crowded	beautiful

الحل :

Nationalities	French, Dutch, Iraqi, Italian, Portuguese
Negative adjectives	dirty وسخ, disgusting مقرف, expensive غالي, noisy كثير الضوضاء
Positive adjectives	brilliant عبقري, comfortable مريح, friendly صديق, important مهم, lucky محظوظ

6 Answer these questions using these prepositions.

at, in, on, from, to اجب عن هذه الاسئلة مستعملا احد هذه الظروف

1- When is your birthday? *My birthday is on 21st March.*
2- When is your school's summer holiday? *It is **in** December*
3- When do you go shopping? *I go shopping **on** Sunday.*
4- At what time you arrive at school? *I arrive **at** school at eight o'clock.*
5- What hours do your parents work?
*They work from 7 o'clock **to** 3 o'clock.*

7 Listen to these sounds. استمع الى هذه الاصوات

A: swimming /ŋ/ B: garden /g/

Listen to the words. Which sound do you hear?

استمع الى هذه الكلمات اي من الاصوات اعلاه تجده فيها

Example 1 = *B*

Listen to the words again and write them down. استمع الى الكلمات مرة اخرى واكتبها

الحل :

Tape script 

1	magazine مجلة	5	dog كلب
2	sightseeing التمتع بالمناظر	6	art gallery معرض لوحات
3	talking تحدث	7	having لديه
4	long طويل	8	single (مفرد) عازب

Group A:	2 3 4 7 8
Group B:	1 5 6 8

8 Listen to these sounds. استمع الى هذه الاصوات

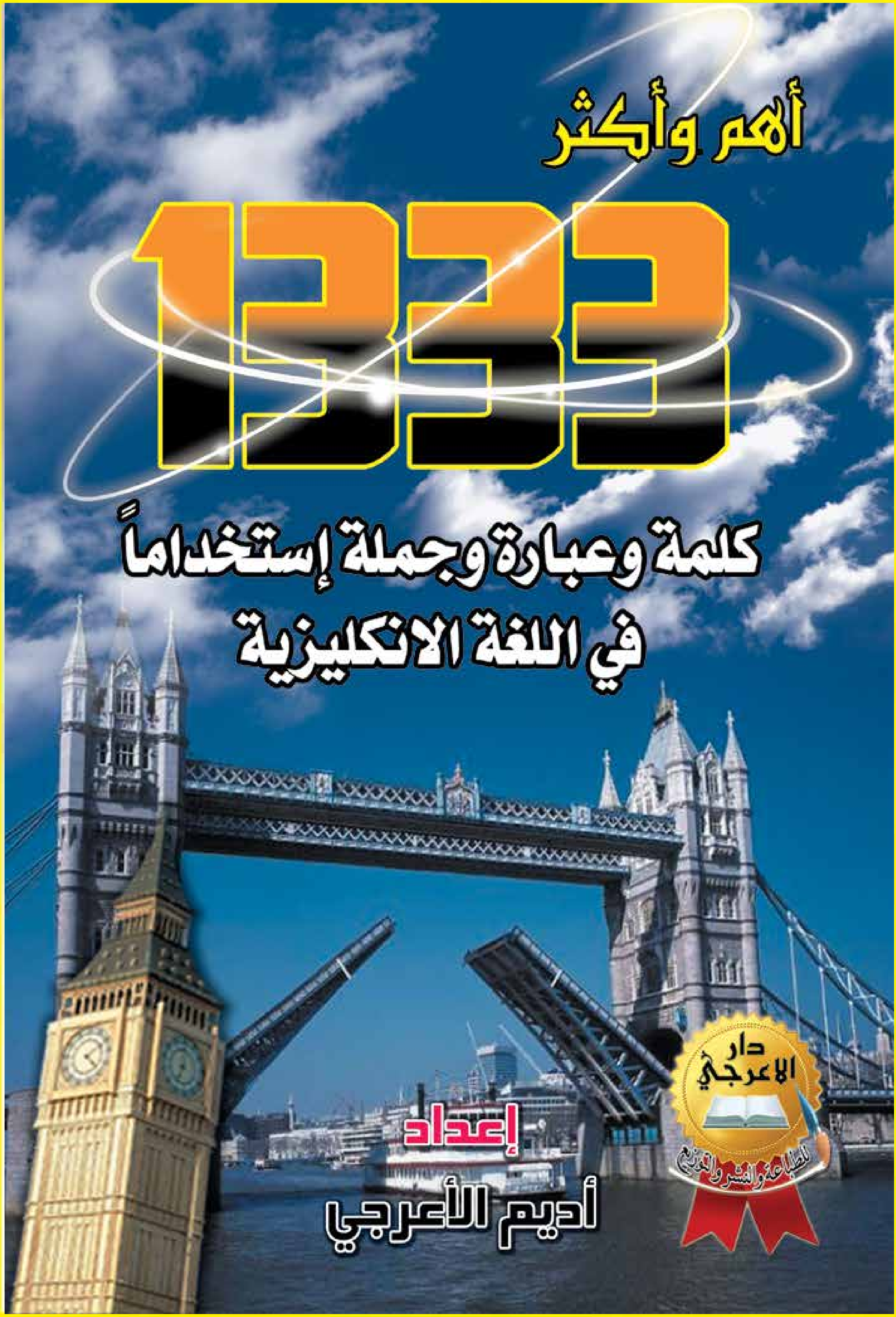
Group 1: /əʊ/ go, know
Group 2: / ɒ / got, hot
Group 3: / ɔː / saw, bought

Put these words into the correct group. ضع هذه الكلمات في المجموعة الصحيحة

your, long, tall, home, all, sorry, shop, snow, job, August, on, more, coffee, cold, short, small, daughter, sofa, watch, not

الحل :

Group 1/ əʊ/	home, snow, on, cold, sofa
Group 2 / ɒ /	long, sorry, shop, job, coffee, watch, not
Group 3 /ɔː/	your, tall, all, August, more, short, small, daughter


أهم وأكثر
1333
كلمة وعبارة وجملة إستخداماً
في اللغة الانكليزية
إعداد
أديم الأعرجي
دار
الأعرجي
للطباعة والنشر والتوزيع

Language Problem – Solving 1

INDEFINITE PRONOUNS

1 Read the dialogue and answer the questions. اقرأ المحاورة ثم اجب عن الاسئلة (ص ٢٤)

1 Which words in red: اي الكلمات ملونة باللون الاحمر

a) are negative?
b) are used in questions and negative sentences?
c) are used in affirmative sentences?

2 Do we use a singular or plural verb with these words?

3 Do we use a singular or plural verb with everyone? Translate everyone into your language.

ت	الجواب
1	**a) no one, nothing** **b) anyone, anything, anywhere** **c) everyone, something, no one, someone, somewhere, everything, nothing**
2	**singular**
3	**singular**

2 Complete the sentences with indefinite pronouns, such as someone, everyone, nothing, etc.

1- I'll make spaghetti for dinner- ***everyone*** likes it.
2- The lesson was really boring - ***no one*** listened to the teacher.
3- Can I get you ***something/anything*** to drink?
4- Do you know ***anyone*** in Britain?
5- There was ***nothing*** Interesting at the exhibition so we left quickly.
6- Where is my jacket? I can't find it ***anywhere*** .
7- The dinner was a success - ***everything*** was delicious.
8- I have to put on my glasses. I can't see ***anything*** .
9- You can see tourists ***everywhere*** in Arbil.
10- This isn't my umbrella. ***Someone*** left it here.
11- I'll put the flowers ***somewhere*** in the sitting room.

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb make or do.

اكمل الجمل مع الصيغة الصحيحة للفعل make او do

I (1) ***do*** a lot of the cooking in our house. Last night, I (2) ***made*** dinner for the whole family. I think I'll probably (3) ***do*** That again tonight, if I've got nothing better to (4) ***do*** . When I cook, I (5) ***do*** the shopping for the food and my sister usually (6) ***does*** the washing – up after dinner. When she cooks, she always (7) ***makes*** a terrible mess in the kitchen – she tries to (8) ***make*** phone calls or (9) ***do*** her homework while she's (10) ***making*** a meal! She also (11) ***makes*** so much noise in the kitchen that I (12) ***do*** my best to stay in my bedroom till dinner-time.

TEST 1 Use of English الاختبار الاول – استعمال اللغة الانكليزية

A Write sentences in the Present Continuous: affirmative (+), negative (-) or a question (?).

0- You (**listen**) to me. **(?)**
Are you listening to me?

1- Mahmood (**play**) chess. (+)
Mahmood **is playing** chess **.**

2- I (**think**) about m mother. **(-)**
I'm not thinking about m mother **.**

3- She (**talk**) about our school. **(?)**
is she talking about our school **?**

4- You (**study**) mathematics. **(-)**
You aren't studying mathematics **.**

5- We (**go**) to Babylon. **(+)**
We **are going** to Babylon**.**

6- They (**work**) in the garden. **(?)**
Are they working in the garden?**.**

B Match the adjectives (0 – 5) with their opposites (a – e). (5 points)

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1- cheap	d- expensive	4- clean	f- dirty
2- friendly	e- un friendly	5- brilliant	a- terrible
3- quiet	b- noisy		

C Complete the sentences with *and, also* or *too.* (3 points)

I'm on holiday. I'm having a brilliant time. I go diving (**1**) ***and*** sailing every day. We (**2**) ***also*** go swimming off the boat. It's very relaxing, (**3**) ***too*** .

D Circle the correct words in each sentences. (5 points)

ضع دائرة حول الاختيار الصحيح

0- *Their/ There* children are very polite.
1- What can you *sea/**see*** from your room?
2- Can you ***hear**/here* what I am saying?
3- Do you often ***buy**/by* books for your friends?
4- My room is over ***there**/their.*
5- Please *right/**write*** me a postcard.

E Complete the sentences with the correct words. You can see the first letter of each word. (5 points)

اكمل الجمل مع الكلمات الصحيحة . انت تستطيع ان ترى الحرف الاول من كل كلمة .

0- We stayed in a bed and b***reakfast*** .
1- I like holiday at the seaside the most. I love relaxing on the b***each*** and sunbathing.
2- The weather was a***wful*** ! It rained all the time.
3- My mum loves s***hopping*** . When we go on holiday together, we Always visit a lot of interesting places and museums.
4- The food in the hotel is terrible. Yesterday there was a hair in my soup. It was d***irty*** .
5- Fakhri loves all kinds of a**dventure** holidays. Last year, he went trekking in the mountains.

TEST 2 Use of English الاختبار الثاني – استعمال اللغة الانكليزية

A complete the text with the verbs in the correct tenses: Present Simple or Present Continuous. **(7 points)**

اكمل النص مع الافعال في الزمن الصحيح . اما في زمن المضارع البسيط او زمن المضارع المستمر.

Dear Ameen,
I (**0**) *am writing* (**write**) to tell you about my trip to the Arctic. We had a lot of snow yesterday and it (**1**) ***was snowing*** (**snow**) again now. It always (**2**) ***is snowing*** (**snow**) here at this time of year. Nabeel often (**3**) **drives** (**drive**) his snowmobile to shoot caribou, but today he (**4**) ***is working*** (**work**) at the Museum of Inuit History. I (**5**) ***am looking*** (**look**) at a large stone walrus in the museum at the moment! I'm hungry, but Nabeel usually (**6**) ***cooks*** (**cook**) caribou meat, which is not my favourite food. Some children (**7**) ***are eating*** (**eat**) burgers in the restaurant opposite. I want to have some, too!
See you soon,
Kareem

B Circle the polite words in each sentences. (6 points)

Customer: (0) *Excuse me / You,* waiter.

ضع دائرة حول الكلمات المؤدبة في كل من الجمل الآتية.

Waiter: (1) *Yes, **sir**? / What is it ?*

Customer: (2) *Could I have/Give me* a menu, ***please***?

Waiter: (3) *Yes/Of course, **sir**.*

Customer: (4) *I want/ I'd like* some chicken, ***please***.

Waiter: (5) *No/**I'm sorry**,* we don't have any.

Customer: (6) *Could I have/What about* fish, then, ***please***?

Waiter: ***Of course***.

C Complete the table with the name of the country or nationality.

(5 points -0.5 point each)

	Country	Nationality		Country	Nationality
1	Iraq	Iraqi	6	Australia	Australian
2	Britain	British	7	India	Indian
3	Egypt	Egyptian	8	Canada	Canadian
4	Holland	Dutch	9	Japan	Japanese
5	Russia	Russian	10	Brazil	Brazilian

D Circle the correct word in each sentence. (6 points)

0- *Their / There* house is on the hill.

1- He goes swimming *in/**at*** weekends.

2- I'd like you to *meat/**meet*** my grandmother.

3- The school year ends *in/**on*** June.

4- We go to the mosque *at/**in*** the evening.

5- We usually play football *in/**on*** Mondays.

6- My ***son**/sun* is very lazy.

E Complete the sentences with correct words. You can see the first letter of each word. (6 points)

0- In some countries, black cats bring bad l*uck* .

1- W***hales*** are very large animals which live in the sea and like fish.

2- I love this dessert. It is d***elicious*** .

3- The p***opulation*** of Britain is over 50 million.

4- The thistle is the s***logan*** of Scotland.

5- The number 13 is u***nlucky*** in Britain.

6- The Inuit region of Canada is five times the s***ize*** of Germany.

Unit Three

3 People



2 Match the Key Words with the things in the photos.

طابق الكلمات الرئيسية مع الاشياء في الصور

KEY WORDS: Clothes
boots احذية , dress فستان, earrings اقراط , jacket سترة, jumper ثوب واسع, necklace قلادة , shirt قميص , skirt تنورة , shoes احذية , sunglasses نظارات شمسية, sweatshirt فانيلة داخلية , tie ضع ,trainers حذاء رياضي , trousers بنطلون , T-shirt

الحل :

ت	الجواب
A	jacket shirt shoes tie trousers
B	dress shoes
C	sunglasses sweatshirt trainers trousers
D	boots jumper skirt
E	earrings T-shirt jacket necklace

3 Listen to three students. Match them with people in the photos.

الحل :

Tape script



1- My dad's really traditional and I suppose I'm a lot like I don't really feel comfortable in jeans and T-shirt – I'd rather wear a really good suit and an expensive tie. And I won't wear trainers. I hate them!

2- I love wearing fashionable clothes. But I don't like wearing dressers.
I usually wear skirts or jeans, but good jeans. And I don't often wear jackets. I like dark colours. You know, black or dark green.

3- I like fashionable clothes, I usually wear jeans and a sweatshirt. And trainers! Oh, and often wear my sunglasses. Yeah, I've got some good designer sunglasses.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	A	2	D	3	C

4 Copy and complete the table with Key Words below.

اكمل الجدول ادناه من الكلمات الرئيسية التالية

KEY WORDS
bright red احمر زاهي, cotton قطن, dark green اخضر غامق, leather جلد, long طويل light blue ازرق فاتح, , narrow ضيق, polyester نوع من القماش, short قصير, wide عريض

الحل :

Size	narrow, short, wide
Colour	bright red, dark green, light blue
Material	cotton, leather, polyester

5 Looking Good

2 Read the article. Make a list of all the things that are 'in' or 'out' this year.

اقرأ المقال واعمل قائمة بكل الاشياء التي تدخل(تبدأ) او تخرج (تزول) هذه السنة

Example: 'in' this year *jackets, …* 'out' this year *jeans, …*

الجواب
'in': bright colours, formal clothes, jackets, shirt, wide ties, wide trousers, leather trousers, bright cotton dresses and long skirts, small leather books, sweatshirts, white shirts, red or yellow jackets **'Out':** jeans, trainers, T-shirts, white socks

3 Look at the examples of comparatives in the table. Complete the table.

one syllable	two syllables, ending with -y	two syllables and longer
bright – brighter cheap – ……….. long – ………	happy– happier trendy – ………..	casual – more/less casual comfortable – ……….. formal – ………..

Now find more sentences with comparatives in the text.

الجواب
cheaper longer trendier more/less comfortable more/less formal

4 Match the beginnings and endings of the rules. طابق بداية ونهاية القاعدة

1- We add *–er* to
2- We change *–y* to *i* and add *–er* in
3- We put *more* or *less* In front of

a) two-syllable adjectives ending with *– y*.
b) two-syllable or longer adjectives.
c) one-syllable adjectives.

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	c	2	a	3	b

5 Read the rule and write comparative forms.

For adjectives that end in one vowel + one consonant, we double the final consonant and add *–er*.

Example : *big – bigger*

fat - ***fatter*** sad - ***sadder*** red- ***redder***

hot - ***hotter*** thin- ***thinner***

What adjectives have these comparative forms?

good - better , ***bad*** - worse

6 Complete this sentences from the text w3ith the correct word. How do you say this in your language?

Orange, yellow and red are more fashionable ***than*** *dark colours.*

7 Pronunciation. Listen and write down the comparative adjectives. Then listen again and repeat them.

⇒ ***Grammar Summary 3, page 73.***

الجواب
bigger, better, trendier, cheaper, smarter, wider, longer, shorter, cooler, darker, brighter

8 Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjective in brackets.

1- Your dress is ***longer*** (**long**) than mine.
2- I think jeans are ***more fashionable***(**fashionable**)now than in the 1970s.
3- Red is usually ***more attractive*** (**attractive**) than grey.
4- I think men look ***smarter*** (**smart**) in ties.
5- Cotton clothes are ***cheaper*** (**cheap**) than silk clothes.
6- Young people usually wear **more expensive** (**expensive**) clothes than older people.
7- You look ***better*** (**good**) in ***brighter*** (**bright**) clothes thank darker clothes.


الصف الثالث المتوسط
2015
التربية الاسلامية
الأدب والنصوص
قواعد اللغة العربية
التاريخ
اللغة الفرنسية
اللغة الانكليزية
الاحياء
الجغرافية
الكيمياء
الفيزياء
عزيزي الطالب :
اطلب من المكتبات ملازم دار الاعرجي للطباعة والنشر والتوزيع
ذات اللونين والاربعة الوان وبالحجمين
الوسط والكبير (A4) لهذا العام وحسب المنهج الجديد

6 Features

1 Add more professions to the words in the Key Words box.

اضف مهن اخرى للكلمات الموجودة داخل مربع الكلمات الرئيسية

KEY WORDS: Professions مهن
Physician طبيب , Historian مؤرخ , Traveller رحال , Politician سياسي , Archaeologist عالم آثار , Poet شاعر , Philosopher فيلسوف

Possible answers الحل
Carpenter نجار , designer مصمم , teacher معلم , director مخرج , businessman رجل اعمال

3 Look at the article about AL-Baghdadi. انظر الى المقال حول البغدادي (ص٣٠)

Guess the topics in the article. احزر عناوين المقال

- Diabetes مرض السكري
- Egyptology علم الآثار المصرية
- Medical works اعمال طبية
- Archaeology علم الآثار
- Translation الترجمة
- Biography السيرة الذاتية

الجواب
Medical works Archaeology Biography

3 Read the article again. How is Al-Baghdadi different from other physicians, historians and travellers?

اقرأ المقال مرة ثانية . كيف كان البغدادي مختلفا عن بقية الاطباء والمؤرخين والرحالة

Think about these things: فكر في هذه الاشياء

educating the youth teacher of philosophy medicinal man

الحل :

الجواب
- He travelled a lot educating the youth. - He taught medicine and philosophy. - He was aware of the value of ancient monuments. - He had a modern view in medicine.

5 Look at these examples of *with*.... انظر الى هذه الامثلة مع

Abdullatif was a celebrated physician, historian and traveler with a great love for writing.
An interesting memoir of Abdullstif, writing by himself, has been preserved with additions by Ibn Abu-Osaibia, a contemporary.

Use the cues and *with* to write sentences.

1- Sameera/tall and thin/. Sameera is tall and thin with black hair.
2- She/lives/her parents in Jaddah. She lives with her parents in Jaddah.
3- Kamil/works/his brother.Kamil works with his brother.
4- Nabeel/a square face/a small nose .Nabeel has (got) a square face with a small nose.

6 Match the adjectives (1-6) with the nouns (a-f) from the text.

طابق الصفات (١-٦) مع الاسماء (أ-ح) من النص .

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1- human	f- endurance	4- great	a- proficiency
2- ancient	c- monuments	5- old	b- age
3- careful	e- study	6- higher	d- education

8 Listen to the description of the features of a successful employee. Write five features mentioned.

الحل :

Tape script 

Features of Successful Employees

Whether you are conscious about it or not, success and failure always depend on the person's character. Successful employees should be goal oriented and opportunity seekers. They should also know their strengths and weaknesses. They should always want to be the best; but they also should know when to get help. Finally, they should know and respect others' views on matters regarding their business. They do this to minimize the risk of committing mistakes. Hence, perseverance is a must for successful employees to achieve triumph.

Possible answers

Goal oriented, opportunity seekers, to the best, get help, respect others' views

9 Listen again and complete the Function File with these words.

Goal oriented, strengths and weaknesses, triumph, respect, Opportunity seekers, perseverance

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	goal oriented	4	respect
2	opportunity seekers	5	perseverance
3	strengths and weaknesses	6	triumph

Communication Workshop

2 Read the text and complete the gaps with *however or for example.*

Write a description of person you know well. Follow the stages.

الحل :

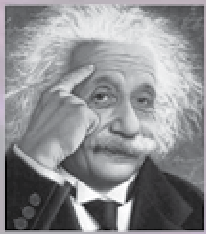
ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	However	4	For example
2	For example	5	For example
3	However	6	However

Tape script 

This is a police announcement. The police are looking for a man in North London. He is twenty-five years old. He is tall and very thin. He has got short, dark hair. He has got a square face with a small eyes and a small mouth. He is probably wearing a leather jacket, jeans, a T-shirt and black and white trainers.

الحل :

ت	الجواب
1	blonder dark hair
2	big/small nose
3	leather shoes/black and white trainers



Unit Four
4 Fame



Warm-up

1 Match the Key Words with the people in the photos.

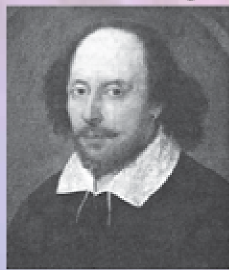
طابق الكلمات الرئيسية مع الاشخاص فى الصور (صفحة ٣٢)

KEY WORDS: Jobs
actor ممثل , film director مخرج افلام, footballer لاعب كرة قدم, poet شاعر, writer كاتب
politician سياسي, scientist عالم, singer مغني, TV presenter مقدم برامج تلفزيونية .

الحل :



William Shakespeare/ writer
Mohammad AL-Jawahiri/ poet
Albert Einstein/ scientist
Nashat Akram Ali/ footballer



2 Celebrity Quiz. Listen to four descriptions of celebrities from the pictures. Who are they? اختبار المشاهير . اصغي الى وصف اربعة من المشاهير الموجودة صورهم . من هم

Tape script

1- He is the grand literary figure of the Western world. He wrote dozens of plays. He is so famous for the quote "To be or not to be" Many of his plays were originally performed in the famous Globe Theatre in London. Among his best known play are Romeo and Juliet. Hamlet and Macbeth.

2- He was born in Al-Najaf in 1899. Several members of his family were poets and he followed in their footsteps. He is one of the most famous Arabic poets of the twentieth century and extremely inferential. He published his first poetry collection in 1922 and was heavily . influenced by classical Arabic poetry. He also served as the Iraqi ambassador to Czechoslovakia and edited several important newspapers. He died on 26 June, 1997.

3- Around 1886, he began his school career in Munich. He studied mathematics, in particular the calculus, beginning around 1891. In 1895, he failed an examination that would have allowed him to study for a diploma as an electrical engineer but he graduated in 1900 as a teacher of Zurich in 1905 and by 1909 he was recognized as leading scientific thinker.

4- In 2000, at age of 16, he made it into AL- Shorta's first team, and from his very first performance the analysts believed that Iraq would produce one of the most promising players in Asia. He made his international debut in a 2002 World cup qualification match. He was the youngest player in his team and he was reified the Iraq Olympic team captain. His great vision and mentality helped the team to win the 2007 Asian Cup.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	**William Shakespeare**	3	**Albert Einstein**
2	**Mohammad AL-Jawahiri**	4	**Nashat Akram Ali**

3 Complete the questionnaire with these prepositions.

about, at, in, on, to اكمل الاسئلة مع هذه الظروف

Are You A Real Fan? هل انت معجب حقيقي

Who is your favourite star? من هو نجمك المفضل

1- Do you like looking ***at*** his/her photo? Yes/No

2- Have you got a poster of him/her ***on*** your bedroom wall? Yes/No

3- Do you collect photos of him/her ***in*** an album? Yes/No

4- Do you talk ***about*** him/her a lot? Yes/No

5- Do you watch videos of him/her or listen ***to*** his/her songs every day? Yes/NO

7 Famous People

1 Add these words to the Key Words box.

Fast, tall, strong, fat, old, heavy

الحل :

الجواب
Shape: big, thin, tall, fat
Other: lazy, friendly, fast, strong, old, heavy

2 Read the World Record Factfile. Then answer the following questions: اقرأ ملف الارقام القياسية العالمية .ثم اجب عن هذه الاسئلة (صفحة ٣٤)

1- What distance can the fastest man cover in 9.72 seconds?
2- Who is the tallest man the world?
3- How much does the fattest man weigh?
4- Who is the strongest man the world?
5- How old was Jeanne Louise Calment when she died?

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	**100 metres**	4	**Mariusz Pudzianowski**
2	**Robert Pershing Wadlow**	5	**122**
3	**over 570 kg**		

3 Complete the table with the correct superlative forms of the following adjectives. اكمل الجدول مع الصيغ الصحيحة للصفات التالية

base form	comparative	superlative
funny	*funnier*	1- the funniest
good	*better*	2- the best
long	*longer*	3- ***longest***
big	*bigger*	4- ***biggest***
beautiful	*more beautiful*	5- ***most beautiful***
bad	*worse*	6- ***worst***

4 Which rule is *not* correct? Correct it. اي قاعدة غير صحيحة . صححها

a) We add *–est* to one-syllable adjectives.
b) We add *–est* to two-syllable adjectives
that and in *-y* (***-y* changes to *–iest***)
c) We put *most* in front of two-syllable or longer adjectives.
d) We never put *the* in front of the superlative.

⇒ ***Grammar Summary 3, page 73.***

الحل : نضع دائما كلمة the قبل صفة التفضيل

- We always put the in front of the superlative

5 Complete the sentences with the superlative forms of the adjectives in brackets. اكمل الجمل مع الصيغ الصحيحة للصفات بين الاقواس

1- Bill Gates, the founder of Microsoft, was ***the richest*** (**rich**) man in the world for thirteen consecutive years.
2- Najeeb Mahfood was one of ***the most successful*** (**successful**) novelists in the world. He won the Noble Prize for Literature in 1988.
3- Jn 1920, the poet A.E. Housman wrote a poem about the cherry tree which he called" ***the loveliest*** (**lovely**) of trees".
4- Boris Becker is ***the youngest*** (**young**) Wimbledon tennis champion. He won the tournament it 1985 when he was only seventeen!
5- When he grows up, my brother wants to be a vet because he finds it ***the most interesting*** (**interesting**) job in the world!

8 An Iraqi Sportsman

NAJAH ALI (page 36)



1 Do you know Najah Ali? Guess the answers to these questions.

هل تعرف نجاح علي ؟ احزر الاجابة على هذه الاسئلة

1- What nationality is he? **He is Iraqi**
2- What is he famous for? **He is famous for boxing**

2 Read the article quickly and check your answers for Exercise 1.

اقرأ المقال بسرعة وتحقق من اجاباتك في التمرين الاول .

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	Iraqi	2	Boxing

3 Read the text again. Answer the questions. اقرأ النص ثانية . ثم اجب عن هذه الاسئلة

1- How old is Najah Ali? كم عمر نجاح علي ؟

2- What level of education has he reached?ماهي مرحلة التعليم التي اكملها؟

3- How did he reach the Olympics? هل نجح في الوصول الى الاولمبياد ؟

4- What did he achieve? ماهي انجازاته ؟

ت	الجواب
1	Students calculate his age (born 1980)
2	a bachelor's degree in computer science
3	through Maurice Watkins
4	a respectable reputation

4 Find adjectives in the text from these nouns. جد الصفات في النص لهذه الاسماء

professionمهنة , qualifyيترشح , legendاسطورة , Asia آسيا , respect احترام

الحل :

professional	qualifying	legendary	Asian	respect

6 Listen to the report. Which sport is it about?

استمع الى التقرير . على اية رياضة يتحدث (صفحة ٣٧)

Boxing

7 **Listen again and complete the Function File with these words.**

rounds, stoppage, fists, referee, ten seconds, winner, combat sport

Function File

Describing a sport

Boxing is a, (**1**) ***combat sport*** where two participants fight each other with their (**2**) ***fists*** .

Boxing is supervised by a (**3**) ***referee*** and is typically engaged in during a series of one-to three-minute intervals called (**4**) ***rounds*** .

Victory is achieved if the opponent is knocked down and unable to get up before the referee counts to (**5**) ***ten seconds*** or if the opponent is deemed too injured to continue.

If there is on (**6**) ***stoppage*** of the fight before an agreed number of rounds, a (7) ***winner*** Is determined either by the referee's decision or by judges' scorecards.

Communication Workshop

1 **Read the text. In which paragraphs (A-C) do you find these topics? تعرف نجاح**

sporting success, favourite, clothes, free time, personality, family life, physical appearance.

ت	الجواب
A	favourite clothes/physical appearance
B	sporting success
C	free time/personality family life

2 **Linking. Complete the text with these linking words.**
also, then, but (x3), for example, and (x2), after, however
Write a profile of a celebrity. follow the stages.تعرف نجاح

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	**but**	5	**but**	8	**also**
2	**for example**	6	**after**	9	**but**
3	**Then**	7	**However**	10	**and**
4	**and**				

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences with the adjective in the correct form – comparative or superlative. اكمل الجمل مع الصفات في الصيغة الصحيحة

1- I bought the ***cheapest*** (**cheap**) trainers in the shop.
2- A sweatshirt is ***more comfortable*** (**comfortable**) than a shirt and tie.
3- My dad likes jeans but he wears ***more formal*** (**formal**) clothes for work.
4- that was the ***most exciting*** (**exciting**) match in the World Cup.
5- I think jeans are ***more practical*** (**practical**) than trousers.
6- This is his ***longest*** (**long**) book – it's over 1,000 pages.
7- It was the ***happiest*** (**happy**) day of my life.
8- People usually wear ***brighter*** (**bright**) clothes in summer than in winter.

5 Rewrite the description using the opposites of the underlined adjectives. اعد كتابة الجمل مستعملا اضداد الصفات التي تحتها خط

Example

He's quite old. He's short and plump. He's got a round face with small eyes. He's got short hair. He's quite lazy and he think his job is boring.

الحل :

He's quite young. He's tall and thin. He's got a square/thin/long face with big large eyes. He's got long hair. He's quite hard-working and he thinks his job is interesting.

6 Listen and write down the words. اصغي واكتب الكلمات

Example 1 = *leather*

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	leather	5	trousers
2	comfortable	6	height
3	fashionable	7	famous
4	future	8	sweatshirt

7 Listen to the three sounds. اصغي الى الاصوات الثلاثة

a) /æ/ bad b) /e/ bed c) / / but

Listen to the words. Which sounds can you hear: a, b or c?

Example 1 – *c and b*

Listen again and write down the words. Then listen and repeat them.

Tape script			
ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	run/ten	6	come/am
2	get/fat	7	map/cup
3	can/sun	8	men/man
4	Worked	9	glove/have
5	black/neck	10	sun/send

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	c/b	6	c/a
2	b/a	7	a/c
3	a/c	8	b/a
4	c/b	9	c/a
5	a/b	10	c/b

Language Problem – Solving 2

1 Look at the sentences in the table. انظر الى الكلمات في الجدول

a) say that a thing is present in a particular place?

b) say what a thing is or what it is like?

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
a	There	b	It

2 Which word fits the gaps in the sentences below: *it* or *there* ? Are the underlined words nouns or adjectives?

.... *'s late.*

.... *was warm and sunny.*

الجواب
adjectives

3 Complete the sentences with *it* or *there*.

1- ***It*** was a great holiday ***there*** Was as lot of snow and sun.
2- ***There*** is ice on the road and ***it***'s dangerous to drive.
3- Is ***there*** anyone here?
4- Is ***it*** you, Sanaa? No, ***it*** 's Huda.
5- ***There*** was a problem with the car.***it*** wasn't serious so we repaired it easily.
6- Turn on the light, ***it*** 's dark in here.
7- ***It*** is too early to go to bed. ***There*** Is a match on TV – let's watch it.
8- ***There*** isn't much to eat. Is ***it*** too late to go shopping?

Culture Corner 1

Around Britain Quiz اختبار حول بريطانيا

What do you Know about Britain? Look at the map and try to answer these questions. ماذا تعرف عن بريطانيا ؟ انظر الى الخريطة وحاول الاجابة عن هذه الاسئلة

1- What is the biggest city? من هي اكبر مدنها
a) Glasgow b) Liverpool ***c) London***

2- What is the highest mountain? من هو اعلى جبل فيها
a) Ben Nevis b) Scafell c) Snowdon

3- What is the oldest university? من هي اقدم جامعة فيها
a) Cambridge b) Edinburgh ***c) Oxford***

4- What is the richest football club? من هو اغنى فريق كرة قدم فيها
a) Glasgow Celtic b) Liverpool ***c) Chelsea***

5- What is the longest river? من هو اطول نهر فيها
a) the Clyde b) the Humber ***c) the Severn***

6- What is the longest bridge? من هو اطول جسر فيها
a) the Humber Bridge b) the Severn Bridge c) Tower Bridge

Tape script 

Teacher: Right, let's start with Question 1 to Group 1. What is the triages! city in Britain?
Student 1: Is it London
Teacher: Yes, it is. Correct OK, Group 2. Question 2. What the highest mountain?
Student 2: … Mount Snowdon?
Teacher: No, Group 1, do you know?
Student 1: is it Ben Nevis?
Teacher: Yes, it is Group 1, this is Question 3 for you. what is the oldest university?
Student 1: Cambridge?
Teacher: No, it isn't. Group 2. Do you know the answer?

Student 2: is it Oxford?
Teacher: Yes, Oxford is the oldest university in Britain. Question 4 for you , Group 2. What is the richest football club?
Student 2: Chelsea!
Teacher: Correct. Question 5 for Group 1. What is the longest never?
Student 1: Er… the Humber?
Teacher: No, Group 2. What do you think?
Student 2: … is it the Severn?
Teacher: Yes – correct Now, Question 6 to Group 2 again. what is the longest bridge?
Student 2: Tower Bridge?
Teacher: No, it isn't. Group 1. Do you know?
Student 1: The Humber Bridge?
Teacher: Yes, we l done! The longest Bridge in Britain is the Humber Bridge.

TEST 3 Use of English

A Write sentences about Car A and B. Use the adjectives from the table. (6 points)اكتب جمل عن السيارتين مستعملا الصفات من الجدول

	Car A	Car B
0- slow		!
1- comfortable	!	
2- small		!
3- smart	!	
4- cheap		!
5- expensive	!	
6- long	!	

0- *B is slower than A* .

ت	الجواب
1	A is more comfortable than B
2	B is smaller than A
3	A is smarter than B
4	B is cheaper than A
5	A is more expensive than B
6	A is longest than B

B Turn the following into adjectives. (8 points) حول الكلمات الآتية إلى صفات

الكلمات	الصفات	الكلمات	الصفات
friend	friendly	horror	horrible
interest	interesting	fame	famous
attract	attractive	success	successful
anger	angry	care	careful

C Complete the text with the adjective in the correct comparative form. (9 points) اكمل النص مع الصفات في الصيغة المناسب

My sister is (**0**) *more fashionable* (**fashionable**) than me. She says that (**1**) ***wider*** (**wide**) trousers are 'in' this year, but I like my old trousers. Her clothes are (**2**) ***more bright*** (**bright**) than mine. She looks good in light clothes but I like clothes that are (**3**) ***dark*** (**dark**). I think her shirt is (**4**) ***smarter*** (**smart**) than mine, too, but my shirt is (**5**) ***more comfortable*** (**comfortable**). Also, her clothes are (**6**) ***more expensive*** (**expensive**) than mine. Her clothes are fashionable and smart, but mine are (**7**) ***cheap*** (**cheap**) and (**8**) ***practical*** (**practical**). My sister also says that (**9**) ***long*** (**long**) skirts are fashionable this year.

D-Match the definitions (0-6) with the words(a-g).(3 points –0.5 point each)

طابق التعاريف مع الكلمات (المهن) (صفحة ٤١)

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1- historian	a	4- poet	e
2- philosopher	f	5- politician	g
3- traveller	b	6- archaeologist	c

E Use the pictures to write the names of clothes.(4 points–0.5 point each)

استعمل الصور لكتابة اسماء الملابس (صفحة ٤١)

0- *skirt*

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	earrings	5	blouse
2	T - shirt	6	glasses
3	tie	7	slippers
4	shoes	8	trousers



TEST 4 Use of English

A Complete the table. (8 points) اكمل الجدول (صفحة ٤٢)

base form	comparative	superlative
0- long	longer	the longest
1- good	***well***	the best
2- ***funny***	Funnier	the funniest
3- bad	worse	***the worst***
4- big	***bigger***	the biggest
5- popular	more popular	***the most poplar***
6- successful	***more successful***	the most successful
7- interesting	more interesting	***the most interesting***
8- ***boring***	more boring	the most boring

B Complete the text with the adjectives in the correct form: comparative or superlative. (9 points)

اكمل النص من الصفات بالصيغة الصحيحة (صفحة ٤٢)

My brother Ali is (**0**) ***the happiest*** (**happy**) person in his class because everybody likes him. He has three very good friends – Ibraheem, Mohammad and Saud. Ibraheem studies a lot and he is (**1**) ***the best*** (**good**) student in the class. He is also (**2**) ***more intelligent*** (**intelligent**) than Mohammad and Saud. Mohammad likes sports. He is (**3**) ***the fastest*** (**fast**) runner in the school. Mohammad is (**4**) ***taller*** (**tall**) than Saud and he is a (**5**) ***well*** (**good**) footballer. But Saud is very good swimmer and gymnast. He is (**6**) ***the fittest*** (**fit**) person in the class. He's also very trendy and he always wears (**7**) ***more fashionable*** (**fashionable**) clothes than the others. Ibraheem isn't interested in fashion but he's very smart – he's much (**8**) ***smarter*** (**smart**) than Saud. And why is Ali the (**9**) ***most popular*** (**popular**) person in the school? Because he's the funniest!

C Compete the sentences with these words. (4 points)

about at in on to اكمل الجمل مع هذه الكلمات

0- My sister has a photo of him ***on*** her bedroom wall.
1- "What are you looking ***at*** ?" "The picture of David Beckham."
2- At school, I am learning ***about*** famous people.
3- There is a picture of Najah Ali ***in*** the book.
4- I am listening ***to*** a description of a famous painting.

D Complete the table with the adjectives or nouns. (3 points–0.5 point each)

اكمل الجدول مع الصفات او الاسماء

noun	adjective
0- fashion	*fashionable*
1- success	***successful***
2- ***intelligence***	intelligent
3-***fame***	famous
4- attraction	***attractive***
5- talent	***talented***
6-***interest***	interesting

E Complete the sentences with *it* or *there*. (6 points)

0- *There was* a good documentary on TV last night.
1- ***There*** is snow covering the highest mountain .
2- In summer ***it*** is very warm and sunny in the south of France.
3- I hated the film. ***It*** was really awful.
4- I went round but no one was ***there*** .
5- ***It*** was so cold yesterday.
6- ***There*** is nothing on TV tonight.

Unit Five

5 Volunteers



1 Which of the activities can you see in the photos?

ماهي النشاطات التي تراها في الصور (صفحة ٤٣)

KEY WORDS: Volunteer
help at local/school events (e.g. exhibitions / sports matches) **do** voluntary work (e.g. visit old people, clean up parks or rivers) **raise** money for a charity (e.g. collect money, go on a sponsored run) **give** money /toys/ clothes/ food to charities

الحل :

clean up (beach) sponsored walk clean up park plant a tree visit old people

2 Listen. Which activities the people do? استمع ماهي النشاطات الي يفعلها الناس؟

NEW VOCABULARY	
charity: إحسانٌ	sponsored: مُكلَّفٌ

Tape script



1- I do voluntary work for a local children's charity. We collect money three of four times a year for children who are ill or come from poor families. We stand in the street and collect money. People are usually very friendly.

2- I really love sport, you know I play tennis and I'm in the school running team. We sometimes have completions with other schools. We often have sponsored runs to collect money for charity.

3- I think it's important to do something about our planet. So I'm in a 'green' group. We meet every week to do things. For example, we plant trees, help clean the local river. It's tremble; it's really dirty and there's always a lot of rubbish in it.

ت	الجواب
1	Collect money in the street for a local children's charity.
2	Take part in sponsored runs for charity
3	plant trees and clean the local river

3 Circle the correct definitions of 'volunteer'. ضع دائرة على تعريف المتطوعين

1- Someone who works *for money/* ***not for money***.

2- Someone who does something because he/she ***wants to****/has to.*

9 Voluntary Work العمل الطوعي

2 Read the interview. What kind of voluntary work would Alex like to do?

اقرأ المقابلة . ما هو العمل التطوعي الذي يريد اليكس ان يعمله ؟

GH: So David, what are you going to do (**1**) ***next year***?

AK: Well, I'm going to take a year off before university.

GH: What are you going to do?

AK: I want to do voluntary work in Africa for (**2**) ***six months*** .

GH: What kind of work are you going to do ?

AK: I'm going to work for an organisation called 'Schools in Africa'.

GH: Well, that's interesting. But these organisations need trained people.

AK: I know, but I'm not going to teach. I'm going to help build schools. I have to do a course for volunteers (**3**) ***next autumn*** .You know,in first aid and that kind of thing. My brother's a doctor. He's going to help me (**4**) ***this summer*** .

GH: So, what do you want to study at university?

AK: I'd like to study medicine. I know it's difficult to get a place, but I'm going to study really hard for the next (**5**) ***two month*** . I'd like to get three 'A's in my exams!

4 Complete the examples with *am, is,...* اكمل الامثلة مع

Affirmative مثبت

I **am going to** study very hard.

You/We/They **are** (**1**) ***going*** **to** do voluntary work.

He/ She (**2**) ***is*** **going to** help me.

Questions استفهام

Are you **going to** study medicine?

What (**3**) ***are*** you/we/they (**4**) ***going*** **to** do next year?

Is he/she **going to** help you?

Negative نفي

I (**5**) ***am*** **not going** (**6**) ***to*** teach.

He/ She **is not going to** help me.

You/ we/They **are not going to** take a year off.

5 Find one sentence (a – c) which does *not* give the same information as: احتر واحدة من الجمل الاتية لا تعطي نفس معنى هذه الجملة

I'm going to study medicine.

a) I'm studying medicine.

b) I'm planning to study medicine.

c) I'm decided to study medicine.

6 Listen to the sentences from the interview.In which of them can you hear *gonna* (for *going to*)? .... استمع الى الجمل من المقابلة في اي منها تسمع الفعل

Tape script	
1	So Alex, what are you going to do next year?
2	Well, I'm ***gonna*** take a year off before university.
3	What kind of work are you going to do?
4	I'm not ***gonna*** teach.
5	He's going to help me this summer.
6	I'm ***gonna*** study really hard for the next two months.

7 Complete each sentences with the correct form of *going to*. Make the sentences negative or question if necessary.

1- I love animals. I ***am going to*** be a vet.

2- Your marks are very bad. ***Are*** you ***going to*** Study harder next term?

3- John has to go home by bus. He ***isn't going to*** drive because his car isn't working.

4- There's an interesting documentary on TV tonight. I ***am going to*** watch it.

5- Let's take a taxi! I ***am not going to*** walk fifteen kilometers in the rain!!!

6- They are training very hard. They ***are going to*** play in the school team.

12 Look at the two sentences from the interview.

I want to do voluntary work **for six months**. (***for*** **+ period of time)**

I want to do a course **this autumn. (specific time)**

Complete the sentences with for where possible.

1- My grandmother's coming to stay next week.
She's going to stay ***for*** a month.

2- I'm going to study a lot next weekend. I'm going to study ***for*** two or three hours a day.

3- I went to London ***for*** a month. I went there Last year.

4- I usually watch television ***for*** a couple of hours a day. I'm not going to watch this weekend because I've got exams.

10 Raising Money جمع المال

4 Look at the photo and the headline of article. Which *two* causes do you think the canoeist raises money for?

الجواب	
medical research for children	guide dogs for blind people

5 Read the article again. Answer the questions.

1- How long did the trip take?
2- Why did Steve go on the trip?
3- Why was the trip difficult?
4- How did Steve's parents feel?

ت	الجواب
1	six months
2	to raise money for a charity that does medical research for children
3	The weather was bad.
4	They fell proud.

6 Match the verbs (1 – 8) from the text with the words (a – h).

Example: 1- d) *raise money for charity*. طابق الافعال من النص (صفحة ٤٦) مع الكلمات

ملاحظة : النقطة رقم ٤ والنقطة رقم ٧ يصح اختيار اي واحد من الجملتين (a/e)

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2- celebrate	f- a success	6- meet	h- people
3- come from	b- Liverpool	7- take	a/e- a couple of weeks off
4- take	a/e- six months	8- travel	c- by bicycle
5- do	g- research		

7 Choose the best adjective to complete the sentences about the text.

اختر انسب الصفات لتكملة الجمل الاتية حول النص

1- There was a lot of a) *strong* ***b) bad*** c) *hard* weather on the trip.
2- Steve's dad thought he was a ***a) real*** b) *great* c) *brilliant star*
3- They were tired after the a) *three-month* ***b) six-month*** c) *eight-month* trip.
4- The trip was very a) *difficult* b) *strong* ***c) hard work***.
5- The journalist interviewed Steve's a) *confident* ***b) proud*** c) *pleased* parents.

8 Listen to phone call. Which of these things is Sally *not* ringing for?

a) to ask for a sponsor for a sponsored walk
b) to raise money for cancer research
c) to ask for a sponsor for the school magazine

Tape script 

Male: Aliens Bank. Good morning. can I help you?
Female: Ermm yes. Could speak to Mrs Smithson, please?
Male: I'm afraid she's out at the moment. Can I take a message?
Female: Yes, please. My name is Sally Thomton,
Male: Sorry, can you spell your surname, please?
Female: Yes, it's T-H-O-R-N-T-O-N
Male: Thanks.
Female: Well, I am at Lawnside High School. We are organsing a sponsored walk next month at the school. it's for cancer research. And we are looking for sponsors. The bank was very generous last year. You sponsored our magazine.
Male: So it's Lawnside High School and a sponsored talk …
Female: No, it's a walk. We're going to walk fifty miles!
Male: Oh right. And you're foolding for sponsors. Have you get a phone number?
Female: Well, the school number is 0899…
Male: 0899. **Female:** 873 …275.
Male: Well, I'll pass on the message to Mrs Smthson.
Female: Thank you very much.
Male: Not at all Goodbye. **Female:** Goodbye.

Answers : (c)

9 Listen and complete the Function file.

afraid, pass on, phone, sorry, please, could, for, sponsors, help, take, walk

Function File

Phone Calls

A: Allens Bank. Good morning. Can I (**1**) ***help*** you?
B: (**2**) ***Could*** I speak to Mrs Smithson, please?
A: I'm (**3**) ***afraid*** she's out at the moment. Can I (**4**) ***take*** a message?
B: Yes, (**5**) ***please***. My name is Sally Thornton.
A: (**6**) ***Sorry***, can you spell your surname, please?
B: Yes, it's T – H – O – R – N – T – O – N. I'm at Lawnside High School. We are organizing a sponsored (**7**) ***walk*** next month. It's (**8**) ***for*** cancer research. We are looking for (**9**) ***sponsors***.
A: Have you got a (**10**) ***phone*** number ?
B: The school number is 0899 9 73275.
A: Well, I'll (**11**) ***Pass on*** the message to Mrs Smithson.
B: Thank you very much.

Communication Workshop

1 Read the leaflet and answer the questions.

1- Why are they looking for volunteers?
2- What charity is the event for?
3- How can volunteers raise money?

ت	الجواب
1	to help them in a football marathon
2	cancer research
3	play football for 90 minute sessions and find sponsors

2 Linking. Choose the correct word, *to* or *for*, to complete the text.

Write a leaflet. Follow the stages below.

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	to	5	to
2	for	6	for
3	for	7	for
4	to		



Unit Six



6 Shopping التسوق

2 Listen. When are the four people? استمع اين هم الاربعة اشخاص

in a bookshop مكتبة, at an expensive clothes shop محل ملابس غالي,
in a shopping centre مركز تسوق, in a street market في سوق الشارع

Tape script 

1

Female 1: look at that! that's beautiful

Female 2: What ?

Female 1: That dress. It's fantastic

Female 2: Yes, but it's expensive

2

Female 1: Excuse me?

Stallholder: Yes, can I help you?

Female 3: Mmm, how much is that T-shirt, please?

Stallholder: it's thousand five hundred Iraqi Dinars.

Female 3: OK, thanks.

3

Male 1: can I help you?

Male 2: No, thanks I'm just looking Well, one thing. Have you got the new book by Jala Toufic?

Male 1: Yes, we have. Do you want to have a look at it?

Male 2: Thanks. How much is it?

Male 1: it's eighteen thousand Iraqi Dinars.

4

Female 4: Where do you want to go now? I'd like to get some shoes.

Female 5: No, I'm tired. Why don't we sit down? There's a new café on the first floor.

Female 4: What about that new place on the third floor? Does great coffee.

ت	الجواب
1	**at an expensive clothes shop**
2	**in a shopping centre**
3	**in a bookshop**
4	**in a street market**

4 Match the key Words with these prices. طابق الكلمات الرئيسية مع هذه الاسعار

€ 12.3, £ 10.99 3500IQD, 11000 IQD,
€ 0.50, £5.20 40p, €6.50, 6000IQD

KEY WORDS: Prices الاسعار
UK: five pounds twenty, forty pence, ten pounds ninety-nine
Iraq: three thousand five hundred Iraqi Dinars, six hundred Iraqi Dinars, eleven thousand Iraqi Dinars
EU: six euros fifty, fifty cents, twelve euros thirty

الحل :

Tape script and answers
twelve euros thirty ten pounds ninety-nine three thousand five hundred Iraqi Dinars eleven thousand Iraqi Dinars fifty cents five pounds twenty for pence six euros fifty six thousand Iraqi Dinars

11 Tomorrow's Shops اسواق الغد

2 Read the article and check your guesses. Which kind of shopping do *you* think is most interesting? اقرأ المقال واختبر فراستك. اي نوع من التسوق مشوق اكثر

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
a	**corner shop** محل صغير	b	**online shopping** تسوق عبر الانترنيت
c	**shopping mall** مركز تسوق	d	**high street shop** محل شارع غالي

3 Complete the sentences with these preposition.
around, for, into, on, to... اكمل هذه اجمل مع هذه الظروف

Yesterday, I went (1) ***to*** the shopping centre to look (2) ***for*** some new jeans. I went (3) ***into*** a new shop and looked (4) ***around***. I tried (5) ***on*** three or four pairs and finally I bought a pair of black jeans.

4 Complete these sentences from the text with *will* or *won't(will not)*.

1- In the future, shopping malls ***will*** be more fun than now.
2- We ***will*** have 'intelligent' fridges in our kitchens.
3- ***will*** shopping malls disappear?
4- ***will*** shopping on the Internet become more popular?
5- We ***won't*** need to move from the sofa in our sitting room.
6- Your local corner shop ***won't*** close down.

5 Complete the sentences with *will* or *won't*. Use the article to help you.

a) plans ***b) predictions*** c) intentions

6 Contractions. Listen and write down the sentences. Then listen again and repeat them.

Example

1- *They'll be enormous.*

ت	الجواب
1	They'll be enormous
2	Corner shops won't disappear
3	Shopping centers 'll be bigger
4	We'll do our shopping online
5	Some shops won't do badly

7 Complete the sentences with *will* or *won't*.Use the article to help you.

1- Shopping malls ***will*** be like leisure centres.
2- Small local shops ***won't*** disappear.
3- People ***will*** visit 'traditional' shops to try on clothes.
4- We ***will*** do most of our shopping on the Internet.
5- We ***won't*** need to order our food – our fridge ***will*** do it.
6- There ***will*** be relaxation areas in shopping malls.

8 Order the words to make questions. رتب هذه الكلمات لعمل جمل

1- traditional shops?/Will/have/we. ***Will we have traditional shops?***
2- there/be/shopping centres? /Will. ***Will there be shopping centres?***
3- buy/will/our newspapers?/we/Where .***Where will we buy our newspapers?***

12 Real or Virtual

3 Look at the web page again. Match these websites with the numbers (1–9). انظر الى صفحة الانترنيت مرة ثانية (صفحة ٥٢) . طابق المواقع مع هذه الارقام

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	Sportswear.com	6	London Books.com
2	Jeans-R-Us.com	7	Ticketsforyou.com
3	TopShirts.com	8	Beachworld.com
4	FilmsDirect.com	9	Gift 2000. com
5	Bagsandthings.com		

4 Read the Reading Strategies box.

Find these sentences in the text. What do the underlined refer to?

1- Buy <u>them</u> at Sportswear.com. (**section 1**)
2- Different size, styles and colours: we've got <u>them</u> all! (**section 2**)
3- Buy two films and get <u>one</u> free! (**section 4**)
4- It's real leather and it's only $10! (**section 5**)
5- <u>They</u>'ll love it! (**section 7**)
6- … we are sure to have <u>it</u> … (**section 9**)

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	trainers and football shirts	4	this bag
2	jeans and trousers	5	your friends
3	a film	6	something special for friends or family

5 Which of these Key Words do *not* have a singular? What is the singular of the other words? اي من هذ الكلمات ليس لها مفرد؟ وما هو مفرد بقية الكلمات

Answers الحل
No singular: clothes, jeans, shorts, trousers, **Singular:** child, man, person, scarf, trainer, watch, woman

6 Rewrite these sentences in the plural. اعد كتابة الجمل في صيغة الجمع

1- The man spoke to the child. ***The man spoke to the children.***

2- She took the scarf out of the box. ***She took the scarves out of the boxes.***

3- The boy bought a digital watch. ***The boys bought a digital watches.***

4- This shoe is hurting my foot. ***These shoes are hurting my feet.***
5- The woman is wearing blue jeans. ***The women are wearing blue jeans.***

7 Listen to the dialogues and complete the Function File with these words.
size, how much, too (x2), try, here you are,
enough, can I help, have you got

Function File	
	Shopping For clothes
	Boy 1: Excuse me?
	Man: Yes, can I help you?
	Boy 1: Yes, please. (1) ***Have you got*** These jeans in black?
	Man: What (2) ***size*** are you?
	Boy 1: I'm size 36.
	Man: Just a moment. Here you are.
	Boy 1: Where can I (3) ***try*** them on?
	Man: Over there.
	Boy 1: They're (4) ***too*** small. Can I try on the next size?
	Man: Certainly.
	Boy 1: (5) ***How much*** are they?
	Man: Er, those are thirty-five pounds.
	Boy 1: Oh, sorry. They're (6) ***too*** expensive.
	Man: Yes, (7) ***can I help*** You?
	Boy 2: Have you got these trainers in size 42?
	Man: Yes, (8) ***here you are***.
	Boy 2: No … , they're not very comfortable. They're not wide (9) ***enough***.

Communication Workshop

2 Read the e-mail and check your guesses.
Write an e-mail asking for inform about something you want to buy. Follow the stages below.

Stage 1:
Think of a product and write notes about the information you need.
Example : *Jeans – colours? / materials ? / style? / catalogue?*

Stage 1: **Invent these things:**
- you e-mail address
- the name of a website

Copy the e-mail form and write your e-mail.اكمل هذه اجمل

الحل :

size cost of postage price catalogue

Review

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences with *will, won't or *(am/are/is) going to.*

1- I <u>*am going to*</u> study hard for the exams.
2- In the future, people <u>***will***</u> do all their shopping on the Internet.
3- I think a lot of shops <u>***will***</u> disappear in the future.
4- My sister <u>***is going to***</u> start French classes next month.
5- Long dresses <u>***will***</u> be in fashion next year.
6- I <u>***am going to***</u> tidy my room tonight.
7- There <u>***will***</u> be more shopping centres in the next ten years.
8- I <u>***am going to***</u> do a lot of homework this weekend.

4 Choose the correct word in brackets. اختر الكلمة الصحيحة من بين الاقواس

1- Last summer, I went on a (<u>***trip***</u>/**travel**) to Italy.
2- Tonight, I am going to stay (**in**/<u>***at***</u>) home.
3- I sometimes (<u>***do***</u>/**make**) voluntary work for a charity.
4- Her father works (<u>***with***</u>/**by**) refugees.
5- The trip (**had**/<u>***took***</u>) for months.
6- We are looking (<u>***for***</u>/**at**) volunteers for a street collection.
7- This medical research will help to (**win**/<u>***save***</u>) thousands of lives.

5 Complete the sentences with these prepositions.

for, in, at, from, to اكمل الجمل الاتية مع احد هذه الظروف

I worked in India (**1**) <u>***in***</u> 1999. I stayed in a small village (**2**) <u>***for***</u> six months and taught and taught in a primary school. I got up (**3**) <u>***at***</u> six o'clock (**4**) <u>***in***</u> the morning and I worked (**5**) <u>***from***</u> seven-thirty (**6**) <u>***to***</u> one o'clock. (**7**) <u>***in***</u> the afternoon , I had a sleep (**8**) <u>***for***</u> about an hour. Then, (**9**) <u>***in***</u> The evening, I worked (**10**) <u>***for***</u> a couple of hours in a centre for adult education. It was very hard work, but it was a fantastic experience.

6 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. اكمل الجمل الاتية مع الصيغة الصحيحة للكلمات بين الاقواس

1- My brother is a <u>***medical***</u> student. (**medicine**)
2- She works for a <u>***voluntary***</u> organization. (**volunteer**)
3- I think the <u>***protection***</u> of the environment is very important. (**protect**)
4- Can you send me more <u>***information***</u> about that product, please? (**inform**)

Pronunciation التلفظ

7 Mark the word stress patterns on the underlined words.

1- They've got a fantastic selection of trainers.
2- She got a magazine from the newsagent's.
3- That's a nice colourful jacket.
4- Can you use the Internet on your computer?
5- She gave me an interesting cassette.
6- He bought an expensive motorbike.

Now listen and repeat the sentences.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	magazine / newsagent	5	Interesting / cassette
3	colourful jacket	6	expensive / motorbike
4	internet / computer		

8 Add an 'r' to the words below. How does the sound change?

Example : 1 *arm*

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	am/arm	4	**he/her**
2	had/hard	5	**you/your**
3	at/art		

Language Problem-Solving 3

ZERO CONITIONAL

1 Read the sentences and answer the questions below.

*Water **freezes** if the temperature **is** below O ̊C.*
*Children **cry** if they **are** frightened.*
*If you **work** all night, you**'re** tired the next morning.*

Do these sentences talk about: هل هذه الجمل تتحدث عن

a) the future? Yes/***No***
b) things that are generally true? ***Yes***/No
c) events that always follow other events? ***Yes***/no
d) the past? Yes/***No***

What tense do we use in sentences like these? اي زمن استعملنا في هذه الجمل

We use the Present Simple tense

2 Choose the better endings (a or b) for these sentences.

1- If we are late,
a) the teacher gets angry. b) the teacher is happy.

2- If you eat chocolate every day,
a) you get thinner. *b) you get fatter*.

3- If the weather is bad,
a) I stay at home. b) I go for a walk.

4- If you do exercise every day.
a) you get ill. *b) you get fit*.

5- If a play is boring,
a) I leave the theatre. b) I stay to the end.

6- If I have any free time,
a) I watch TV. b) *I do exercise*.

TEST 5 Use of English

A Complete the sentences *with is/are (not) going to* and the correct verb from the box. (8 points)

Work buy get up watch study
go take come be

0- She *is going to study* medicine next year.
1- I love animals. I ***am going to be*** a vet.
2- She was late again. Tomorrow she ***is going to come*** earlier.
3- ***Are*** you ***going to buy*** that red coat? It's only ten pounds.
4- We ***are going to watch*** the football game on television tonight.
5- They ***are going to work*** for a voluntary organisation when they finish school.
6- Ali is ill in bad upstairs. He ***is not going to come*** to school today.
7- ***Are*** you ***going to take me*** to my house after school today?
8- They ***are going to study*** a year off after university.

B Circle the correct word in each in sentences. (6 points)

0- I'm planning *study* / *to study* medicine.

1- I want to go to Africa *during* / ***for*** six months.
2- She starts her computer course ***this*** / *for* summer.
3- There was a lot of ***good*** / *successful* weather on the trip.
4- ***Could*** / *Do* I speak to Mr Banks, please?
5- We've got a lot of food ***for*** / *to* the volunteers.
6- They want to raise money ***for*** / *to* children in Africa.

C Match the verbs (0 – 8) with the expressions (a – i).

(4 points – 0.5 point each)

0- give a) for a sponsor
1- do b) money for charity
2- raise c) old people
3- work d) a sponsored walk
4- visit e) trees
5- take f) clothes to charities
6- go on g) voluntary work
7- plant h) with homeless children
8- ask i) a week off

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	a	5	b
2	g	6	d
3	i	7	e
4	h	8	c

D Complete the sentences with correct words. You can see the first letter(s) of each word.

(6 points)

0- How long does it take you to get work by bus?
1- B***lind*** people can't see.
2- D***isabled*** people often cannot walk.
3- H***omeless*** people have nowhere to live.
4- My father is a doctor and does r***eact*** into cancer.
5- We often help at school e ***veryday*** like plays and sports days.
6- Last year we learnt a lot about the pr***esent*** of the environment.

E Choose the best adjective to complete the text.

(6 points)

confident difficult proud bad
hard incredible brilliant

0- They had very ***bad*** weather on the trip.
1- Peter is a ***brilliant*** doctor. Everyone wants to see him at the hospital.
2- I enjoyed the trip but walking up mountains was very ***hard*** work.
3- She thinks she is going to win. She feels very ***confident***.
4- The father feels very ***proud*** of his new baby.
5- I want to learn Japanese but I think it is a very ***difficult*** language.
6- To go round Britain a canoe when you are blind is an ***incredible*** achievement.

TEST 6 Use of English

A Use the cues to make predictions with *will* or *will not*. (5 points)

0- In the future, shopping malls ***will be*** (**be**) much bigger.
1- Students ***will not study*** (**not study**) in traditional classrooms.
2- They ***will work*** (**work**) in computer rooms.
3- I think children ***will wear*** (**wear**) very fashionable uniforms in the future.
4- One day. everyone ***will do*** (**do**) their shopping on the Internet.
5- Where ***we will buy*** (**we buy**) our newspapers in the future?

B Complete the sentences with *will, won't, (am, are, is) going to or not going to.* (8 points)

0- I think most people *will* have mobile phones in the future.
1- Fahad feels ill. He ***is going to*** visit a doctor on Monday.
2- I ***am going to*** watch TV this evening because there's a good film on.
3- We have two tests next week. We ***will*** study hard this weekend.
4- In the future, everybody ***is going to*** know how to use a computer.
5- That's not true! She ***will not*** move to Jordan. She decided to stay here.
6- Do you think people ***will*** travel to other planets in the next twenty years?
7- My brother loves mathematics. He ***is going*** be an engineer.
8- I hope there ***will not*** be any more wars.

C Complete the text with the prepositions from the box. You use some prepositions more than once (4 points - 0.5 points each)

on into to at for around

My aunt is a rel shopaholic. Every Friday she leaves home (**0**) *at* none o'clock and goes (**1**) ***to*** the nearest shopping centre. She goes (**2**) ***around*** every boutique, looks (**3**) ***for*** and tries (**4**) ***into*** everything she likes. She usually comes home with a new dress or a pair of trousers (**5**) ***for*** a couple of hours. Last week, I told my aunt to start shopping (**6**) ***on*** The Internet. She liked the idea very much and (**7**) ***for*** two weeks she looked (**8**) ***for*** new clothes and bought them only online. But next Friday she is going to shop in a 'real' shopping centre again.

D Write the plural forms of these words. (3 points–0.5 points each)

ت	الكلمة	الجواب
0	man	*men*
1	child	children
2	watch	watches
3	scarf	scarves
4	skirt	skirts
5	woman	women
6	foot	feet

E Write down the prices in words. (5 points)

0- 6000 IQD *six thousand Iraq Dinars*.
1- 30c *thirty cents*.
2- £7.99 *seven point ninety nine pounds*.
3- 15.30 *fifteen point thirty*.
4- 75p *seventy five penny*.
5- 0.40 *point forty*.

F Replace the words in brackets with a pronoun. (5 points)

0- I like these trainers. You can buy (**these trainers**) *them* at Sportswear.com
1- The children liked the film. (**The children**) ……… want to see it again.
2- This is your ticket. Did you buy (**your ticket**) ……… online?
3- The bag is real leather and (**the bag**) ……… is only 12000 IQD.
4- We liked the shirts and decided to buy (**the shirts**) ………. .
5- This is football T-shirt. (**football**) ………. is on the front.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	they	4	them
2	yours	5	it
3	it		

Unit Seven

7 Computers



2 **Match the Key Words with the objects in the photo.**

KEY WORDS: Using the computer
CD (compact disk) مشغل الاقراص الليزرية . Floppy disk مشغل الاقراص الصلبة , keyboard لوحة المفاتيح , mouse الفارة , printer الطابعة , screen الشاشة

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	**keyboard**	4	**CD**
2	**mouse**	5	**printer**
3	**floppy disk**	6	**screen**

3 **Listen to an interview and complete the questionnaire with the student's answers.**

1- Are you interested in computers?
Yes ☐ They're OK. ☐ ***No*** ☐

2- when do you use computer?
playing games ☐
doing homework ☐
doing work at school ☐
surfing the Internet ☐
shopping on the Internet ☐
sending e-mails ☐

3- Do you think computers are important for your Future work?
Yes ☐ No ☐

Tape script

Boy 1: Can I ask you some questions please?
Boy 2: Yeah, sure
Boy 1: Are you interested in computers?
Boy 2: Er, no, not really, no.
Boy 1: When do you use computer?
Boy 2: Well, we've got a computer at home, and I use for homework. My parents use the computer for e-mail, but I don't. My friends haven't got e-mail.
Boy 1: Do you think computers are important for your future work?
Boy 2: Yes, I'm sure they are. I want to be an architect, and I need to work with computers …

13 Inventors

Before you start

1 Match the words below with the descriptions (a – c)

computer code mini-computer operating system

a) It controls how computer work, e.g. *Windows 98, Linux*.
b) A very small computers you can wear on your body.
c) A special program that makes shopping and banking on the Internet safer.

الكلمة	الجواب	الكلمة	الجواب
computer code	**c**	**operating system**	**a**
mini-computer	**b**		

2 Listen and complete the interview.

Salma Salama has been in Japan. She has interviewed same of the mast important people in the world of computer. Including Dr Suji Yo from Katahama Digital.

SS: Dr Yo. How many (1) ***computers*** have you invented?
Dr Y: Well, I've invented lots of different computers, but this year I haven't worked on many projects. We have produced a new mini-computer, but the company hasn't started to sell it.
SS: Has your company decided on a (2) ***name***?
Dr Y: Yes, we've called it *Cyclops*.
SS: Have people used the computer ?
Dr Y: Yes, they have. My son has tried it and he says it's (3) ***great*** on the Tokyo underground! You can use it to do your work or just to (4) ***surf*** the Internet or play games. And it's got a videophone. Have you every used a mini-computer?
SS: I've used computers, of course, but I've never used a mini-computer.

صور معظم اجزاء الحاسوب مع اسمائها الانكليزية



THE PRESENT PERFECT المضارع التام

Presentation

3 Complete the sentences from the text with *have/has* or *haven't/hasn't.*

Affirmative	
I / you / we / they he / she / it	We ***have*** **produced** a new mini-computer My son ***has*** **tried** the new computer.
Question	
I / you / we / they he / she / it	How many computers ***have*** you **invented**? ***has*** your company **decided** on a name?
Negative	
I / you / we / they he / she / it	I ***haven't*** **worked** on many projects this year. The company ***hasn't*** **started** to sell it.

4 Find more examples of the Present Perfect in the text. Then complete the rules.

1- We from the Present Perfect with ***Have/has*** + third form of the verb.

2- We use the Present Perfect:

a) when the action is happening now.

b) to show exactly when the action happened.

c) when the action happened sometime in the past but we don't know or care when it happened.

6 Contraction. Listen and repeat the sentences.

Do you hear *'s (has) or 've (have)*?

الحل :

Tapes script and Answers 

1- We've finished. (**have**)
2- She hasn't started. (**has not**)
3- They've used. (**have**)
4- I haven't used it. (**have not**)
5- He's designed it. (**has**)
6- He hasn't asked me. (**has not**)
7- You've decided. (**have**)
8- It's stopped (**has**)

7 Write the verbs in brackets in the correct form of the Present Perfect.

1- we ***have decided*** to buy a computer. (**decide**)
2- ***Have*** you ever ***used*** e-mail? (**use**)
3- Iraq ***has not tried*** to send people to Mars. (**not try**)
4- ***Has*** he ever ***designed*** a new car? (**design**)
5- I **have never sent** an e-mail. (**never send**)

8 Use the cues to write sentences about the life of Linus Torvalds. Use the Present Perfect.

Example : *Linus has invented a compler operating system called* Linux.
1- Linus/invent/ a computer operating system called *Linux.*
2- he/move/from Finland to California.
3- millions of people/start/ to use his program.
4- he/not earn/any money from it.
5- he/refuse/offers from big software companies.

ت	الجواب
2	He has moved from Finland to California.
3	Millions of people have started to use his program.
4	He has not earned any money from it.
5	He has refused offers from big software companies.

9 Read these Predictions made in 1900.

Write sentences about those that *have* and *haven't* happened.
Example: *People have landed on the Moon.*
In the next century people will:

ت	الجواب
2	People have Climbed Mount Everest.
3	People haven't developed a cure for all diseases.
4	People have invented a computer.
5	People haven't started a colony in space.
6	People haven't discovered life on other planets.

14 Computer Magic

Before you start

1 Match the Key Words with these parts of the body.

mouth, brain, eyes, ears, fingers

KEY WORDS:
feel, hear, move, see, speak, think, touch

Answersالحل	
feel/ fingers	speak/mouth
hear/ ears	think/brain
move/ fingers(mouth, eyes)	touch/fingers
see/eyes	

2 Read the article. Write three ways computers can help disabled people.

Example: *Computer can help blind people 'see' using ...*

Suggested Answersالحل

1- Computers can help blind people 'see' using their ears.
2- Computers can help blind people 'see' by touching the screen and feeling vibrations.
3- Computers can help blind people 'read' a text by changing text into speech.
4- Computers can help people who can't speak communicate how they feel to other people by in denying people's emotions.
5- Computers can help disabled people perform activities like eating and drinking.
6- Computers can help disabled or very children make friends with children who have suffered the same problems.

3 What do the underlined words in the text refer to?

Example : then - *some disabled people*

Answersالحل

Section 2 them/pictures Section 3 they/Blind people
Section 4 it (twice)/Mindmouse Section 6 it/Handy 1
Section 7 them/disabled or very ill children

5 Match the verbs (1-8) with the nouns (a-h). You can match some verbs with more than one noun.

1- make	a) games
2- do	b) a picture
3- meet	c) television
4- see	d) my homework
5- hear	e) friends
6- play	f) a noise
7- watch	g) people
8- look at	h) an accident

Use the words to write eight sentences about you and people you know.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	e; f	5	f
2	d	6	a
3	e; g	7	c; g
4	b; e; g; h	8	b; c; g

6 Read the Listening Strategies box.

LISITENING STRATEGIES: Stressed Words

- When you listen in English, concentrate on the stressed words. These give the meaning.
- You don't have to listen every word.
- Some words in English nearly 'disappear'.

الحل :

Tapes script 

Woman 1: So you're using your new computer a lot?

Woman 2 : Yes It's great. You know, I can do lots of things. I don't have to go shopping. I can do it on the internet. You know, I can get food clothes, anything.

Answer : on the Internet

7 Listen to the dialogue. Complete the Function File with these words. after, before, finally, first, like, next, so, then, to, when

Function File	
	Giving Instructions **Woman 1**: How do you use it? **Woman 2**: Well, (**1**) ***first***, you switch it on here. **Woman 1**: What do you do (**2**) ***next***? **Woman 2**: (**3**) ***After*** that, you wait a bit (**4**) ***When*** it is reedy, you can start. **Woman 1**: (**5**) ***So***, how can you get on to the Internet? **Woman 2**: (**6**) ***To*** get on to the Internet, all ok on this loon (**7**) ***like*** This – with the mouse. You can send or receive e-mail messages. Click on this program. **Woman 1**: How do you print something? **Woman 2**: Well, (**8**) ***before*** you start, make sure there's paper in the printer! (**9**) ***Then*** Click on this. To switch is off, click on this. (**10**) ***Finally***, switch it off here.

Communication Workshop

Writing: Instructions

Before you start

Complete the instruction for using a camera. Use these words.

1- ***first*** you have to buy a film! 2- ***Then*** put the film into the camera.
3- ***Before*** you take a photo, think about the light.
4- ***For example***, on sunny days, press the yellow button.
5- ***When*** you have finished the film, take it out carefully.
6- ***After*** that, take it to a shop that develops films.
7- ***Finally***, collect your photos when they are ready.

TEST 7 Use of English

A Write the verbs in brackets in the correct form of the Present Perfect. (8 points)

0- Computer ***have started*** to change the lives of some disabled people. (**start**)
1- ***have*** you every ***used*** a mini-computer? (**use**)
2- Linus Torvalds ***has designed*** anew computer operating system. (**design**)
3- Many computer companies ***have offered*** sarah Flannery work. (**offer**)
4- Dr Yo, how many computer ***have*** you ***invented***? (**invent**)
5- People ***have not tried*** to start a colony in space. (**not try**)
6- ***Has*** he ***sent*** an e-mail? (**send**)
7- I ***have climbed*** that mountain many times. (**climb**)
8- They ***have not camp*** in the mountains before. (**not camp**)

B Match the verbs (0 – 8) with the expressions (a-i)

(4 points – 0.5 point each)

0- play	a) e-mails
1- send	b) the icon
2- press	c) a button
3- click on	d) homework
4- surf	e) a computer game
5- put	f) the volume
6- do	g) a coin into the machine
7- turn down	h) a noise
8- make	i) the Internet

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	a	5	g
2	c	6	d
3	b	7	i
4	f	8	h

C Complete the instructions on how to send an e-mail with these words. (5 points)

have sent then have finished first screen finally

0- *first* switch on the computer.
1- Next, click on the e-mail icon on the ………. .
2- ………. write your letter using the mouse and the keyboard.
3- When you ……………. , click on the 'send' icon.
4- ………. wait for the letter to disappear.
5- Now you ……………. an e-mail!

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	screen	4	finally
2	then	5	have sent
3	have finished		

D Complete the multi-part verb with correct word. Some words can be used more than once. (7 points)

into down off up out

0- On Mondays I usually get *up* at seven o'clock.
1- Turn the volume ………. , pleas. I can't hear it.
2- He went to bed at 11 p.m. and forgot to switch ………. the kitchen.
3- Can you pick ………. the pen, pleas? It's there, on the floor.
4- The bread is ready. Take it ………. of the oven now, please.
5- He is putting a few thoughts ………. on paper.
6- Put some money ………. the drinks machine and press the button.
7- Switch ………. the television before you go to bed.

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	down	5	down
2	off	6	into
3	up	7	off
4	out		

E Write verbs matching the parts of the body. (6 points)

0- mouth *speak*
1- fingers ……….
2- brain ……….
3- eyes ……….
4- ears ……….
5- nose ……….
6- arms ……….

ت	الكلمة	الجواب
1	fingers	touch
2	brain	thing
3	eyes	see
4	ears	hear
5	nose	smell
6	arms	Hold

Literature Spot 1
The Prince and the Pauper

Before you start

1 Read about Mark Twain and answers these questions.

1- What kind of people did Twain write about?
2- What adjectives describe his books?
3- Which of his stories do you know?

ت	الجواب
1	He wrote about children.
2	famous , funny, interesting
3	students' own answers

2 The words below are important in the story. Complete the table. Use the Mini-Dictionary to help you.

king prince kill guards steal soldiers hit be crowned bow

الحل :

words to do with a thief	words to do with a palace
kill, steal, hit	king, prince, guards ,soldiers, be crowned, bow

Reading and Listening

3 Read and listen to the story. Order the events.

a) Tom's father kills a man.
b) The prince, Edward, sees Tom and invites him into the palace.
c) Tom puts on Edward's clothes. People think he is the prince.
d) Tom is a poor boy who lives with his father, who is a thief.
e) Tom and Edward stay friends and Tom lives with the new king.
f) Tom likes visiting the palace but the guards are angry and hit him.
g) The king dies and people tell Tom that he is now the king.
h) John and Andrew find Edward. and Edward goes home with them.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	d	5	h
2	f	6	a
3	b	7	g
4	c	8	e

4 Read the story again and answer these questions:

1- How did Andrew help Tom?
2- Why did Edward want to be Tom?
3- Did Edward like being poor? What happened to him?
4- Did Tom like being the prince? Why /Why not?
5- Who died in the story? How did the die?
6- Why was the stamp important in the story?

ت	الجواب
1	He taught him to read, write and be polite.
2	He wanted to do the things Tom did
3	No. Boys laughed at him and threw him in the river.
4	No, He wanted to play by the river and go home
5	Andrew died because John hit him. The king died because he was ill.
6	Only the real prince knew where it was.

Literature Spot 2
The Fruits of Labour

Before you start

1 Read the background and answers the following questions.

1- What does 'The Fruits of Labour' promote?
2- Name three impressive things about the businessman.

ت	الجواب
1	*The Fruits of Labour* promote the value of hard work and family values.
2	He is wise, made his wealth through hard work, and loves his family.

Reading and Listening

2 Read and listen to the story. Order the events.

a) This time he went crying to his sister.
b) Her heart melted at the sight of tears.
c) One of the shopkeepers there told him that he would pay him two rupees if he carried his trunk to his trunk to his house.
d) He wanted him to realise the value of labour and effort.
e) The father handed over the keys of his shop to the son.
f) Again the father's wisdom told him that the coin was not earned by his son.
g) The father was a man of wisdom and experience and guessed that the coin was give to him by the boy's mother.
h) He told him that a person feels the pain only when the fruits of hard labour are wasted.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	d	5	f	3	g	7	h
2	b	6	c	4	a	8	e

3 Read the story again and answers these questions.

1- What did the son like and dislike?
2- Why did the son run to his mother?
3- Where did the boy's mother go? Why?
4- When the businessman sent his son out a second time, what did he threaten him with?
5- Why did the son agree to carry the trunk of the shopkeeper?
6- Why did the son vow never to be lazy?

ت	الجواب
1	The son liked relaxing and playing all day and he disliked hard work.
2	He ran to his mother because he was callous. cunning and not used to any kind of work.
3	They boy's mother went to her parent town. Her husband sent her there so that she couldn't help her son anymore.
4	The businessman said again that he would not have anything for dinner that evening.
5	The son agreed carry the shopkeeper's trunk because there was no other way for him to get money to give to his father for dinner that evening.
6	The son vowed never to be lazy because he had now realised the value of hard work.

4 Match the words (1-6) from the story with their meanings (a-f).

1- responsible
2- callous
3- denied
4- sympathized
5- drenched
6- wealth

a) Money and possessions
b) Made thoroughly wet
c) Worthy of trust
d) Not allowed
e) Cruel and having no sympathy for the sympathy for the suffering of the people
f) Felt or showed pity for another person's problems or suffering

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	c	4	f
2	e	5	b
3	d	6	a

Literature Spot 3

The War of the Worlds

Before you start

1 Read about H.G. Wells and answer the questions.

1- When did H.G. Wells start writing stories?
2- What did H.G. Wells study and use in many of his books?
3- Name four of his books which are now films. Have you seen them?
4- Why did many people in America leave their homes in 1938 out of fear?

ت	الجواب
1	when he was hurt playing football and had to stay in bed several months
2	science
3	The island of *Dr Moreau, The Time Machine. The invisible Man and The War of the Worlds*
4	They heard the story on the radio and thought it was real. They were afraid.

2 Match the words from the story with their meanings.

1- cure a) not able to move or run away
2- destroy b) to kill or break something into pieces
3- narrator c) a living thing from Mars
4- escape d) a person who tells a story
5- be trapped e) leave somewhere you don't want to be
6- Martian f) something that stops you being ill

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	f	4	e
2	b	5	a
3	d	6	c

Reading and listening

3 Read and listen to the story. Say if the sentences are True (T) or False (F).

1- The scientists on Earth knew that the Martians were planning to attack.
2- Mars is colder and a worse place to live that Earth.
3- Martians knew more about technology than people on Earth did.
4- The people in England tried to talk to the Martians.
5- The Martians used only machines and gas to kill people.
6- People were frightened and left London.
7- The narrator stayed in London and saw what Martians were doing.
8- The Martians picked up rubbish and drank water.
9- Finally, soldiers killed all the Martians.
10- The narrator found his wife in a room in his house.

ت	الجواب
1	F
2	T
3	T
4	T
5	F (they used laser guns. machines and gas)
6	T
7	T
8	F (they picked up people)
9	F (Earth's illnesses killed the Martians)
10	F (she was in the garden)

4 Read the story again and answer these questions:

1- What were the lights and explosions that scientists saw on Mars at the start?

2- Who did not believe the narrator at the beginning?

3- What happened to most of the soldiers who fought the Martians?

4- Why did the narrator stay in London?

5- How did the Martians communicate?

6- Why did the narrator leave the room in London?

7- What have people learnt at the end of the story?

ت	الجواب
1	They were the Martians taking off.
2	The people in the village and the newspapers in London.
3	The Martians killed them.
4	He wanted to find his wife.
5	They communicated by thinking.
6	He ate all the food and drank all the drink.
7	They have learnt that they have to go into space, and they have to get technology the Martians have, or perhaps the Martians will attack again.

Word Corner

Holidays

Complete the sentences with words from the box

~~explore~~, safari, camp, cruise, apartment, beach, hostel

1- *Explore* Greece, Iraq , Lebanon , Morocco and Spain with Med – Ship. Enjoy a Mediterranean ***cruise*** in style.

2- You are always worried. You need to relax. You need to lie on the ***beach*** and listen to the sea. You need Sea Solutions.

3- At Total Tours we make travelling easy. Do you want to stay in a luxury ***Apartment*** or a youth ***hostel***? You decide, we book.

4- Bored of the beach? Do you want an exciting holiday in the heart of the Africa? Then Lion ***safari*** is for you.

5- Welcome to the Luxury life. **camp** outside in a tent but live in luxury. Our sites offer restaurants, swimming pools cafes and more!

2 COMMUNICATION الاتصالات

Functions

1 At the hotel في الفندق

These people are talking at the Royal Hotel. Complete the dialogues below the correct phrases from the box.

~~excuse me~~
Have you get a single room or a double room?
Can you complete this form. please ?
How long are you here for ?
65.000 IQD a night
Here's your key
Three nights
Go down this corridor

ت	الجواب
2	Go down this corridor
3	How long are you here for
4	Three nights
5	Have you get a single room nr a double room
6	65.000 IQD a night
7	Can you complete this form. please
8	Here's your key

Vocabulary

2 Match the kinds of holiday (1 – 6) with the examples (a-f) Write your answers in order, starting with your favourite as Number 1.

Kinds of holiday	Examples
1- cruise	a) trekking in the mountains
2- adventure holiday	b) to see the animals in Kenya
3- safari	c) in a big city like Paris
4- relaxing on the beach	d) near a lake
5- sightseeing	e) near the sea
6- staying at a campsite	f) around the Greek islands

ت	الجواب
2	a) trekking in the mountains
3	b) to see the animals in Kenya
4	e) near the sea
5	c) in a big city like Paris
6	d) near a lake

3 Complete the sentences with the correct word . (page 10)

terrible, dirty, ~~noisy~~, expensive, unfriendly

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	unfriendly	4	terrible
3	expensive	5	dirty

Focus on Writing علامات التنقيط

1 Punctuation

Write these addresses again in your notebook with capital letters, commas and full stops. اكتب هذه العناوين مرة ثانية بالحروف الكبيرة والفوارز ونقاط النهائية

1- the royal hotel/tudor park/london nw3 5re/england
2- palestine street/al-hamra/ po box 2743/jeddah 21423/ksa
3- umm uthaina/po box 140555/amman 11814/jordan
4- Sadoon street/albataween/ po box 2439/baghdad/iraq
5- al-mussalla tower/khalid bin waleed road/po box 32890/dubai/uae

ت	الجواب
1	The Royal Hotel,Tudor Park,London NW3 5RE,England.
2	Palestine Street, Al-Hamra, PO Box 2743, Jeddah 21423, KSA.
3	Umm Uthaina, PO Box 140555, Amman 11814, Jordan.
4	Sadoon Street, Al Bataween, PO Box 2439, Baghdad, Iraq.
5	Al-Mussalla Tower, Khalid Bin Waleed Road, PO Box 32890Dubai/UAE.

2 Spelling الإملاء

Write these words with the correct – ing form of the verbs in brackets.

تضاعف الحروف الصحيحة والنهائية قبل ing-

عندما يكون صوت صحيح واحد بعد حرف العلة مثل : *stop – stopping*

ولكن لا تضاعف الحرف الصحيح عندما يكون حرفان صحيحان بعد صوت عله قبل ing *camp – camping*

1- The train is *stopping* (**stop**) here for five minutes.

2- they are ***trekking*** (**trek**) in the mountains.

3- Ali is ***swimming*** (**swim**) in the new pool.

4- They are ***waiting*** (**wait**) for him in the hotel reception.

5- Are you ***watching*** (**watch**) that film?

6- We are ***sailing*** (**sail**) round the islands.

7- I'm ***putting*** (**put**) the room key on the table, OK?

3 Linking with *and* , *also* and too (and also too) الربط بكلمات

Put the words in brackets in the correct order and write the sentences with full stops.

أن كلا من also **و** and **و** too **لهم نفس المعنى وتأتي في الجملة الثانية قبل الفعل ولكن بعد** (can) **أو** (to be) **وتأتي** (too) **كذلك في نهاية الجملة الثانية.** مثل

- Grandfather likes apples. He also likes cherries.
- Grandfather was in the garden. Fakhri was also there.
- Grandfather was in the garden. Fakhri was there, too.

1- **We usually go on holiday to Dubai.** (go/Our/every/too/friends/there/year.)
Our friends go there every year, too

2- **the receptionist was unfriendly.** (were/The/rude/waiters/also)

3- **Where was the hotel ?** (and/The hotel/next/beach/the/its gardens/were/to)

4- **You can see the sea from my room.**(also/You/Royal/can/the/see/Hotel)

5- **You can buy souvenirs at the hotel.**(them/in/You/can/too/buy/town,/the)

6- **Diyala is one of my favourite cities.** (also/it/a/My/sister/ likes/lot)

ت	الجواب
2	The waiters were also rude.
3	The hotel and its gardens were next to the beach.
4	You can also see the Royal Hotel.
5	You can buy them in the town, too.
6	My sister also likes it a lot.

Unit Two
2 Cultures

3 GRAMMAR
Present Simple and Present Continuous

1 Present Simple or Present Continuous?

Write *Present Simple or Continuous* next to each sentences. Then underline the words that you know each tense.

أكتب زمن المضارع البسيط أو المضارع المستمر بعد كل جملة وضع خطأ تحت الفعل الصحيح لكل زمن.

1- Maya always helps her mother in the kitchen.
Present Simple
2- Ali usually gets up very early.
3- Fakhri is playing football at the moment .
4- What are you doing right now? I'm doing m homework.
5- Ahmed works in an office. He doesn't work on Fridays.
6- Do you often play tennis? Yes, I do . I play tennis every week .
7- Talal is playing a game with her sister now .
8- It isn't raining today . 9- We go on holiday every year .
10- In our house, my mother generally wakes up first .

ت	الجواب
2	Present Simple usually
3	Present Continuous: at the moment
4	Present Continuous: right now
5	Present Simple: at Fridays
6	Present Simple: often ،every week
7	Present Continuous: now
8	Present Continuous: today
9	Present Simple: every day
10	Present Simple: generally

2 Present Simple or Present Continuous ?

Circle the correct form .. ضع دائرة حول الصيغة لزمن المضارع البسيط أو المضارع المستمر

1- Ali always *eat* / *is eating* a lot of fruit.
2- Huda *reads*/***is reading*** a magazine at the moment .


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طباعة كافة المطبوعات التجارية بمختلف الأحجام
07400011527
almaktab1@yahoo.com
لأننا نقرأ ملازم الاعرجي المتميزة ننجح دائماً

3- My mother *cooks*/***is cooking*** dinner now .
4- Where's Dad? He *takes*/***is taking*** Noor to the zoo .
5- It's very hot today. I *wear*/***am wearing*** a T- shirt .
6- Nabeel usually ***does***/*is doing* his homework in his bedroom .
7- Ahmad's father is a doctor. He ***helps***/*is helping* ill people every day .
8- Do you often ***write***/*are writing* e-mails? Yes, I ***write***/*am writing* an e-mail to my cousin every week.
9- What *do you do*/***are you doing*** at the moment? I watch/am watching my favourite football team play on television .
10- My mother generally ***goes***/*is going* to the market once a week. She *buys/is buying* lots of fruit and vegetables.

3 Present Simple or Present Continuous?

Complete the dialogues with the correct form of the Present Simple or the Present Continuous.

أكمل الجواب بالصيغة الصحيحة لزمن المضارع البسيط والمستمر. صفحة(١٢)

1- What *are you doing* (do) at the moment?
I *'m writing* (**write**) an e-mail. I usually *write* to my cousin once a week .
2- I ***'m going*** (**go**) to the market now to buy some fish. I generally ***go*** (**go**) to the market every Wednesday .
3- where's Huda? She ***is visiting*** (visit) her grandparents. She often ***visits*** (**visit**) them with her mother.
4- What job ***does your father do*** (**your father/do**)? He's an architect. He ***works*** (**work**) in an office. Today he ***isn't work*** (**not/work**) because he ***is visiting*** (**visit**) his brother .
5- How often ***do you play*** (**you/play**) basketball? I ***play*** (**play**) with a team every week. We usually ***practice*** (**practice**) on Fridays. We **are *not practicing*** (**not/practice**) today because we have a competition this afternoon!
6- What ***are you doing*** (**you/do**) at the moment? Do you want to play football? I ***am eating*** (**eat**) my lunch. Can we play football later ?
7- Layla always ***goes*** (**go**) swimming on Thursdays. She usually ***takes*** (**take**) her sister with her but today she went alone because her sister ***is working*** (**work**) in the library.
8- Tariq and Mahmood generally ***use*** (**use**) the computers at school. They usually ***arrive*** (**arrive**) at school very early to use the computers before class starts .

4 Present Simple or Present Continuous ?

Complete the information about the people in the pictures .

أكمل المعلومات الصحيحة لهذه الصورة بالزمن المضارع البسيط والمضارع المستمر

1- Pilot ……….

a) *He flies planes all over the world. He often gets up very early. He lives close to the airport. He generally works a lot of hours.*

b) *At the moment, he is having dinner with his wife.*



2- Journalist a) ……….

b) At the moment, ………

3- Chef a) ………..

b) ……….

4- Teacher a) ………..

b) ………..

5- Doctor a) ………..

b) ………...

ت	الجواب
2	He interviews people. He wears a suit. He carries a notebook. He uses a microphone. At the moment, he is playing football. He is wearing a tracksuit.
3	He works in a kitchen. He cooks food for people in a restaurant. At the moment, he is reading a newspaper. He is sitting in an armchair.
4	She teaches in a classroom. She uses a blackboard. At the moment, she is walking in the mountains with her friend.
5	She helps ill people. At the moment, she is playing a game with her child.

Language Problem – Solving

Indefinite pronouns

Look at the sentences and answer the questions.

أنظر إلى هذه الجمل واجب عن الأسئلة.

Does **anyone** want to go to the library now to study?
I want **someone** to come with me to the market.
Kareem didn't see **anything** he wanted to buy.
Everyone is going to pass the exam.

Which words do we use in affirmative sentences?

…………. ………….

Which word do we use in questions ?

………….

Which word do we use in negative sentences ?

…………

Now choose the correct words from the box to complete the sentences. There is one word that you do not need to use .

والآن اختر الكلمات الصحيحة من المربع لإكمال الجمل وهناك كلمة واحدة لا تحتاجها.

anywhere, everywhere, nowhere, somewhere, ~~everyone~~
anything, everything, nothing, someone, anyone, no one

1- Is *everyone* here now? Yes, they are all waiting in the living room.
2- Is there ***anything*** I can do to help?
3- there's ***someone*** at the door. Yes, I think it's Uncle Waleed.
4- Did you see ***anyone*** you know at the library? Yes, I sew Ameen and Khalid.
5- There are no snack shops ***anywhere***. I'm really Hungry!
6- I'd like to go ***somewhere*** different on holiday this year. Hoy about the mountains?
7- There's ***nothing*** for lunch in the cupboards. I have to go shopping.
8- Did you pass all of your exams? Yes, I passed ***everything***! I'm really happy .
9- There's ***no one*** here! The restaurant is empty!
10- I've lost my keys! I've looked ***everywhere*** for them. Can you help me to look for them ?

Affirmative sentences – someone/everyone
Questions – anyone
Negative sentences – anything

4 COMMUNICATION

Functions

1 Being polite التعابير المؤدبة

Nada is staying with her pen friend, Anne Robinson, in London Correct what Nada says to make it more polite. Use the phrases in the box. You can use some words several times.

I'm afraid, I'd like, thank you, excuse me,

Anne: Tea or coffee, Nada?

Nada: ~~Tea~~, **(1)** Tea, *please* .



Mrs Robinson: This is cottage pie, Nada. It's meat and vegetables with potatoes on top .

Nada: ~~I don't eat meat~~. **(2)** ………. I don't eat meat.

Nada: ~~Can I have some fruit juice~~? **(3)** ………

Can I have some fruit juice, **(4)** ………. ?

Mrs Robinson: Yes, of course. There's some in the Fridge.



Mrs Robinson: ……… and for you, Nada?

Nada: ~~I want some of that apple pie~~.

(5) ………. some of that apple pie,

(6) ………. .

Mrs Robinson: Of course, here you are.

Nada: OK. **(7)** ………… .

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	I'm afraid	5	I'd like
3	Excuse me	6	please
4	please	7	Thank you

2 When do you use these polite words and phrases?

متى تستخدم الكلمات أو الاصطلاحات المؤدبة.

1- Please ………

2- I'm afraid ………

3- Excuse me ………

ت	الجواب
1	when asking for something politely
2	when refusing something politely
3	When you want to get someone's attention

Vocabulary

3 Complete the text with correct time prepositions from the box

أكمل النص بحروف جر الزمان من المربع أدناه. (صفحة ١٤)

on, ~~from~~, to, after, in, at, from

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	to	5	after	8	at
3	on	6	from	9	at
4	in	7	to	10	on

Focus on Writing

1 Punctuation Dates in letters

Look at these three ways of writing the date in a letter and then complete the table.

a) 11 February 2004
b) 11/2/04
c) 11.2.04

a	b	c
1 April 2005 3) ……….. 5) ………. *19 August 1997*	1) ………… *25/12/04* 6) ………. 7) ……….	2) ……….. 4) ……….. *6.5.03* 8) ………

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	1/4/05	5	6 May 2003
2	1.4.05	6	6/5/03
3	25 December 2004	7	19/8/97
4	25.12.04	8	19.8.97

2 Spelling

The sound in these incomplete words is the same, but the spelling is different. Complete the words with the correct spelling *ou, oo* or *ue.*

الأصوات في هذه الكلمات غير الكاملة نفسه ولكن إملاءه مختلف أكمل هذه الكلمات بالحروف ou , oo , ue



1- *A day on the ice*
We hunted all day, that is tr u e
But we didn't sh …. T the carib …. .



2- *Into the garden*
'Where's the garden ?'
'Go right thr …. gh.
The garden's gree
And the swimming pool's bl …. .'



3- *I'm hungry*!
'What is there for dinner, please?'
'There's mushr….m s….p with bread and cheese.'
'Can l have an apple, t ….. ?'
'Of course, I've got one here for y…. .'

الحل :

ت	الجواب
1	oo - shoot / ou - caribou
2	ou – through / ue - blue
3	oo – mushroom / ou - soup / oo - too / ou - you

3 Linking with *anyway. Because* and *well (page15)*

الربط بكلمات (*anyway, Because , well*)

We use *because* to give the reason for something.

Example: *I liked London* ***because*** *people there were kind.*

We start a sentence with *anyway* when we want to say something new or different.

Example: *It was a really good weekend.* ***Anyway****, tell me about your holiday.*

We say *well* when we want more time to answer a question.

Example: *'Did you do your homework yesterday?'*

*'**Well**, I did some of it,'*

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	Anyway	6	Anyway
3	Well	7	because
4	because	8	Well
5	Well		

CHECK YOUR GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

ضبط القواعد والمفردات (المعاني).

1 Present Simple or Present Continuous?

Choose the correct verb form. **(1 mark each)**

1- I usually ***visit***/*am visiting* my relatives in Ninawa in the summer.

2- How often ***do you buy***/*are you buying* clothes?

3- What *do you do*/***are you doing*** ? *I'm tidying/I tidy* my bedroom.

4- Mahmood ***plays***/*is playing* sport every day after school.

5- My father generally ***works***/*is working* from home. He ***uses***/*is using* a computer.

2 Present Simple or Present Continuous?

Complete the letter with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

(1 mark each)

أكمل الرسالة بالصيغة الصحيحة للأفعال. (صفحة ١٦)

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	works	6	works	11	study
2	Gets up	7	works	12	Am/'m not playing
3	helps	8	am/'m studying	13	play
4	pack	9	have	14	Am/'m writing
5	takes	10	go	15	is /'s listening

3 Complete the conversation with the words in the box. *(1 mark each)*

anywhere (x2), everywhere, everyone, something (x2), anything, somewhere, everything, nothing

Fakhri: I looked **(1)** ***everywhere*** For you! I couldn't find you **(2)** ***anywhere***!

Talal: Let's get **(3)** ***something*** to eat. I didn't eat **(4)** ***anything*** For breakfast and there is **(5)** ***nothing*** in my lunchbox.

Fakhri: Do you want to go to The Queen of Burgers?

Talal: No, **(6)** ***everyone*** goes there. I want to eat **(7)** ***somewhere*** quiet, where we sit down. What about the Orient Restaurant?

Fakhri: But that's a long walk! My feet are hurting. I can't walk **(8)** ***anywhere*** now!

Talal: OK, then come to my house and my mum will make us **(9)** ***something*** nice.

Fakhri: Good idea. I love your mum's cooking. I like **(10)** ***everything*** she cooks.

4 Write the words and phrases in the correct places in the dialogue.
(2 marks each)

أكتب الكلمات و المصطلحات في مكانها الصحيح في الحوار أدناه.

please, 100,000 IQD, How much, How long, I'm afraid

Receptionist: Good morning. Can I help you?
Visitor: Good morning. I'd like a single room with a bathroom,**(1)** ……. .
Receptionist: **(2)** ……… there are no single rooms, only double rooms.
Visitor: **(3)** ……….. is a double room?
Receptionist:**(4)** ……… a night, sir.
Visitor: OK.
Receptionist:**(5)** ………. are you staying?
Visitor: Well, just one night, I think.

ت	الجواب
1	please
2	I'm afraid
3	How much
4	100,000 IQD
5	How long

CHECK YOUR PROGRESS تأكد من تقدمك في اللغة

Read the sentences carefully. Then complete the sentences with the correct words from a, b or c. (1.5 marks each)

1- On my last holiday, I went ……… . I saw lots of museums, galleries and monuments
a) on safari b) ***sightseeing*** c) on an adventure holiday

2- Sanaa went … . She saw lots of animals in the wild, including lions and tigers.
a) trekking b) sightseeing c) ***on safari***

3- Ameen ………. a good time on holiday.
a) ***had*** b) went c) have

4- I stayed in a ….We had a room and they gave us breakfast the next morning .
a) ***B & B*** b) beach apartment c) caravan park

5- The beach was very ……… . There lots of people and we couldn't find space to sit.
a) quiet b) unfriendly c) ***crowded***

6- The hotel room wasn't clean. It was very …….. .
a) freezing b) ***dirty*** c) rude

7- I usually …….. football on Wednesdays.
a) ***play*** b) plays c) am playing

8- Hussein ……… a book at the moment.
a) reads b) ***is reading*** c) am reading

9- She generally ……… shopping after work.
a) ***goes*** b) is c) go

10- Sameer ……… his uncle every weekend .
a) is visiting b) ***visits*** c) am visiting

11- Noor and Selma ……… their homework at the moment.
a) is doing b) ***are doing*** c) do

12- Layla never ……… her exams. She always work very hard.
a) ***fails*** b) is failing c) fail

13- I do my homework ……… the afternoon.
a) ***in*** b) on c) at

14- I get up ……… six o'clock.
a) in b) on c) ***at***

15- We finish school for the summer holidays ……… May.
a) ***in*** b) on c) at

16- Do you need ………. from the market?
a) ***anything*** b) something c) nothing

17- There's ……… at the door. Yes, I think it's Mahmood.
a) anyone b) no one c) ***someone***

18- There's …… good on television this evening. I'm going to read a book!
a) ***nothing*** b) something c) everything

19- We had apple pie for ……… . It was lovely!
a) ***dessert*** b) the main course c) starters

20- Go out of the school, go straight ………. and the post office is in front of you. a) in b) ***on*** c) at

TEST A Use of English امتحان في استخدام اللغة الانكليزية

A Circle the correct word in each sentences

(5 points-0.5 point each)

0- He was born in *Iraqi* / *Iraq*.
1- Go through the park and the post office is ***on*** / *in* the right.
2- *Right* / ***Write*** your name in the address book please.
3- They are swimming in the ***sea*** / *see* .
4- What do you usually do *in* / ***at*** the weekend?
5- ***On*** / *In* Thursday, I usually watch TV.
6- I like London ***because*** / *also* people there are friendly.
7- In Kenya, it is very hot dry ***from*** / *at* November to March.
8- Are you going ***anywhere*** / *everywhere* exciting this weekend?
9- There isn't *anywhere* / ***anything*** to eat in the fridge.
10- Grandfather like apples and Kareem likes them ***too*** / *also* .

B There is a mistake in each sentences. Find and correct it. (10 points)

هنالك خطأ في الجمل أدناه جد الخطأ وصححه

0- I'm never go to bed late.
I never go to bed late .
1- What does she do at the moment? 2- Why you are studying so much?
3- I don't know many people from Lebanese.
4- He sleeping in his bedroom at the moment.
5- We are usually having lunch at two o'clock.
6- Where's my book? I can't find it somewhere.
7- Excuse me, waiter. I like the chicken, please.
8- This jewellery come from Karblala.
9- The train is stop here for five minutes. 10- What you looking at?

ت	الجواب
1	What is she doing at the moment.
2	Why are studying so much.
3	I don't know many of people from Lebanese
4	He is sleeping in his bedroom at the moment.
5	We usually have lunch at two o'clock.
6	Where's my book? I can't Find it anywhere.
7	Excuse me, waiter. I don't like the chicken, please.
8	This jewellery comes from Karbala.
9	The train is stopping here for five minutes.
10	What are you looking at?

C Use verbs from the box in the Present Simple or Present Continuous to complete the sentences. (6 points)

not snow , do, talk to, enjoy, eat, stay, not like

0- Don't talk to me now. I *am doing* . my homework.
1- My parents are on holiday in Canada. They ***are staying*** at a luxury hotel.
2- It ***doesn't snow*** much here in winter.
3- My father ***doesn't like*** my new sunglasses.
4- Italian people ***eat*** a lot of pizza.
5- Look! He ***talks to*** a policeman.
6- Tariq is in the Alps. I hope he ***enjoy*** his holiday there.

D Complete the table with the opposites of these words. (7 points)

0- a cheap car	*an expensive car*
1- a clean room	***a dirty room***
2- a quiet hotel	***a noisy hotel***
3- friendly people	***hateful people***
4- polite children	***impolite children***
5- an excellent dish	***a bad dish***
6- a disgusting dessert	***a delicious dessert***
7- good luck	***bad luck or hard luck***

E Put the words from the box in the correct groups

(8 points - 0.5 point each)

walrus, jewellery, cruise, glasses, fruit juice,
adventure, fox, whale, raincoat, cake, sightseeing,
vegetables, safari, cow, meat, boots

الجواب
Holidays : cruise , adventure, sightseeing, safari
Animals : walrus, fox, whale, cow
Clothes : jewellery, glasses, raincoat
Food : fruit juice, cake, vegetables, meat

F Write these dates in two ways for a letter. (4 points)

0- 2 January 2002 *2/1/02 2.1.02*

1- 11 November 2001. ***11-11-01***

2- 5 May 2005. ***5-5-05***

3- 29 December 2007. ***29-12-07***

4- 31 October 2006. ***31-10-06***

TEST A Writing امتحان في الكتاب

Task: You are in your favourite café or restaurant. In three paragraphs, write about the following:

- say what you are eating or drinking
- describe the food and drink
- say how often you go there
- say when you went there last time
- say who you go there with
- describe how you can get there from your home.

Remember to use adjectives and linking words *(also, and, too, because).*



الحل :

الجواب
I usually go to my favourite restaurant, I often have some burger and orange juice. The food is fantastic. My wife and children like the food, too. I often go to this restaurant or a week. I went to this restaurant in the last Thursday . I went there with my wife and children. we can go to this restaurant by bus, then we go on foot for fifteen minutes.

TEST A Reading   امتحان القراءة

Task 1

Read the first text and choose the correct answer, a, b, c, or d.(4 point)

1- Aziz is

a) Omani.   b) English.   c) Greek.   d) Italian.

2- Tariq words

a) on a boat.   ***b) as a teacher.***   c) for an oil company.   d) for a bank.

3- Aziz and Tariq

a) work together.   b) are brothers.   ***c) are good friends.***

d) don't like each other.

4- Tariq

a) owns a boat.   b) is on holiday in Greece.

c) goes sailing with Aziz and his brothers.   d) plans to buy a boat.

Task 2

Read the letter and answer the questions below.   (6 points)

1- Where is Aziz staying?
2- When dose Aziz visit tourist attractions?
3- What do you need to visit the attractions?
4- Who does Aziz go to restaurants with?
5- Who did Aziz meet at a restaurant?
6- When did Aziz watch the sunset?

ت	الجواب
1	He is staying at a small hotel by the sea.
2	He visits tourist attractions.
3	I need a car to visit the attractions.
4	Aziz goes to restaurants with some English people.
5	Aziz meet his friend Amen at a restaurant.
6	Aziz watched the sunset two days age.

Task 3

Read again and decide if the statements are true (T) or false (F).

(10 points)

1- Aziz went to Greece by boat.   T / F
2- He is staying in a place called Chalkidiki.   T / F
3- His hotel is far from the beach.   T / F
4- Aziz rents a motorbike.   T / F

5- Aziz is studying English in Greece. T / F
6- Aziz met English people at a restaurant. T / F
7- Ameen is staying at the same hotel as Aziz. T / F
8- Aziz knew about Ameen's trip to Greece. T / F
9- Ameen found something on the beach. T / F
10- Aziz is keeping the piece of jewellery. T / F

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	F	6	T
2	T	7	F
3	F	8	T
4	F	9	T
5	F	10	T

Aziz id from Oman. Tariq is Aziz's English friend. Tariq works in Muscat as an English teacher and lives is an apartment near Aziz and family. Aziz works for an oil company. Aziz and Tariq spend a lot of time together at the weekends. They both like to sail and Aziz and his brothers often take Tariq out on their boat. They keep the boat in a small village about twenty kilometers from Muscat. It's holiday time now and Aziz is in Greece. He's staying there for two weeks. Tariq is working, so he's still in Muscat.

الترجمة :

عزيز من عُمان. طارق هو صديق عزيز الانكليزي. طارق يعمل في مسقط كمدرس للغــة الانكليزية ويعيش في شقة بالقرب من عزيز وعائلته. عزيز يعمل في شركة نفط. كان عزيز وطارق يقضيان عطل نهاية الأسبوع سوية. فكلاهما يحبان الإبحار. وكان عزيــز وإخوتــه يصطحبان طارق إلى قاربهم. وكانوا يحتفظون بالقارب في قرية صغيرة تبعد ٢٠ كــم عــن مسقط. والآن لغو وقت العطلة وذهب عزيز إلى اليونان. فهو يقضي هنـــاك أســبوعين إمــا طارق فهو لا يزال يعمل في مسقط.

Dear Tariq.

Here I am in Greece and I think this is the holiday of my life. The flight was great. The weather in Chalkidiki is fantastic and water in the sea is really hot. I am staying at a small hotel by the sea.

Every day I go snorkeling and sailing. The sea is very clear – just like at home. In the afternoons, I go sightseeing. I discovered that it is best to rent a car if you want to see all the distant places of interest. I often travel with some nice English people I met at my hotel. They are very friendly. Every night I go to a different restaurant with them. That way I can practise my English a bit. Guess who I met at the restaurant last night? My friend Ameen| I was so surprised. I didn't know about his plans for going to Greece. He's staying at a hotel a few hundred metres away. We arranged to meet tomorrow morning. We want to look for some souvenirs in the local shops.

One more thing. Two days ago I went to watch the sun go down and I found something on the beach. It's the most beautiful piece of ancient jewellery. I took it to the museum.

I can't wait to see you. I want to tell you all about Greece when I came back
Aziz

الترجمة :

عزيزي طارق

أني الآن في اليونان اقضي أفضل العطلات في حياتي. فالطقس هنا في جالكديكي رائع جدا ومياه البحر دافئة وأني اسكن في فندق صغير قرب شاطئ. في كل يوم اذهب للتجديف والبحار. فالبحر هنا هادئ كما في بلادنا. في فترة بعد الظهر اذهب في جولة. واكتشف إن أفضل طريقة لمشاهدة مناطق الاستفادة هو في استئجار سيارة. إنني عادة أسافر مع بعض الأصدقاء الانكليز الذين قابلتهم في الفندق. وكل ليلة اذهب معهم إلى المطعم وهي أفضل طريقة أمارس فيها اللغة الانكليزية. أحزر من قابلته الليلة الماضية في المطعم؟ لقد قابلتُ صديقي أمين يا للدهشة فلم أكن اعرف عن خططه في السفر إلى اليونان وقد تواعدنا غداً صباحاً للذهاب إلى بعض المحلات ذات الاهتمام المحلي. قبل يومين ذهبت لمشاهدة الشمس وهي تغيب على الشاطئ. وشاهدت جوهرة أثرية قديمة جميلة وأعطيتها إلى المتحف. لم استطع الانتظار حتى أراك لأخبرك عن رحلتي إلى اليونان.

عزيز

Unit Three

3 People

5 GRAMMAR

Comparative adjectives

1 Forming comparative adjectives

Write the comparative form of each adjective in the table. Complete the rule in each section. أكتب المقارنة لكل صفة مذكورة وأكمل قاعدتها.

الحل :

Adjective	Comparative Adjective	Rule
light dark clean	*lighter* darker cleaner	For adjectives with *one* syllable, add *'er'* .
nice late wide	nicer later wider	For adjectives that end in *e* , add *r* .
friendly noisy early	friendlier nosier earlier	For adjectives that end in *y* Remove the *y* and add *ier*
delicious crowded polluted	more delicious more crowded more polluted	For adjectives with ***two*** syllables or more, add ***more***
thin fat slim	thinner fatter slimmer	For adjectives that end in a ***vowels*** and a ……………. . double the finial consonant and add ……… .
good bad far	better worse further / farther for distance	These adjectives are ……… . You have to learn them!

2 Comparative adjectives – A World Quiz

Complete the sentences with the adjective in its comparative form.
Are the sentences true or false?

أكمل الجمل الآتية بصفاتها في صيغة المقارنة وهل هذه الجمل صحيحة أم خطأ؟



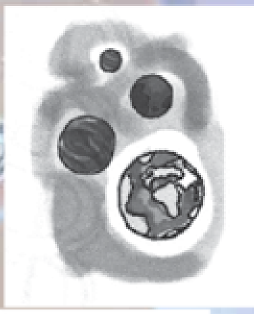
1- the Emirates Office Tower in Dubai is *taller* (tall) than the Ryongang Hotel in North Korea. *True*

2- Cairo is ……… (cold) in winter than Baghdad. ……..



3- A cheetah runs …….. (fast) than a lion. ………

4- Amman is ……… (hot) in summer than Sharjah. ………



5- Neptune is ………. (far) from the Earth than Mars. ………

6- The River Euphrates is ……… (long) than the River Tigris ………



7- The diamond is ……… (hard) than the ruby. ………

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	colder / false	5	farther / true
3	faster / true	6	longer / true
4	hotter / false	7	harder / true

3 Making comparisons

Compare the clothes in the shops using the comparative form of the adjectives in the box..قارن فقرات الملابس في المحلات مستخدماً شكل المقارنة للصفات المعطاة ادناه

cheap, expensive, long, short, wide, narrow, big
small, ~~smart~~

1- *The shirt in 'first for fashion' is smarter than the shirt in 'fashion Express'* .



2- ……………………………..
3- ……………………………..
4- ……………………………..
5- ……………………………..

ت	الجواب
2	The skirt in 'First for fashion' is more expensive than the skirt in 'Fashion Express'./The skirt in 'Fashion Express' is cheaper than the skirt in first for fashion.
3	The trousers in 'First for Fashion' are wider than the trousers in 'Fashion Express'./ The trousers in ''Fashion Express' are more narrow than the trousers in 'First for Fashion'.
4	The shoes in 'First for Fashion' are bigger than the shoes in 'Fashion Express'./The shoes in 'Fashion Express' are smaller than the shoes in 'First for Fashion'
5	The dress in 'First for Fashion' is longer than the dress in 'Fashion Express'./ The dress in 'Fashion Express' is shorter than the dress in 'First for Fashion'.

4 Using comparative adjectives

Compare the two items using the comparative form of the adjective in brackets. Write your opinion for each.

قارن فقرتين باستخدام صيغة المقارنة مع الصفات التي بين الأقواس اكتب فكرتك عن كل فقرة.

1- Falafel / hummus *I think that falafel is more delicious than hummus* .... **(delicious)**
2- Travelling by car / coach *I think that* …………. **(comfortable)**
3- Reading books / Surfing the Internet ………….. **(interesting)**
4- Baghdad / Basrah …………………………… **(crowded)**
5- A mobile phone / A television …………………….. **(cheap)**
6- Watching films at the cinema / at home ………………. **(good)**


دار الاعرجي
للطباعة والنشر والتوزيع
الملازم الملونة
قمة الابداع
من الاعرجي
للطباعة والنشر والتوزيع
الكتاب المنهجي
وملازم الاعرجي
سر تفوقنا

ت	الجواب
2	I think that travelling by car/coach is more comfortable than travelling by coach/car.
3	Reading books surfing the internet is more interesting than surfing the internet / reading books.
4	Baghdad or Basrah in more crowded than Basrah/Baghdad.
5	A mobile phone/television is cheaper than a television/mobile phone.
6	Watching films at the cinema / at home is better than watching films at home/ at the cinema.

Word Corner

Fashion الأزياء

Read the word below and answer the questions

1- Who likes to wear casual clothes? **Aziz**
2- Who likes to wear sunglasses a lot ? **Yehya**
3- Who wears earrings a lot ? **Reem**
4- Who often wears trainers ? **Hada**
5- Who will wear a dress soon ? **Asmaa**
6- Who prefers to wear bright colours ? **Fakhri**

6 COMMUNICATION

Functions

1 Describing people وصف الناس

The following sentences describe the two different people in the picture. Choose the correct sentences to describe each person and them below.

الجمل الآتية تصف أثنين من الناس بصورة مختلفة من الصور. أختر الجمل الصحيحة لوصف كل شخص كما في أدناه.

What does *Tairq/Nabeel* look like? Well , He's a *short/tall* man. He's got a *long/round* face with a *big/small* nose. He's got *dark/blond* hair. He's wearing a *T-shirt, jeans and trainers/polyester shirt, wide tie and leather trousers.*



What does Tariq look like? What does Nabeel look like?

الحل :

Tariq: tall/round/small/dark/polyester shirt, wide tie and leather trousers
Nabeel: short/long/big/blond/ T-shirt, jeans and trainers

2 Describing someone you know صف شخصا تعرفه

Complete the table with notes about a person you know. Then use the table and the description from Exercise I to help you write a paragraph in your notebook.

أكمل الجدول أدناه مع ملاحظات عن الشخص تعرفه وثم استخدم الجدول والوصف من تمرين 1 ليساعدك في كتابة فقره في دفترك.

tall / medium / short ?
eyes – big or small? brown? blue?
face
mouth
hair
personality
clothes

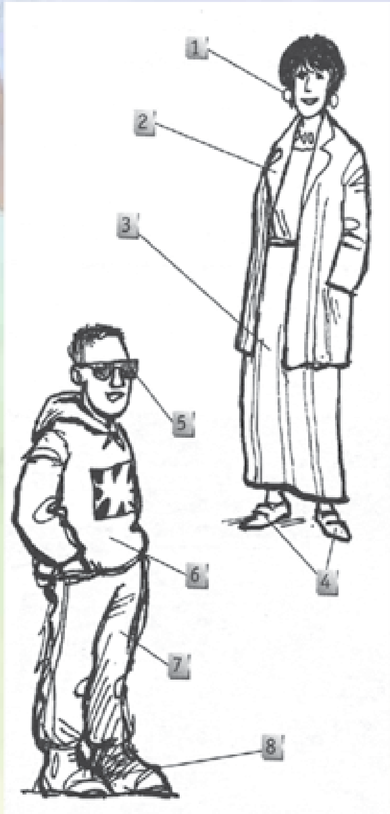
الحل : يصف الطالب الشخص الذي يعرفه. Students' own answers.

Vocabulary

3 What are they wearing? ماذا يلبسون

Label the pictures . اشر على الصورة

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	earring	5	sunglasses
2	jacket	6	sweatshirt
3	skirt	7	trousers
4	shoes	8	boots




ENGLISH
الرياضيات
الفيزياء
الاحياء
التاريخ
اللغة الانكليزية
اللغة الانكليزية
الكيمياء
الرياضيات
المجموعة الكاملة لحلول الأسئلة الوزارية
الجغرافية

4 What are you wearing now?
Complete the table

الحل : Students' own answers.

trousers / jeans . size . colour . material	 small blue polyester
T-shirt / shirt . size . colour . material	 medium pink silk
shoes / boots . size . colour . material	 44 brown leather
dress / skirt . size . colour . material	 medium black soft clothe

Focus on Writing

1 Punctuation: Commas in lists التنقيط

When we use a list of adjectives to describe something, we put a comma after each adjective except the last.

عندما تستخدم قائمة من الصفات لوصف شيئا ما نضع فارزة لكل صفة ماعدا الأخيرة.

Example: ***She is wearing a nice, long, blue dress.***

Describe what you or your family are wearing. Write five sentences in your notebook with three adjectives in each. Use the table for the correct order of the adjectives. Put commas in the correct place.

I'm wearing a comfortable, red, cotton T- shirt

adjective	size	colour	material	clothes
colourful	long	dark (red)	leather	skirt
comfortable	short	light (green)	polyester	shirt
expensive	big	bright (blue)	cotton	T-shirt
trendy	small	yellow		tie
smart	wide			dress
casual				pair of trousers

الحل:

- My sister is wearing a colourful, long , dark leather shirk.
- She is wearing a comfortable, short, green, polyester shirt.
- My brother is wearing an expensive, big, bright, cotton – T-shirt.
- I am wearing a trendy, small, yellow tie.
- My mother is wearing a smart, wide dress.

2 Spelling الإملاء

Comparative adjectives often end in *–r* or *–er* .

nice – nicer – short – shorter

Other spellings:

Big (one syllable, short vowel + one consonant) → *bigger*

Happy (two syllables, short vowel + y) → *happier*

⇒ ***Mini-Grammar 1.1.***

Complete these sentences.

1- She thinks leather trousers are *trendier* (**trendy**) than jeans.

2- This year's ties are ……….. (**wide**) than last year's.

3- Colours are ……….. (**dark**) this year.

4-The river is ………. (**dirty**) here.

5- His new film is even ………. (**sad**) than last one.

6- It is ………… (**hot**) this summer than last summer.

7- This jacket is ………… (**thin**) than mine.

8- Do you think he's ……….. (**lazy**) than his brother?

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	wider	6	hotter
3	darker	7	thinner
4	dirtier	8	lazier
5	sadder		

3 Linking with *(For) example* الربط بكلمة (For)

Make sentence pairs from the table to explain the statements (1-6). Write then in your notebook.

1- Sameer likes casual clothes.	For	he always wears those horrible yellow ties
2- I think Maysoon is very shy.	example	she's weaning this year's leather trousers now.
3- Tariq likes yellow.		he always wears a jacket and tie when he teaches us.
4- Huda wears trendy clothes.		when I go to the beach I always wear my orange shirt.
5- Mr Fakhri wears formal clothes		she never talks to people at parties.
6- I like wearing bright clothes on holiday		he usually wears a T-shirt.

ت	الجواب
2	For example, she never talks to people at parties.
3	For example, he always wears those, horrible yellow ties
4	For example, she's wearing this year's leather trousers now.
5	For example, he always wears a jacket and tie when he teaches us.
6	For example, when I go to the beach I always wear my orange shirt.

4 Here are some titles of magazine stories and articles. Match them with the correct magazine, a or b.

هنا بعض العناوين لمجلات وقصص وفقرات اربطها مع المجلة الصحيحة

1- Meet the stars ☐
2- Wedding dresses ☐
3- Tom Cruise's new film ☐
4- Sweatshirts are 'in' ☐
5- This week in Hollywood ☐
6- What to wear this winter ☐

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	b	4	a
2	a	5	b
3	b	6	a

Unit Four

4 Fame الشهرة

7 GRAMMAR

Superlative adjectives صفة التفضيل

1 Forming superlative adjectives

Write the Superlative form of each adjective in the table. Complete the rule in each section. أكتب صفة التفضيل لكل صفة في الجدول وأكمل قاعدتها.

الحل :

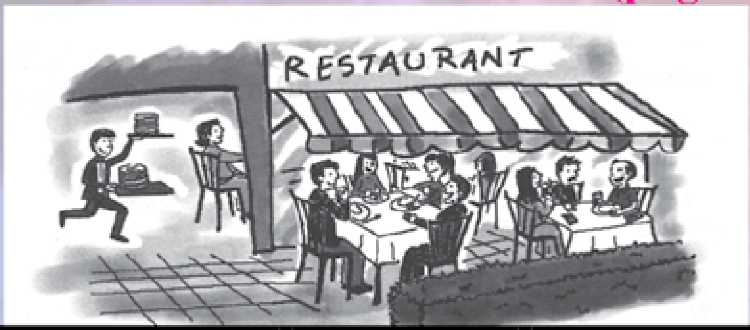
Adjective	Comparative Adjective	Rule
rich fast cold	*the richest* *the fastest* *the coldest*	For adjectives with *one* syllable, add *'est'* .
nice late wide	*the nicest* *the latest* *the widest*	For adjectives that end in *e* , add *est*
lovely lucky dirty	*the loveliest* *the luckiest* *the dirtiest*	For adjectives that end in *y* , remove the *y* and add *iest*
exciting attractive practical	*the most exciting* *the most attractive* *the most practical*	For adjectives with *two* syllables or more, add *most* .
big slim fat	*the biggest* *the slimmest* *the fattest*	For adjectives that end in a *vowel* and a *consonant* . double the finial consonant and add *est* .
good bad far	*the best* *the worst* *the furthest*	These adjectives are *irregular* . You have to learn them!

2 Superlative adjectives

Read the information about the three restaurants in the table. Complete the sentences with the superlative form of the adjectives in brackets.

أكتب معلومات عن ثلاثة مطاعم مذكورة في الجدول أدناه . أكمل الجمل باستخدام صفات التفضيل للصفات المذكورة بين الأقواس .

The Best Restaurants in Town (page 26)



	The Robin	World Restaurant	The Daisy Chain
Year the restaurant opened	2004	2002	1985
Distance from the city center	1 km	0.5 km	2 km
Number of customers a night	100	150	80
Good food			
Size of the restaurant	15m ×15m	25m ×25m	20m ×20m
Quality of service			
Furniture and décor			
Value for money			

1- *The Robin* is *the newest* (new) restaurant.
2- ………… is ……….. (**far**) from the city centre.
3- ………… is ……….. (**busy**) restaurant.
4- ………… has ……….. (**nice**) food.
5- ………… is ……….. (**big**) restaurant.
6- ………… had ……….. (**bad**) service.
7- ………… is ……….. (**attractive**) restaurant.
8- ………… is ……….. (**good**) value for money.

ت	الجواب
2	The Daisy Chain is the farthest from the city center.
3	World Restaurant is the busiest restaurant .
4	The Robin has the nicest food .
5	World Restaurant is the biggest restaurant.
6	The Daisy Chain has the worst service.
7	World Restaurant is the most attractive restaurant.
8	The Daisy Chain is the best value for money.

3 Questions: A World Quiz

Complete the questions with the superlative form of the adjective in brackets. Circle the correct answer.

أكمل الأمثلة باستخدام صفة التفضيل للصفات بين الأقواس. ضع دائرة حول الإجابة الصحيحة.

1- Where is *the longest* (**long**) river in the world?
Egypt / Brazil / China

2- Which is ***the closest*** (**close**) country to Iceland ? Iraq/***Britain***/Russia

3- Which is ***the deepest*** (**deep**) ocean in the world? Atlantic/***Pacific***/Indian

4- Which is ***the biggest*** (**big**) country in the world? China/Canada/***Russia***

5- Where is ***the busiest*** (**busy**) street in the world?
Al Rasheed/***Shanghai***/Abington

6- Which is ***the richest*** (**rich**) country in the world?
Japan/***Luxembourg***/Switzerland

7- Which city has ***the highest*** (**high**) Population? Paris/Mexico City/***Tokyo***

8- Where is ***the hottest Ethiopia*** (**hot**) place in the world? ***Ethiopia***/ Egypt/Sydney

9- Where is ***the driest*** (**dry**) place in the world? ***Egypt***/China/Peru

10- Which is ***the most common*** (**common**) language in the world?
Spanish/English/***Chinese***

4 Superlative adjectives with *least* (least) صفات التفضيل مع الكلمة

Complete the sentences. Then write the opposite of each sentences using *least*. Give your opinion.

أكمل الجمل وثم اكتب الإضرار لكل جملة باستخدام (least) استخدام أفكارك.

1- The most comfortable item of clothing I have is
my *blue save at shirt. The least comfortable item of clothing I have is my which shirt*.

2- The most difficult school subject is ……….

3- My most expensive possession is my ………

4-My most practical shoes are my ………

5- The most talented poet in my country is ………

6- The most exciting sport is ………

الحل: (Students' own answers: possible answers are give in italics):

2	The most difficult school subject is Science/Maths. The least difficult school subject is English/History.
3	My most expensive possession is my mobile phones / digital camera. My least expensive possession is my pencil case/school bag.
4	My most practical shoes are my trainers/boots. My least practical shoes are my blue shoes.
5	The most talented poet in my country is Mohammad Al-Jawohir The least talented poet in my country is Marouf Al-Rasaf.
6	The most exciting sport is football/basketball. The least exciting sport is skating/tennis

5 Superlatives adjectives – Favorites

Complete the sentences, giving your opinion.

1- (important/possession) *My most important possession is my mobile phone*
2- (good/friend) ……….
3- (beautiful/place in Iraq) ……….
4- (intelligent/person in my family) ……….
5- (talented/ person in my family) ……….
6- (delicious/food) ……….
7- (good/shop in my town) ……….
8- (interesting/hobby) ………

الحل: (Students' own answers)

ت	الجواب
2	My best friend is …Hassan
3	The most beautiful place in Iraq is …Shaqlawa
4	The most intelligent person in my family is …my father
5	The most talented person in my family is …my sister
6	The most delicious food is …dates
7	The best shop in my town is central mall
8	The most interesting hobby is football

Language Problem – Solving

it / there

Look at the sentences.

1- *There* 's a school near my house.
2- *It* 's a blue car. It's very clean.

Which sentences tells you where something is?

☐

Which sentences tells you what something is and what it is like?

☐

Circle *It/There* is followed by an adjective.

Now complete the sentences with *it* or *there*.

1- *It* is very hot today. *There* are on clouds in the sky.
2- ***it*** is very late. We should go home.

3- Near my house ***there*** is a nice restaurant and a big market.
4- ***It*** was a very interesting program me. I love science documentaries.
5- ***it*** is very busy in the city center. ***There*** are a lot of shoppers.
6- ***It*** Is a very nice library and ***it*** is very comfortable.
7- I bought a shirt yesterday. ***It*** is very comfortable.
8- ***There*** were lots of people at the picnic.
it was very hot and sunny.

الحل :

Which sentences tells you where something is? **1**
Which sentences tells you what something is and what it is like? **2**
It is followed by an adjective.

8 COMMUNICATION التواصل

Functions

1 Making suggestions إبداء المقترحات

Complete the dialogue with words and phrases the box.

I like, good idea, let's, I don't like, I'd like, what about, let's, on

Nabeel's family are talking about what to do this evening ....

Dad: (**1**) *Let's* go and see a film this evening.
Mum: What's (**2**) ***on***?
Dad: Well, *Mr Bean* is on again at the Odeon for one night.
Nabeel: Oh no! (**3**) ***I don't like*** comedies.
Mum: Well. (**4**) ***what about*** TV?
Fakhri: There's *Who Wants to be a Millionaire?* at nine o'clock.
(**5**) ***I'd like*** to watch that.
Nabeel: That's a (**6**) ***Good idea***. It's exciting and (7) ***I like*** answering the questions. It's fun.
Dad: OK. (**8**) ***Let's*** do that.

2 Put the sentences from this phone conversation in the correct order and write the dialogue in your notebook. Use the picture cues to start with.

ضع الجمل في هذه المحاورة الهاتفية بترتيبها الصحيح لكتابة حوار استعن بالصور التوضيحية أدناه.

Kamil

- It's a collection of articles on general health.
- Wonderful! We'll go together.
- There's a new book in the library.
- Do you want to come with me to check it out?

Ameen

- Oh, how interesting!
- Yes, why not.
- What is it about?

الحل :

Kamil: There's a new book in the library.
Ameen: What is it about?
Kamil: It's a collection of articles on general health.
Ameen: Oh, how interesting
Kamil: Do you want to come with me to check it out?
Ameen: Yes, why not.
Kamil: Wonderful. We'll go together.

Vocabulary

3 Words that go together

Read the statements carefully, then choose the correct adjective to complete them

1- A: Are you a fan of Ahmed Mukhtar?
B: Yes, I am. I think he's *all right / brilliant.*

2- I went to sleep during that trip. It was the most *boring/popular* trip of the year!

3- He's an award – winning novelist – one of Iraq's most *beautiful/talented* writers.

4- People say he's a really good presenter, but I think he's *Good – looking/overrated.*

5- I laughed and laughed during the TV show. It was very *funny/exciting.*

6- A: Did you like *Nicholas Nickleby?*
B: Well, the film was *good/better* but I think the book was more interesting.

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	boring	5	funny
3	talented	6	good
4	overrated		

4 Celebrity quiz

Who are they? Use the first names and second names to help you.

Shahat, Mohammad, Rowan,
~~Robbie~~, Mohammad
Rashwan, Williams, Al-Jawahiri,
Mabrouk, Atkinson

1- One of the most famous British pop singers. He sang *Let Me Entertain You.*
Robbie Williams
2- This actor was the star of *Mr Bean* .
3- This Egyptian won a silver medal of judo in the Olympic Games.
4- A bodybuilder. He became a famous Egyptian actor.
5- He is known as the greatest poet of the Arabic world.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	Rowan Atkinson	4	Shahat Mabrouk
3	Mohammad Rashwan	5	Mohammad Al-Jawahiri

Focus on Writing

1 Punctuation

Suggestions end with a question mark (?) when they start with a question word order.

Examples: ***What*** *do you want? Do you like swimming?*

Suggestions end with a full stop (.) when they don’t start with a question word and have a statement word order:

Examples: *Let's go out.*

Add a question mark or a full stop to these suggestions.

1- Let's go to a football match this evening
2- Can we go to Baghdad in the holidays
3- What about the shopping centre
4- I'd like to go this week
5- There's a good play on this evening. What do you think
6- OK. Let's do that

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	full stop	4	full stop
2	question mark	5	question mark
3	question mark	6	full stop

2 Spelling

Write the words from the cues. Choose the correct spelling: *au* or *or.*

1- Games like football, basketball and tennis. *sports*
2- The girl child of a father and mother .
3- The past tense of the verb 'to catch'.
4- The first part of the day.
5- The past tense of the verb 'to teach'.
6- When something isn't interesting. it's …

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	daughter	5	taught
3	caught	6	boring
4	morning		

3 Linking: Review

Circle the correct link word.

1- *However* /*During* the 1990s, my father was a very famous doctor.
2- Luciano Pavarotti is an opera singer. Jose Carreras is *too/also* a famous opera singer.
3- We watched the news on TV and *then/when* we went to bad.
4- Fadhil Al-Azzawi is a writer. Hameed Al-Mukhtar is writer, *however/too.*
5- The footballer Zinedine Zidane played for France. *Because/However,* his family came from Algeria.
6- I smiled *during/when* I read the letter.
7- Charlie Chaplin was popular *also/because* he was very funny.

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	also	5	However
3	then	6	when
4	too	7	because

CHECK YOUR GRAMMAR AND VOCABULAR

مراجعة صفات المقارنة والتفضيل

1 Comparative and superlative adjectives

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjective in brackets. (2 marks each)

1- I'm going to a family party so it's important to wear my ***smartest*** (**smart**) Clothes.

2- I think that going to the theatre is ***more interesting*** (**interesting**) than going to the cinema.

3- luma is my ***best*** (**good**) friend at school. She is ***the friendliest*** (**friendly**) person in the class.

4- My two brothers are ***older*** (**old**) than me. I don't like being ***the youngest*** (**young**) in the family.

5- I think that wide trousers are ***more fashionable*** (**fashionable**) than narrow trousers at the moment.

2 look at the information about the three hotels.

In your notebook, compare the hotels using comparative and superlative adjectives as in the example. (2 marks each)

قارن بين الفنادق الثلاثة باستخدام صيغة المقارنة والتفضيل لكل صفة. (صفحة ٣٠)

The Garden Hotel is cleaner than The city View,
but the Great Central Hotel is the cleanest hotel.

ت	الجواب
1	The staff in The Great Central Hotel are friendlier than in The Garden Hotel, but the staff in The City View are the friendliest
2	The food in The City View is more delicious than in The Great Central Hotel, but the food in The Garden Hotel is the most delicious
3	The Great Central Hotel is more expensive than The City View, but The Garden Hotel is the most expensive hotel.
4	The City View is quieter than The Great Central Hotel, but The Garden Hotel is the quietest hotel.
5	The City View is more comfortable than The Garden Hotel, but The Great Central Hotel is the most comfortable hotel.

3 *It/There*

Choose the correct word in each sentence. (2 marks each)

1- ***There***/*It* is a very good restaurant in the city centre that opened last week.
2- *There*/***It*** is very cold and windy outside. Let's go for a walk later.
3- *There*/***It*** is very interesting novel. I would like to read it again!
4- ***There***/*It* is a car park here now. Before, there were a few shops.
5- *There*/***It*** is a very good school. The classrooms are nice and the teachers are very good.

4 Make adjectives from the nouns in brackets. (1mark each)

أكتب صفات من الأسماء الموجودة بين الأقواس.

1- I enjoyed the game, but it was not ***successful*** (**success**).
2- The *Monalisa* is a very ***exciting*** (**excitement**) painting.
3- Before he was ***famous*** (**fame**). Charlie Chaplin was very poor.
4- Some jewellery is very ***expensive*** (**expense**) to make.
5- When films are about the pest, the actresses wear the ***fashionable*** (**fashion**) clothes of the time.
6- The trip wasn't very ***comfortable*** (**comfort**).
7- Not all adults like to wear ***colourful*** (**colour**) clothes.
8- I think most children have got ***interesting*** (**interest**) faces.
9- Science fiction books are ***trendy*** (**trend**) this year.
10- The towns and cities in postcards are usually. But not always, ***attractive*** (**attraction**) places.

GHECK YOUR PROGRESS تأكد من تقدمك في اللغة

Read the sentences carefully. Then complete the sentences with correct words from a, b or c. (1.5 marks each)

1- On her feet, She's wearing ....
a) earrings b) boots c) a sweatshirt

2- She likes wearing .... Clothes. She is most comfortable in a T-shirt or a sweatshirt.
a) expensive b) colourful c) casual

3- What's .... fashion this year?
a) in b) up c) out

4- Cotton shirts are .... Than silk shirts.
a) more fashionable b) the most fashionable c) fashion

5- People are wearing .... trousers this year.
a) less wide b) wider c) widest

6- My new boots are ……… than my old ones
a) more attractive b) attraction c) not attractive

7- My sister wears ……….. clothes than me.
a) trendier b) trendy c) not trendy

8- I'm ………. at English than my brother.
a) better b) good c) best

9- What does your sister ……….? She's tall with long brown hair.
a) look b) appearance c) look like

10- I've got a poster of my favourite football player ……… the wall.
a) in b) at c) on

11- Do you like listening ………. the news?
a) to b) from c) in

12- I put my favourite photographs ……….. an album.
a) on b) in c) at

13- I am ………. In my family. My two brother are younger than me.
a) oldest b) the oldest c) old

14- Anas is ………. pupil in the class. He always makes people laugh!
a) funny b) funnier c) the funniest

15- I think that Geography is one of the ………. subjects .
a) Most interesting b) interesting c) interest

16- Russia is the ……… country in the world.
a) biggest b) big c) bigger

17- What's ………. at the theatre?
a) in b) from c) on

18- What ………. playing table tennis?
a) in b) about c) for

19- ………. is a very hot day today!
a) It b) There c) What

20- ………. is a school near my home.
a) It b) What c) there

الحل :

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	b	6	a	11	a	16	a
2	c	7	a	12	b	17	c
3	a	8	a	13	b	18	b
4	a	9	c	14	c	19	a
5	b	10	c	15	a	20	c

TEST B Use of English

A Circle the correct word in each sentences. (5 points)

ضع دائرة حول الكلمة الصحيحة في كل مما يأتي.

0 – I *wear*/***am wearing*** a comfortable, red T – shirt.
1- This film is ***sadder***/*saddest* than the last one.
2- What is the *hotter*/***hottest*** month in your country?
3- *It*/***There*** was a good programme on TV last night.
4- ***It***/*There* is a very hot day today.
5- *However*/***During*** the 1990s, we lived in England.

B There is one mistake in each sentences. Find it and correct it. (10 point)

هناك خطأ واحد في كل جملة جده ثم صححه

0- Let's go out?
Let's go out. .
1- He is one of the most fame doctors.
2- Tokyo is one of the big cities in the world.
3- Who is the best film of all time?
4- The Blue Lagoon is newest swimming pool in the town.
5- I'm wearing a cotton, long tie.
6- What does Tariq look? Is he short or tall?
7- He is the lazy person I know.
8- Let's stay at home. It is nothing good at the theatre.
9- Can we go to the football match tonight.
10- That man in one of the most success singers in Europe.

ت	الجواب	التصحيح
1	fame	famous
2	big	biggest
3	Who	what
4	newest	new
5	a cotton, long tie	a cotton long tie
6	does look	is looking
7	lazy	laziest
8	Let's stay at home. It is nothing good at the theatre.	It is nothing good at the theatre. Let's stay at home
9	tonight.	tonight?
10	success	successful

C Complete the table with the superlative form. (8 points)

Adjective	Superlative
0- young	*the youngest*
1- expensive	most expensive
2- old	oldest
3- bad	worst
4- talented	most talented
5- red	red
6- good	best
7- popular	most popular
8- funny	funniest

D Use the words in the box to make superlatives or comparatives to complete the sentences. (6 points)

استخدم الكلمات في المربع أدناه لعمل صفات مقارنة أو تفضيل لإكمال الجمل،

young, exciting, fashionable, lazy, ~~dirtier~~, good, near

0- This river isn't very clean, but that river is *dirtier* .
1- It was brilliant. It was one of the ………. productions of the year.
2- They both have nice clothes, but I think she is ………. .
3- He never helps! Do you think Ali is …….. than his brother?
4- The new café on the beach is ……… café in town. It's fantastic.
5- Yes, but the Aqua café is ………. . Let's go there.
6- He's only 16. He's the ……… footballer to play for his country.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	best	4	the best
2	more fashionable	5	the best
3	more helpful	6	youngest

E Use the clues to write sentences with *one of the* and a superlative. (8 points)

0- Sherif (**talented**) boys/in my class.
sherif is one of the most talented boys in my class .
1- The Monument to the Unknown Soldier (**famous**) tourist attractions/in Iraq.
2- Mohammad Al-Jawahiri (**important**) poet/in Iraq .
3- David (**common**) boy's names/England.
4- London (**big**) cities/in Europe.
5- Salman (**tall**) boys/in my class.
6- That film (**bad**) films/of all time.
7- The Burger House (**popular**) restaurants/in the town.
8- Brazil (**good**) football teams/in the world.

ت	الجواب
1	is one of the most famous
2	is the one of the most important
3	is one of the commonest
4	is one of the biggest
5	is one of the tallest
6	Is one of the worst
7	is one of the most popular
8	is one of the best

F Make descriptions by putting the words in the correct order.

(3 points)

اعمل وصفا وذلك بوضع الكلمات بترتيبها الصحيح.

0- cotton/I'm/a/red, /dress, /wearing

I'm wearing a red cotton dress

1- a pair /of/trousers./I want/comfortable,/blue

2- skirt,/wearing/yellow/a trendy,/bright/She's

3- the/silk/expensive,/ties./look at

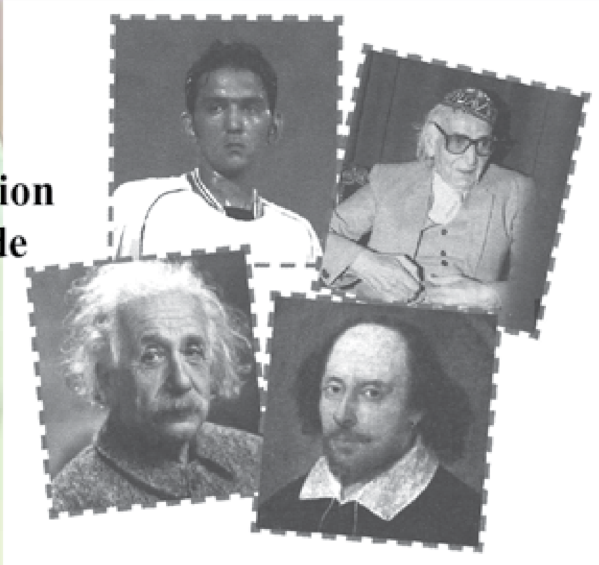
ت	الجواب
1	I want a pair of comfortable blue trousers
2	She's wearing a trendy bright yellow skirt.
3	look at the expensive silk ties.

TEST B Writing

Task

In three paragraphs, write a description of any famous person you like. Include the following information:

بثلاث فقرات اكتب وصفا لأي شخص من الشخصيات التي تحبها مستخدما المعلومات الآتية.



- what he/she looks like
- what clothes he/she likes to wear
- what he/she is famous for
- information about his/her best work
- information about his/her family where he/she lives and his/her life.

الحل : الإنشاء

Al – Jawahiri

- Mohammed Mahdi Al-Jawahiri is a great Iraqi poet.
  He looked like an elder man with a small hat on his heal.
- He was considered the greatest Arab poem. For his great poem.
  He wrote a large number of poems in many different subjects.
  He was born in Najaf and taught to be a poet there.
  However he lived a long time outside his city and also outside his country. He died in Syria and buried there after ninety seven year old.

Remember to use linking words (*for example, however, too, also, etc*) and comparatives.

TEST B Reading

Task 1

Read the text and choose the correct answer, a, b or c. (5 points)

1- The Moualla family are successful

a) swimmers. b) pilots. c) lawyers.

2- The family swam from England to France and

a) stopped. b) swam back to Calais. c) swam back to England.

3- They did this in

a) about nine hours. ***b) about twenty hours.*** ***c) about ten hours.***

4- The day had

a) very good weather. ***b) very bad weather.*** c) a lot of sun.

5- Roudayna was the first

a) woman to swim across the Channel.

b) person to swim from England to France.

c) Arab woman to swim across the English Channel.

Task 2

Read the text and answer the questions below. (5 points)

1- When was their most famous swim?

2- How far is it from England to France and back?

3- What was the weather like?

4- why are they in the *Guinness Book of Records* ?

5- What are the family's talents?

ت	الجواب
1	Their most famous swim was in 200.
2	It is 64 kms from England to France and back.
3	The weather was very rainy
4	They are first team to swim across the England canal
5	Fera has a law degree.Mussab is a civil pilot and the youngest brother is a lwayer.

Task 3: Read again and decide if the following statements are true (T) or false (F). (10 points)

1- They are one of the best family swimming teams in the world. ***T*** / F
2- They finished the swim in Calais. ***T*** / F
3- They were faster going to France than returning to England. ***T*** / F
4- There are three brothers and two sisters. T / ***F***
5- The waves were very big. ***T*** / F
6- It was one of the hottest days of the year. T / ***F***
7- Roudayna appears twice in the *Guinness Book of Records*. ***T*** / F
8- Moussab is the youngest boy in the family. T / ***F***
9- Feras and Moussab both studied law. T / ***F***
10- The family are talented and successful. ***T*** / F

The Moualla family

The Moyalla family are one of most successful family swimming teams in the world today. Their most famous swim was in 2001 when the swam from Dover in England to Calais in France and then back again. The journey across the England Channel of France is 32 kilometres. It took them nine hours, 27 minutes to swim to Calais. and ten hours, 33 minutes to return to Dover.

They became the first team of three brothers and sister to swim across the English Channel in the time. During the swim, the weather was terrible. It was one of the rainiest days of month and the waves were over six meters high. The temperature during the night was only about 10 degrees Celsius.

The family are now in the *Guinness Book of Records*. Roudayan, the sister, also appears as one of the first women every to swim the English Channel, and as the first Arab woman.

The family are very talented. The oldest brother, Feras, has a law degree, Moussab is a civil pilot and the youngest brother, Houmam, is a lawyer.

الترجمة :

تعتبر عائلة موالا من أكثر فرق السباحة نجاحا في العالم هذه الأيام. ومن أشهر مباريـات السباحة لهم في عام ٢٠٠١ عندما سبحوا من منطقة دوفر في انكلترا إلى كالايس في فرنسا وثم رجعوا ثانية. إن الرحلة عبر القناة الانكليزي إلى فرنسا تبلغ ٣٢ كم. وتستغرق تسع ساعات و ٢٧ دقيقة من السباحة ليصلوا إلى كالايس. وعشر ساعات و ٣٣ دقيقة للرجوع إلى دوفر.

أصبحوا الفريق الأول الذي يتكون من ثلاث إخوة وأخت الذي عبر القناة الانكليزي هذه الأيام. وخلال العبور كان الجو مزعجا ومن أكثر الأيام مطراً وكان مستوى الأمواج ستة أمتار. ودرجة الحرارة تبلغ في الليل ١٠ درجات سيلزية. وتعتبر العائلة الآن مسجلة في سجل غينس للأرقام القياسية. وان ردينة الأخت هي أول امرأة تعبر القناة وهي المرأة العربية الأولى.

وتعتبر العائلة من الموهوبين فالأخ الكبير فراس عنده شهادة في القانون ومصعب طيار مدني والأخ الأصغر همام كان محاميا.

TEST 1 (Units 1 – 4)

1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the Present Continuous. أكمل الجمل بالشكل الصحيح من الفعل المضارع والمستمر

0- He *isn't watching* (**not/watch**) television.

1- They ***are doing*** (**do**) their homework.

2- I ***having*** (**have**) lunch.

3- ***Is*** your friend ***swimming*** (**swim**) in the sea?

4- We ***aren't watching*** (**not/watch**) the television.

5- ***Is*** she ***writing*** (**write**) a letter?

(Score: 5)

2 Put the verbs in brackets in the correct tense: Present Simple or Present Continuous. (صفحة ٣٦) ضع الفعل بين الأقواس إما بالمضارع البسيط او المستمر.

A: What *does* (**0 do**) your brother do?

الحل:

B: He ***am*** (**1 be**) a sportsman. He ***plays*** (**2 play**) tennis. At the moment, he ***is working*** (**3 work**) in the UAE and he ***is travelling*** (**4 travel**) a lot. Today, he is in Dubai and he ***is travelling*** (**5 train**) for his next match. He ***likes*** (**6 like**) the UAE. His best friend is Emirati. He ***lives*** (**7 live**) in Abu Dhabi. He ***wants*** (**8 want**) to be a doctor and at the moment he ***is studying*** (**9 study**) hard. My brother ***visits*** (**10 visit**) him when he can.

3 Write the nationalities. أكتب الجنسيات

0- France ***French*** 1- Brazil ***Brazilian***
2- India ***Indian*** 3- Japan ***Japanese***
4- Iraq ***Iraqi*** 5- Holland ***Dutch***

4 Complete the sentences with the correct prepositions.

أكمل الجمل بحروف الجر الصحيحة.

He goes swimming ....*on*..... (**0**) Thursday.
I don't get up early ***at*** (**1**) the weekend.
He works in an office ***on*** (**2**) Sunday ***and*** (**3**) Thursday.
Go down the street and the bank is ***on*** (**4**) the left. She always drinks tea ***on*** (**5**) the afternoon.

(Score: 5)

5 Circle the correct word. ضع دائرة حول الكلمة الصحيحة.

0 The post office is on the *right* / *writ* .
1- I live near the *see*/ ***sea***.
2- Is that ***their***/*there* new car?
3- Can you *here*/***hear*** the noise?
4- I want to go *buy*/***by*** train.
5- I want to ***buy***/*by* a toy train for my younger brother.

(Score: 5)

6 Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjective in brackets..أكمل الجمل بصيغة المقارنة الصفات بين الأقواس

0- You are ....*taller*.... (**tall**) than my brother.
1- Is Khalid .... (**old**) than me?
2- Your T-shirt .... (**expensive**) than mine.
3- He speaks English .... (**good**) than his sister.
4- My sister's baby is .... (**fat**) than her friend's.
5- You look .... (**happy**) today than yesterday.
6- This chair is .... (**comfortable**) than that one.
7- Jeans are .... (**casual**) than trousers.
8- Size 16 is .... (**big**) than size 12.
9- I want a .... (**colourful**) jumper.
10- The coffee in this café is .... (**bad**) than the tea.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	older	6	more
2	more	7	more
3	better	8	bigger
4	fatter	9	more
5	happier	10	worse

7 Complete the sentences with(*and, but, however, also after, then.*)

أكمل الجمل باستخدام الكلمات.

0- Noor does her homework and *then* she watches TV.
1- We like swimming ………. playing tennis,
2- He plays basketball and he ……… swims.
3- He always has a shower ………. He plays football.
4- We wanted to go to the tennis match ……….. there were no tickets left.
5- I want to buy an expensive coat. ……….., I've got no money so I can't.

(Score: 5)

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	and	4	however
2	also	5	but
3	often		

8 Complete the sentences with these words: *strength, perseverance, endurance, physician, historian, proficient.*

0- Being *proficient* is a must if you want to succeed at your job
1- He is an athlete known for his ………. ; he never stops trying.
2- My uncle is a ………. ; he helps patients to recover from illnesses.
3- Rely on your ………. to improve your chances of success.
4- A ……… writes about ancient times.
5- The best characteristic to overcome failure is ………… .

(Score: 5)

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	endurance	4	historian
2	physician	5	perseverance
3	strength		

Unit Five

Volunteers المتطوعون

9 GRAMMAR

going to for future intentions العمل بنوايا مستقبلية

1 going to (affirmatives)

What are these people going to in the future? Complete the sentences with the correct form of *going to*.

1- *I'm going to be a doctor .*





2- Waleed ………..

3- Asmaa ………..





4- I ………..

5- We ………..





6- They ……….

ت	الجواب
2	Waleed is going to be a pilot.
3	Asmaa is going to be a journalist.
4	I am going to be a teacher.
5	We are going to be a film directors.
6	They are going to be university students/go to university.

2 *going to* (negatives)

Complete the sentences with the negative form of *going to.*

أكمل الجمل الآتية بالشكل المنفي للفعل (going to)

1- Noor *isn't going to do voluntary work,* (**do voluntary work**). She's going to study at university.
2- Reem and Layla ***aren't going to travel by bus*** . (**travel by bus**). They are going to travel by car.
3- I ***am/'m not going to play basketball*** (**play basketball**) tomorrow. I'm going to do my homework.
4- We ***aren't going to go to the theatre*** (**going to the theatre**). We're going to stay at home.
5- You ***aren't going to cook*** (**cook**) this evening. We're going to have a meal in the new restaurant in the city centre.
6- Waleed ***isn't going to study*** (**study**) biology. He's going to study English.

3 *going to*: Questions and short answers

Complete the question with the correct form of *going to* . then complete the answer.

أكمل السؤال بالشكل الصحيح لـ (going to) وثم اجب عن السؤال

1- *Is Mohammad going to go to the library today*?
(Mohammad/go to the library) !
Yes, he is .

2- ………..?
(Khalid and Hussam/play sport this weekend) !
…………

3- ………..?
(you/tidy your bedroom this evening) !
………..

4- ……….?
(Sameer/go to the beach this summer) ×
…………

5- ……….. ?
(we/go shopping now) !
…………

ت	الجواب
2	Are Khalid and Hussam going to play sport this weekend?/Yes, they are.
3	Are you going to tidy your bedroom this evening?/Yes, I am.
4	Is Sameer going to go to the beach this summer?/ No, he isn't
5	Are we going to go to shopping now?/ No, we aren't.

4 *going to* : Questions and answers

Complete the questions with the correct form of *going to*. Write your own own answers. (اكتب جوابك الخاص. going to أكمل الأسئلة بالشكل الصحيح لـ)

1- (What/your mother/do/tomorrow)

What is your mother going to do tomorrow ?

She's going to go to the market .

2- (What/your parents/do/ this weekend)

3- (What/you/do/tomorrow)

4- (How/you/get to school/tomorrow)

5- (What time/your father/get up/tomorrow)

6- (When/you/see your grandparents)

الحل: (Students' own answer; possible answer are silver in italics)

ت	الجواب
2	What are your parents going to do this weekend? *They are going to have dinner in a restaurant /* *They are going to go to a museum.*
3	What are you going to do tomorrow? *I'm going to go to school/I'm going to study*
4	How are you going to get to school tomorrow? *I'm going to get to school tomorrow by carton foot.*
5	What time is your father going to get up tomorrow? *He's going to get up at six o'clock/seven o'clock.*
6	When are you going to see your grandparents? *I'm going to see my grandparents at the weekend/tomorrow.*

5 *going to*: All formsComplete the dialogue with the correct form of *going to.*

أكمل المحاورة بالشكل الصحيح لـ (going to) (صفحة ٣٩)

ت	الجواب
2	are you going to do
3	am/'m not going to study
4	are going to have
5	am/'m not going to study
6	is your aunt going to come
7	I'm going to go shopping
8	are you going to buy

Word Corner

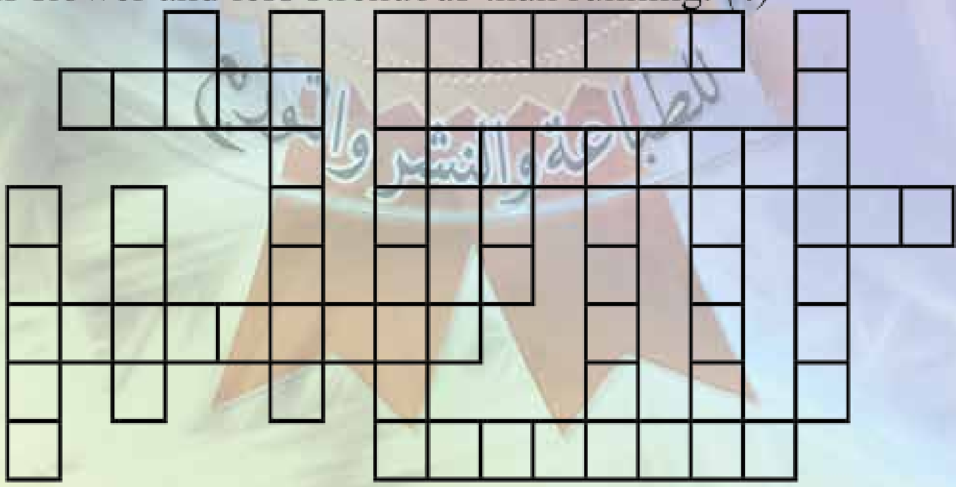
Use the clues to complete the crossword.

Across

3 A person who leaves his country because of war, politics. *(7)*
5 There are twelve of these in a year. *(5)*
6 My class went on a ….. run for *Save the Planet.* *(9)*
12 I look a day off school because I was ….. . *(3)*
13 ….. work is working for no money. *(9)*
14 If you have no home, you are ….. *(8)*

Down

1 I clean up the park ….. Saturday. *(2)*
2 An organization for helping people. *(7)*
3 ….. help us understand illness (e.g. cancer) [Hint: See p. 45 in your Student's Book!] *(8)*
4 Doctors need good ….. knowledge. [Hint: See p. 46 in your Student's Book!] *(7)*
7 In the summer, I worked in an ….. people's home. *(3)*
8 I play in the ….. football team. *(6)*
9 My sister ….. money for charity – she often organizes events. *(6)*
10 It is important to clean up the ….. so the fish don't die. *(5)*
11 This is slower and less strenuous than running. *(4)*



الحل :

Across: 3- refugee 5- month 6- sponsored 12- ill 13- voluntary 14- homeless

Down: 1- on 2- charity 3- research 4- medical 7- old 8- school 9- raises 10- river 11- walk

10 COMMUNICATION

Functions: 1 Speaking on the phone التحدث بالهاتف

Tick (!) the correct answer (a, b or c).

1- You work at Aziz and Nabeel. There is a phone call, and you answer the phone. What do you say?

a) Aziz and Nabeel. Who is that? ☐

b) Good morning. Aziz and Nabeel. Can I help you? !

c) Good morning. Aziz and Nabeel. What do you want? ☐

2- You want to speak to your friend Yasameen. Her mother answer the phone. What do you say to her?

a) I want to speak to my friend. Yasameen. ☐

b) Please tell Yasameen I want her. ☐

c) Could I speak to Yasameen. please? ☐

3- Your sister Huda is out when her friend phones. You answer the phone. What do you say?

a) I'm afraid Huda's out. Can I take a message? ☐

b) Where id Huda? ☐

c) Have you got a phone number? ☐

4- You can't understand the name of the person phoning. Do you say:

a) Who are you? ☐

b) Do you have a surname? ☐

c) Sorry, can you spell your name, please? ☐

5- The person phoning gives you a message for your brother. What do you say?

a) I don’t like your message. ☐

b) I'll pass on the message. ☐

c) This telephone does not take messages. ☐

6- You are Mr Waleed's assistant. There is a phone call when Mr Waleed is out. What do you say?

a) Have you got a phone number? I'll tell Mr Waleed you called. ☐

b) Mr Waleed is not here. ☐

c) I'm afraid Mr Waleed is not here. Goodbye. ☐

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	c	5	b
3	a	6	a
4	c		


الفيزياء
ENGLISH
الاحياء
الجغرافية
التاريخ
اللغة الانكليزية
المجموعة الكاملة لحلول الأسئلة الوزارية
الرياضيات
الكيمياء
اللغة الانكليزية
الرياضيات

Vocabulary

2 Complete the text with these verbs in the correct form.

raise, read, teach, work, plant, take, go clean up, visit, do

Last year my class (**1**) *did* some voluntary work. Tom (**2**) ***visited*** a blind man and (**3**) ***read*** the newspaper to him. Fakhri helped to (**4**) ***clean up*** the park. Nasser and Ameen (**5**) ***went*** on a sponsored bike ride and (**6**) ***raised*** some money for disabled people. I (**7**) ***planted*** trees for an environmental organization. In the same yea, my older brother. Mahmood. (**8**) ***took*** Six months off from university. He (**9**) ***taught*** Children in a primary school. One of his friends (**10**) ***worked*** with homeless people in the summer. I'm going to do that next year.

3 Write five sentences in your notebook using phrases from the table, as in the example. Add your own ideas.

اكتب خمسة جمل في دفترك مستخدما المصطلحات المذكورة في الجدول وأضف إليها أفكارك الخاصة.

This summer, I'd like to raise money for a charity.

Next year, my friend Mona is going to ….

This summer,
Next year,
I'd like to
I'm going to
… is going to help
raise money for
learn about
work in
disabled people
medical research.
a holiday home for children.
the environment.
first aid.
a hospital.
young children.
a charity.

الحل : Students' own answers.

Focus on Writing

1 Punctuation التنقيط

Write the dialogue again with the correct punctuation

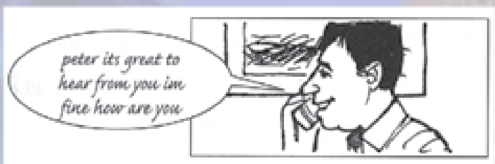
Peter from London is phoning his friend, Ali, in Iraq ...



1- *Hello This is Ali Hassan .*



2- ....



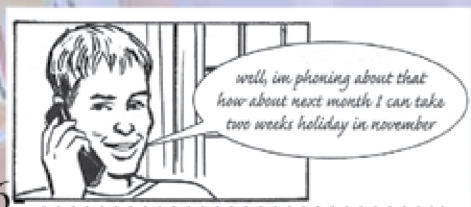
3- ....



4- ....



5- ....



6- ....

الحل :

ت	الجواب
2	Hi. Ali This is Peter from London. How are you?
3	Peter It's great to hear from you I'm fine. How are you?
4	We're all fine. It's Tariq's first day back at university. so he's not here but he sends his best wishes.
5	That's great When are you going to visit us here in Arbil?
6	Well, I'm phoning about that. How about next month? I can take two weeks' holiday in November.

2 Spelling

Complete the words with the correct spelling. Then circle the stressed syllable in each one, as in the example.

1- This e d u c a t i o n college has morning. afternoon and e v e n i n g classes.
2- My brother's a d _ c t _ r and he's going to work as a v _ l _ n t _ _ r in Kenya.
3- There's a good p r _ g r _ m m _ about protecting the _ n v _ r _ n m _ n t on TV.
4- Not all h _ m _ l _ s s people are r _ f _ g _ _ s.
5- Would you like to s p _ n s _ r me in a swimming m _ r _ t h _ n ?
6- He took three months off _ n _ v _ r s _ t _ to do some v _ l _ n t _ r y work.
7- I'm doing courses in _ n g _ n _ _ r _ n g and c _ m p _ t _ r science.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	doctor / volunteer	5	sponsor / marathon
3	Programmer / environment	6	university / voluntary
4	Homeless / refugees	7	engineering / computer

3 Linking with *to* or *for*

Write *to* before verbs and *for* before (adjective +) nouns.

1- We need fifty volunteers ………. help us.
2- We are raising money ……… cancer research.
3- There are guide dogs ………. blind people.
4- Blind people have guide dogs ……….. help them.
5- All this money is ………. Protect endangered animals.
6- The money is ………. the protection of endangered animals.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	For	5	to
3	for	6	for
4	to		

Unit Six

Shopping التسوق

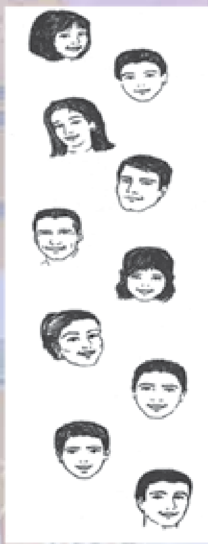
11 GRAMMAR

will/won't for predictions

1 Predictions with *will*

Complete the predictions with *will* and a verb from the box.

have, appear, go, earn, live, work, speak, write, be ~~wear~~



1- I *will wear* glasses.
2- I ***will speak*** English every day.
3- Taghreed ***will work*** in an office.
4- Ahmed ***will earn*** lots of money.
5- Nabeel ***will be*** a famous sportsman.
6- Reem ***will live*** by the sea.
7- Nada ***will have*** two children.
8- Tariq ***will write*** a book.
9- Sameer ***will appear*** on television.
10- Hani ***will go*** to university.

2 Predictions with *will* and *won't*

Complete the predictions with either *will* or *won't*.

1- I think I *will* pass the exam. I do all of my homework and I always listen to the teacher.
2- look at the sky! I don't think that it ***will*** rain tomorrow. The sky is blue and it's very sunny today.
3- Aziz ***won't*** play basketball tomorrow. His ankle hurts.
4- I think that Muna ***will*** Be a teacher. She loves spending time children and helping them.
5- Selma and layla ***won't*** come to the picnic tomorrow. They have to do their homework.
6- I think I ***will*** buy a new dress next month. I haven't got anything nice to wear for my sister's wedding.
7- Ameen ***won't*** eat ice cream with us. He had a stomachache this morning.
8- Mohammad's parents gave him some money. I think that he ***will*** buy a computer game with the money.

3 Predictions with *will* and *won't*

Use will or won't to make predictions about your life in the future, using the words 'I think I ..;

1- My future job: *I think I will be a teacher* .
2- Languages I will speak: ………..
3- Family: …………………………
4- In my spare time: ………………
5- My house: ……………………...

الحل: (Students' own answers: possible answers are given in italics

2	I think I will speak *English/French.*
3	I think I will be married and hove one chika two children
4	I think I will read/play sport/help people.
5	I think I will live in a flat in Baghdad

4 *will* and won't: Questions and answers

Make questions using *will.* Answer the questions using *will* or *won't.* Write your own opinion.

1- (**we/study**) with teachers in the future
Will we study with teachers in the futures
Yes, we will .
2- (**human beings/discover**) other planets
3- (**we/have**) robots in our homes
4- (**all houses/use**) electricity from the sun
5- (**people/work**) in offices
6- (**we/receive**) e-mails on our televisions

ت	الجواب
2	**Will human beings discover other planets? Yes, they will/ No, they won't.**
3	**Will we have robots in our homes?/Yes, we will/No, we won't.**
4	**Will all houses use electricity from the sun?/Yes, they will/No, they won't.**
5	**Will people work in offices?/Yes, they will/ No, they won't**
6	**Will we receive e-mails on our televisions? Yes, we will/No, we won't**

5 Predictions with *will* and *won't*

Use the information in the weather map to find out what the weather will be like tomorrow. Write complete sentences in your notebook.

It will be savvy in Baghdad. The temperature will be 44'C

الحل:

It will be sunny in Baghdad tomorrow. The temperature will be 44'C.
It will be cloudy in Amman. The temperature will be 22'C.
It will be sunny in Cairo. The temperature will be 30'C.
It will be sunny and cloudy in Beirut. It will be 28'C.
It will be sunny in Homs. It will be 31'C.
It will be sunny in Abu Dhabi. It will be 33'C
It will be sunny in Damascus. It will be 30'C
It will be sunny and cloudy in Riyadh. It will be 41'C.
It will be cloudy in Muscat. It will be 29'C.
It will be sunny in Sana'a. it will be 24'C.

Language Problem – Solving

Zero Conditional

Connect the two halves of the sentences

1- If you boll water,	you pass all of the exams
2- If you study hard at school,	you feel tired the next day.
3- If you go to bed late,	it reaches 1000 C.

Now complete the sentences below. Add commas if necessary.

1- If Khalid's favourite football team wins a match, *he feels happy* .
2- If it is very hot outside, ……….. .
3- I go to school early if ……………. .
4- If I pass my exams, ……….. .
5- My mother is very happy if ……….. .
6- If I eat a lot, …………

ت	الجواب
1	If you boil water, it reaches 100 C.
2	If you study hard at school, you pass all of the exams.
3	If you go to bed late, you feel tired the next day.

Suggested answers

ت	الجواب
2	If it is very hot outside, I wear summer clothes.
3	I go to school early if I finish breakfast quickly
4	If I pass my exams, I am very happy.
5	My mother is very happy if I eat well.
6	If I eat a lot, I feel sick.

12 COMMUNTICATION

Functions

1 Shopping

Write what the customer says in the correct places in these dialogues.

DIALOGUE 1

Shop assistant: Can I help you?

Customer: (1) *Yes, please. Have you got any blue jackets* .

Shop assistant: Blue? Yes, what size are you?

Customer: (2) ……….

Shop assistant: Yes, here you are. This is medium.

Customer: (3) ………..

Shop assistant: Over there.

(five minutes later)

Customer: (4) ……….

Shop assistant: Certainly.

DIALOGUE 2

Customer: (5) ………..

Shop assistant: Yes, can I help you?

Customer: (6) ……….

Shop assistant: They're twenty-five pounds.

Customer: (7) ………

Shop assistant: Well, these are only twenty pounds.

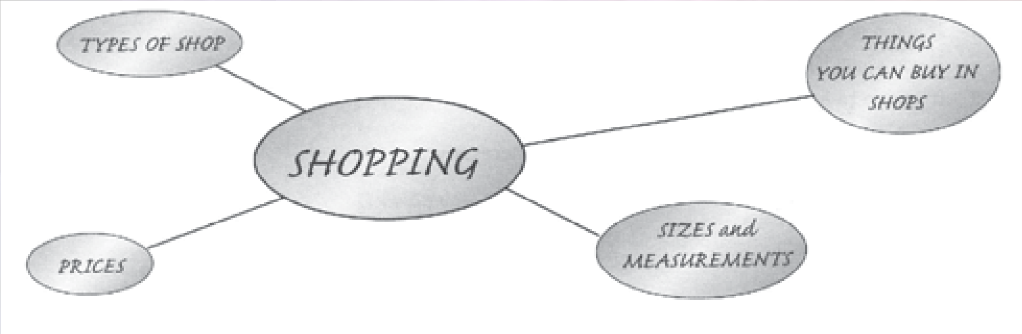
Customer: **(8) ……….**

ت	الجواب
2	I'm usually medium for jackets.
3	Where can I try it on?
4	it's too small. Can I try on the next size?
5	Excuse my
6	How much are these scarves?
7	I'm afraid they're too expensive.
8	No, they're not colourful enough. I want orange or yellow.

Vocabulary

2 Add these words and phrases to the correct group. Then add two new words or phrases in each group.

corner shop, medium, six euros fifty, large, shopping mall,
a pair of trainers, high street shop, 3500 IQD, shorts, a pair of shoes.
five pounds twenty.



الحل :

Types of shop: corner shop, shopping mall, high street shop.
Things you can buy in shops : a pair of trainers, shorts, a pair of shoes.
Prices: six euros fifty, 3500 IQD, five pounds twenty.
Size and measurements: medium, large.

Focus on Writing

1 Punctuation: A formal letter

In a formal letter the address, date, salutation (Dear …) and ending all have capital letters. Write the letter again in your notebook with the correct punctuation.

في الرسالة الرسمية يكتب كل من العنوان والتاريخ وعبارات الاحترام و النهاية بحروف الكبيرة.
اعد كتابة الرسالة وعلامات التنقيط الصحيحة. (صفحة ٤٥)

الحل :

23 Fortran Road
St Melons
Cardiff
CF 3 OWB
Tel: 029 2099 5894
Fax: 02902099 5877

23 September 2003
Dear Sir or Madam
I phoned your shop, Bondings, yesterday and a shop assistant told write to the manager.
When I was on holiday in Brighton, I bought a pair of jeans from Bondings, but when I tried them on at home, they were too small. Can I take them back and get bigger size at Bondings High Street shop here in Cardiff. Please?
Yours truly,
Khaild Hussein

2 Spelling

Use the picture cues to complete the plurals

1- three ……….



2- cl ……….



3- ten thousand d ……….



4- two p ………. of
je ……….



5-two cit ……….



6- three wat ……….



ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	clothes	5	cities
3	dinars	6	watches
4	pairs of jeans		

3 Linking الربط

We write *first* before the first thing and *finally* before the last thing in a list of activities.
Example:
First we went to the cinema, then we had something to eat and finally we caught the bus home.
We use *from … to* before the first and last thing of a list of things.
Example: We have these in all sizes from 36 to 54.

In your notebook, write the sentences with *first … then ... finally or from... to.* Use the cues to help you.

1- ……….. (**I/went into/high street shop**)
to look for these jeans and ……….
(I/went to/ shopping mall). ……….
(**I/came home**) and bought them on the Internet.

2- ………. (we/bought/shoes).
………. (**we/bought/shirt**).
……….. (**we/got/new sweater**). Do you think he'll like everything?

3- We've got shirts .... (**five pounds**).
4- She tried on all the skirts in the shop.
.... (**bought/the dark blue skirt**).
5- They have all kinds of clothes .... (**trainers/formal shirts**).

ت	الجواب
1	First I went into a high street shop to look for these jeans and then I went to a shopping mall. Finally I came home and bought them on the internet.
2	First we bought some shoes. Then we bought a shirt. Finally we got a new sweater, Do you think he'll like everything?
3	We've got shirts from five pounds to fifty pounds.
4	She tried on all the skirts in the shop. Finally she bought the dark blue skirt.
5	They have all kinds of clothes from trainers to formal shirts.

CHECK YOUR GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

1 *Going to*

Complete the sentences with the correct form of *going to*.(2 marks each)

1- Asmaa .... (**go skating**) tomorrow with her sister.
2- Tariq and Khalid .... (**not play**) chess this afternoon. They want to study.
3- I .... (**visit**) my cousin in Baghdad this weekend.
4- We .... (**go skiing**) this winter, I want to learn!
5- Wissam .... not travel) by car to school tomorrow. He wants to walk.

ت	الجواب
1	**is going to go skating**
2	**are not/aren't going to play**
3	**are going to visit**
4	**are going to go skiing**
5	**is not/isn't going to travel**

2 *will/won't?*

Complete the letter with *will/ won't* and the verb in brackets.

(1 mark each)

Dear Layla.

I am very happy that you and your mother are coming to visit me next month! I'm looking forward to showing you my city. In your last letter. you asked me what you needed to bring with you. The weather here is similar to the weather in Baghdad no you **(1)** ………. (**not need**) an umbrella or warm clothes It's colder in the evening, so I thing that you **(2)**………. (**need**) a jumper Don't bring arty sheets or blankets: my mother tells me that there **(3)** ……… (**be**) enough here for you to use. I think that we **(4)** ……… (**go**) sightseeing during the day so you **(5)** ……….. (**need**) a camera and also some comfortable shoes! Don't forget a smart dress! I hope that we **(6)** ……… (**visit**) my friends here and we can go out and have a coffee together. Bring a book or magazine because the car journey **(7)** ………. (**be**) long but you **(8)** ……… (**not need**) any school books because there **(9)** ……… (**not be**) any time to study here! I'm sure that we **(10)** ……… (**have**) lots of fun.

See you soon.

Reem

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	won't need	6	will visit
2	will need	7	will be
3	will be	8	won't need
4	will go	9	won't be
5	will need	10	will have

3 Choose the correct option in the sentences. **(2 marks each)**

1- My brother and I ***are going to go***/*will go* to the library to study this afternoon.

2- I think that it *is going to be* / ***will be*** sunny tomorrow.

3- Deema ***is going to help*** / *will help* her mother in the kitchen this morning. Her aunt and uncle are coming for lunch.

4- In a hundred years' time, we *are going to have* / ***will have*** robots in our houses.

5- I think that Fakhri *is going to be* / ***will be*** a famous sportsman he's older.

4 Match the two parts of the sentences. Then write the complete sentences below. **(2 marks each)**

1- If you (**water**) a plant, ☐
2- If she (**wake up**) early. ☐
3- If you (**touch**) something hot. ☐
4- If I (**swim**) in winter, ☐
5- If he (**use**) a computer for a long time, ☐

a) it (**burn**) you.
b) I often (**get**) a cold.
c) it (**grow**).
d) he (**get**) a headache.
e) she (**arrive**) at school earlier.

ت	الجواب
1	If you water a plant, it grows (**c**)
2	If she wakes up early, she arrives at school earlier (**e**)
3	If you touch something hot. it burn you. (**a**)
4	If I swim in winter, I often get a cold (**b**)
5	If he uses a computer for a long time, he get a headache (**d**)

CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

Read the sentences carefully. Then complete the sentences with the correct words from a, b or c. **(1.5 marks each)**

1- I often ………. voluntary work. I help old people who live nearby
a) make b) have c) do

2- It is good idea to ……… money for charity.
a) help b) do c) raise

3- I'm going to be a ………. . I'm going to work without receiving any money.
a) volunteer b) charity c) voluntary

4- I ……… to work at a school next year.
a) am going b) is going c) going

5- Bilal wants to be a doctor. He ……… to study medicine at university.
a) is going b) am going c) go

6- Nada ………. To teach when she leaves school. She wants to work in an office.
a) isn't going b) aren't going c) going

7- ………. to drive to work today? Yes, I am.
a) Is he going b) Are you going c) You are going

8- Sameer is going to work in a hospital ………. six months.
a) for b) this c) to

9- I'm going to go on a ……… walk. I hope to raise a money for charity.
a) protected b) research c) sponsored

10- Scientists often ……… research.
a) do b) have c) take

11- I want to ……… a couple of weeks off Maybe I will go abroad.
a) raise b) take c) travel

12- Good morning. can I ……… you?
a) take b) pass c) help

13- Many ………. Got to university.
a) woman b) women c) a woman

14- Reem went shopping with her mother and she ……… a couple of skirts.
a) went around b) tries on c) looked around

15- How ……… are these jeans?
a) many b) about c) much

16- In 50 years' time. I think that more people ……… clothes on the Internet.
a) buy b) is going to buy c) will buy

17- We ……….. stop using shops in the future.
a) won't b) have c) not

18- I ……… my mother if she ……… it
a) help/needs b) helps/need c) helped/needs

19- If I ………. spare time, I ……… a book.
a) have/read b) has/read c) had/read

20- I go to the swimming pool ………. it is hot.
a) always b) if c) at

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	c	6	a	11	b	16	c
2	c	7	b	12	c	17	a
3	a	8	a	13	b	18	a
4	a	9	c	14	b	19	a
5	a	10	a	15	c	20	b

TEST C Use of English

A Write sentences with *will* : affirmative (!). negative (×) or questions (?). (7 points)

0 What you (do) when leave school. (?)
What will you do when you leave school?

1- I (**want**) work in my uncle's shop. (×)
2- It (**be**) hot in Baghdad tomorrow. (!)
3- How many places (**have**) rain. (?)
4- She (**remember**) me. (×)
5- In the future, people (**live**) until the age of 150. (!)
6- What people (**eat**) in the future. (?)
7- Children (**study**) in traditional classrooms. (×)

B Circle the correct word or expression in each sentence. (6 points)

0- I always (*do*)/ *make* my homework.
1- Khalid loves animals and gets good marks at school.
He *will/**is going** to* be a vet.
2- There is an interesting film on TV tomorrow. We ***will***/ *are going to* watch it.
3- My father *does/**makes*** research into cancer.
4- I think our local shops ***will***/ *are to* disappear in the next five years.
5- In the future, people *will/**are going to*** travel faster than today.
6- She never buys anything, she just goes into a shop and looks *at/**around***.

C There is one mistake in each sentence. Find it and correct it. (10 points)

0- The trip to Baghdad makes two hours.
The trip to Baghdad takes two hours

1- I love shopping in the Internet.
2- I'm looking at five volunteers to help in a hospital.
3- How many person are there in your office?
4- This T-shirt cost 7000 IQD.
5- She has very big foot.
6- Two of my friends work by refugees.
7- How much is these black trousers?
8- They only have one children. Her name is Muna.
9- If a tennis player misses the bell, the other player get a point.
10- Plants die if you will not water them.

ت	الجواب
1	I love shopping ***by*** the Internet.
2	I'm looking at five volunteers to help ***me*** in a hospital.
3	How many ***persons*** are there in your office?
4	This T-shirt ***costs*** 7000 IQD.
5	She has ***a*** very big foot.
6	Two of my friends work ***with*** refugees.
7	How much ***are*** these black trousers?
8	They ***have only one*** children. Her name is Muna.
9	If a tennis player misses the bell, the other player ***will*** get a point.
10	Plants ***will*** die if you will not water them.

D Match the words (0-10) with the words (a-k).

(5 points – 0.5 point each)

0 school — a) work
1- sponsored — b) money
2- medical — c) walk
3- shopping — d) school
4- a pair of — e) event
5- high — f) research
6- blind — g) trainers
7- corner — h) mall
8- voluntary — i) people
9- raise — j) assistant
10- shop — k) shop

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	c	6	i
2	j	7	k
3	h	8	a
4	g	9	d
5	f	10	b

E Complete the dialogue by putting the words in the correct order.
(8 points)

0- you?/help/I/Can
Can I help you?
1- you/got/any/Yes,/shirts?/please./Have/red
2- what/are/size/Yes,/you?
3- size./I'm/medium/usually
4- Here/This/you/one/are./medium/is/size.
5- large./It's/try/size?/on/too/a/smaller/Can I
6- you./Thank/is/shirt?/How/the/much
7- pounds./It/twenty-five/is
8- too/that's/expensive./afraid/I'm

ت	الجواب
1	Have you got any red shirts? Yes, please.
2	Yes, what size are you?
3	I'm usually size medium.
4	Here you are. This is one medium size.
5	It's too large. Can I try a smaller on size?
6	Thank you. How much is the shirt?
7	It is twenty-five pounds.
8	I'm afraid, that's too expensive.

F Put the words and expressions from the box in the correct groups.
(4 points – 0.5 point each)

raise money, Try on, medium, donate clothes, size,
clean up parks, charity, prices

Voluntary work:

Shopping:

الحل :

Voluntary work	Try on, donate clothes, clean up parks, charity
Shopping:	medium, size, prices

TEST C Reading

Task 1: Read the text. Then match the sentences 1- 6 with the numbers.

(6 point)

30,000 4,000 330 1.5 million 2 19

1- The number of people who worked in Harrods when it opened.
2- The number of places where you can eat and drink in Harrods.
3- The number of people who work in Harrods today.
4- The number of pounds spent in Harrods each day.
5- The number of people who visit Harrods each day.
6- The number of departments in the shop.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	2	4	1.5 million
2	19	5	30 000
3	4000	6	330

Task 2

Read the text again and choose the correct answer, a, b or c.

(6 point)

1- Harrods is ………. Than most other shops.
a) smaller b) larger c) older

2- Today's owners are ……… .
a) Charles Harrod b) Kamil c) Egyptian brother

3- To enter Harrods, you cannot wear ………. .
a) jackets b) smart clothes c) shorts

4- Most things in Harrods are ……… than in other shops.
a) more expensive b) cheaper c) smarter

5- Many people visit the food hall because it is ………. .
a) formal b) expensive c) interesting and beautiful

6- Kamil is going to visit in January because ………
a) things are less expensive b) there are more people in the shop
c) he wants to sleep in the street

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	b	4	b
2	c	5	c
3	b	6	c

Task3 Read the text again and decide if the statements are true (T) or false(F) ?

1- Shoppers need a map because Harrods is very big. ***T***/ F
2- In 1849, Charles Harrod opened a small shop called Harrods. ***T***/ F
3- Today's shop is much bigger. ***T***/ F
4- The same family have the shop today. T/ ***F***
5- You have to buy thing when you visit Harrods. ***T***/ F
6- More people visit Harrods in January than other months. ***T***/ F
7- Kamil will be the only person to sleep on the street. T/ ***F***
8- Kamil wants to be the first person into Harrods in the morning. T/ ***F***



What is the greatest shop in the world? Some people say it is Harrods in London. This enormous shop has 330 different departments and shoppers £1.5 million a day! You need a map to find your way around because it is very big. Harrods was much smaller when Charles Harrods opened a grocer's in 1849. It had only two people working in it. today it has over 4,000 people for the owners, the Al-Fayed brothers who are from Egypt. People have to wear smart clothes to enter. Casual clothes such as old jeans and shorts are not allowed.

Most of the things Harrods sells are cheaper in other shops, but rich people like shopping here every day. However, looking around Harrods is fun. For example, the food hall is beautiful and the Egyptian Hall has incredible Egyptian statues. In fact, you can stay all day at Harrods, which has 19 cafés and restaurants. You will not be alone. Around 30,000 people visit the shop every day. In January, the sales mean shopping in Harrods is much cheaper and many more people visit.

We talked to Kamil, from Iraq, who is going to visit Harrods this January to buy a cheap computer in the sales. "I'm going to sleep outside the door all night," says Kamil. "Then I will be the first in the shop."Every year, a lot of people do the same. We hope that Kamil will be lucky!

الترجمة :

ما هو اكبر محل في العالم؟ بعض الناس يقولون انه محلات هارودز في لندن. هذا المحل المتنوع يوجد ٣٣٠ قسم مختلف وينفق المتبضعون ١،٥ مليون جنية كل يوم. تحتاج إلى خارطة للتجول لأنه كبير جدا. محلات هارودز كانت اصغر بكثير عندما افتتح جارلس هارودز محل البقالية في عام ١٨٤٩. فقد كان يعمل فيه شخصان فقط. واليوم يعمل فيه أكثر ٤٠٠٠ عامل يعملون لحساب الإخوة الفايد وهم من مصر. عندما يدخل الناس إلى المحلات يجب إن يلبسوا ملابس أنيقة. فلا يسمح بالجينز او البنطال القصيرة معظم البضائع التي في هارودز ارخص من المحلات الأخرى. ولكن الناس الأغنياء يتبضعون من هنا كل يوم. على اية حال فالتجول والنظر إلى هارودز يعتبر متعه. فعلى سبيل المثال أن قاعة الأغذية جميلة جدا وقاعة المصريات فيها تماثيل لا تصدق. وقد تستطيع قضاء النهار كله في هارودز حيث يوجد فيه ١٩ مقهى ومطعم. وسوف لت تكون وحدك فأن ٣٠،٠٠٠ من الناس يزورنه يوميا وفي شهر كانون الثاني تكون فيه بضاعة ارخص ويزورونه اكبر عدد من الناس.

تكلمنا إلى كامل من العراق الذي ذهب إلى هارودز في شهر كانون الثاني لشراء كومبيوتر رخيص. حيث قال (قضيت الليل نائما في الخارج) وقال كامل (سوف أكون الأول الذي يدخل المحلات) فالكثير من الناس يفعلون ذلك كل عام وأمل ان يوفق كامل في ذلك.

Unit Seven
Computers

13 GRAMMAR

Present Perfect: المضارع التام

1 Present Perfect: affirmatives

Put the verbs in the Present Prefect to complete the sentences

1- My brother *has invented* (**in vent**) a new complete game. He spends a lot of time playing it.
2- I ***have tried*** (**try**) Indian food but I don't like it very much.
3- Huda ***has decided*** (**decide**) to get up earlier in the morning to do some extra study before school.
4- Sameer and Muhammad ***have visited*** (**visit**) the new museum in the city centre.
5- All ***has started*** (**start**) playing for a new football team the weekends.
6- Nada ***has moved*** (**move**) to a new house recently. She is now living closer to the city centre.
7- We ***have finished*** (**finish**) our homework. Can we watch television for a while?
8- Deema ***has phoned*** (**phone**) her cousin. She wants to go shopping with her tomorrow.
9- Ameen ***has posted*** (**post**) the letters. I hope that they arrive soon.
10- Khalid and Hassan ***have travelled*** (**travel**) to Homs.

2 Present perfect: negatives

Complete the sentences with the negative form of the verb in brackets.

1- I *haven't used* (**use**) the new complete at school. I want to use the soon.
2- Tariq ***hasn't visited*** (**visit**) Ninawa. He is going for the first time with his family in the summer.
3- My mother ***hasn't prepared*** (**prepare**) a meat today because we are going to eat at the new restaurant at the bottom of my street.
4- Ameen and Waleed ***haven't decided*** (**decide**) where they are going to play football.
5- We ***haven't tried*** (**try**) Italian food. We would like to try it.
6- I ***haven't cleaned*** (**clean**) the kitchen. I'm going to do it now.

3 Present Perfect affirmatives and negatives المضارع التام في النفي والثبات

Complete the sentences so that they are true for you. Use the affirmative or negative for of the verb. Use a verb from the box

أكمل الجمل الآتية بحيث أنها تكون صحيحة للم مستخدما الأفعال أدناه.

play, use, watch, arrive, camp, travel, cook, try



1- I *have cooked* a meal for my family.
2- I .... by plane.
3- I .... foreign food.
4- I .... volleyball.
5- I .... first in the classroom.
6- I .... a digital camera.
7- I .... in the mountains.
8- I .... a film in English.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	have traveled / haven't traveled	6	have used / haven't used
3	have tried / haven't tried	7	have camped / haven't camped
4	have played / haven't played	8	have watched / haven't watched
5	have arrived / haven't arrived		

4 Present Perfect with *never* المضارع التام مع (never)

Complete the sentences with the verb in the Present Perfect and *never*.



1- I *'ve never visited* (**visit**) Egypt.
2- Ameen ***has never worked*** (**work**) in a restaurant.
3- Wissam and Omar ***have never traveled*** (**travel**) by train.
4- I ***have never lived*** (**live**) abroad.
5- Nabeel ***has never climbed*** (**climb**) a mountain.
6- We ***have never designed*** (**design**) a website.

5 Present Perfect: Questions with *ever* المضارع التام (السؤال مع ever)

Complete the questions in the Present Perfect with *ever* in your notebooks. Then answer the questions.

Are you a Computer Expert?

Have you ever …
1- (**use**) the Internet ? 2- (**design**) a web page?
3- (**play**) a computer game?
4- (**complete**) your homework on a computer?
5- (**watch**) a film or music video on the Internet?
1- *Have you ever used the Internet? Yes, I have.*

ت	الجواب
2	Have you ever designed a web page?/Yes, I have/ No, I haven't.
3	Have you ever played a computer game?/Yes, I have/ No, I haven't.
4	Have you ever completed your homework on a computer?/Yes, I have/ No, I haven't.
5	Have you ever watched a film or music video on the Internet?/ Yes, I have/ No, I haven't.

Word Corner

Circle the correct word.

1- I saved my English project on a *soft/floppy* disk.

2- *The post /E-mail* is better for sending important documents. but *the post/e-mail* is better for sending messages immediately.

3- Mr Douglas English invented the *rat/mouse* in 1964.

4- I don't like to use a *keyboard/screen*. I prefer to use a pen.

5- The *library/Internet* is one of the most important inventions of the twentieth century.

6-Now I have a colour *printer/microchip*, I give my friend pictures all the time.

7- My favorite *program/gam*e is Linux. It helps me to work faster.

8- Once a week, I go to Talal's house, and we play *computer games/educational programs*. I like F1 Racing most. It's great!

9- Can you turn the *volume/memory* down? F1 Racing is giving me a headache!

10- I want to connect my computer to the Internet, but I haven't got a *modem/printer*.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	**floppy**	6	**printer**
2	**The post / e-mail**	7	**program**
3	**mouse**	8	**computer games**
4	**keyboard**	9	**volume**
5	**internet**	10	**modem**

14 COMMUNICATION

Functions

1 Giving instructions   إعطاء الأوامر (التعليمات)

Write the instruction under the correct picture. Use the words in *italics* to help you.

How to receive e-mails

* *Then you click on the Send and Receive button in the program.*

* ~~To receive e-mail *first switch on the computer.*~~

* *When* you see a message like this – You have 2 e-mails' – you know there are e-mails for you.

* *Before* you can receive e-mail, you have to start your e-mail program.

* *Lastly,* you can print the e-mails.

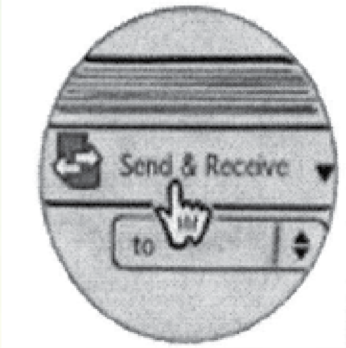
* *After that* you read the e-mails by clicking on them. That opens them.



1- *to receive e-mail, first witch on the computer.*



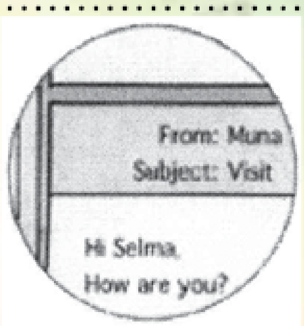
2- ……………………



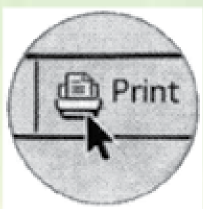
3- ……………………………



4- ……………………………



5- ……………………………



6- ……………………………

ت	الجواب
2	Before you can receive e-mail, you have to start your e-mail program.
3	Then you click on the Send and Receive button in the program.
4	When you see a message like this – You have 2 e-mails' – you know there are e-mails for you.
5	After that you read the e-mails by clicking on them. That opens them.
6	Lastly, you can print the e-mails.

Vocabulary

2 The computer words (in *italics*) are all in the wrong sentences. Cross them out and rewrite them in the correct sentences.

ان كلمات الحاسوب بالخط المائل موضوعة بصورة خاطئة صحح هذه الجمل.

1- I got a really interesting ~~*Internet*~~ *e-mail* from my friend.
2- Click on the Internet icon with the *keyboard* **mouse**.
3- Before you print anything check that the *e-mail* **printer** is on .
4- You can get a lot of information from the *mouse* **internet**.
5- The first letter on the *screen* **keyboard** is O and the last one is M.
6- You can see a lot of icons on the *printer* **screen**.

3 Circle the correct word.

1- I've sent the e-mail now. We can switch *on /off* the computer.
2- I can't hear the TV. Can you turn the volume *up/down?*
3- This is how you use a mobile phone. first switch it *on/off.*
4- I'm doing my homework. Please turn the radio up/down.
5- Is that my new computer? Put it *up/down* on my desk, please.
6- They lemonade is cold enough. We can take it in/*out of* the fridge now.
7- Put that disk *in/on* the computer and we'll look at the picture.
8- Click *on/off* that icon with the mouse and we'll get on the Internet.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	up	6	out of
3	on	7	in
4	down	8	on
5	down		

Focus on Writing

1 Punctuation

Write these sentences again in your notebook with capital letters and the correct punctuation.

1- there isnt a better computer in the shops than the abd superfast computer
2- what do you do after youve put the disk in
3- first you switch on then you click on the internet icon then you wait a bit and next you click on the e-mail icon
4- ive got a new mobile phone and its better than my dads
5- can we get Tariq's present at the department store on newton high street.
6- there are more than 9000000 people in cairo.
7- she bought a beautiful long cotton dress.

ت	الجواب
1	There isn't a better computer in the shops than the ABD superfast computer.
2	What do you do after you've put the disk in?
3	First you switch on, then you click on the internet icon, then you wait a bit and next you click on the e-mail icon.
4	I've got a new mobile phone and it's better than my dad's.
5	Can we get Tariq's present at the department store on Newton High Street?
6	There are more than 9,000,000 people in Cairo.
7	She bought a beautiful, long, cotton dress.

2 Spelling

Write these words correctly. They all have the sound *th, ch* or *sh* in them.

1- People who are a bit afraid of other people are often *yhs* shy.
2- You give money to *actyhri* ***charity*** to help other people.
3- The opposite of fat is *ithn* ***thin***.
4- Do you eat *tecolhoca* ***chocolate*** between meals?
5- I like window *ppsnghoi* ***shopping***. when you don't buy anything.
6- I like *eechse* ***cheese*** sandwiches.
7- Don't *uchot* ***touch*** the ball! It's dirty.
8- People don't often wear *hoses* ***shoes*** on the *acbeh* ***beach***.

3 Linking with *before, after, to, when* and *then*

to (here) means so that something can happen.

Example:

Put a 50p coin in the drinks machine to get a drink.

Write *before, after, to when* or *then* in the sentences.

1- *When* the oven is hot, put the food in.
2- ***Before*** you use a coin machine, make sure you have a coin!
3- ***After*** you use my computer, please switch it off.
4- Put some paper in the printer and ***then*** click on 'print' with the mouse.
5- ***To*** use a pay phone, first pick up the receiver.
6- You can use my mobile phone ***to*** call home.
7- Turn the mobile phone off ***after*** you have finished the call.
8- Put the CD in the player first and ***then*** press the 'on' button.
9- Take the disk out first. ***After*** that you can switch the computer off.

4 Writing instructions

Use the picture cues to write instructions for using this parking ticket machine. Write four sentences in your notebook. Start like this:

1. first, put a cein ....



(suggested answers): **الحل**

ت	الجواب
1	**First, put a coin in the machine.**
2	**Then, press the button.**
3	**Then, take the ticket from the machine.**
4	**Finally, put the ticket inside your car.**

Review

CHECK YOUR GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

1 *Have you ever … ?*

Connect the verbs on the left with the rest of the sentences using *Have you ever …?* (2 marks each)

	play	abroad
1-	visit	a game of tennis
2-	repair	Italian food
3-	cook	a postcard from a friend
4-	receive	a broken machine
5-	travel	the National Museum in Iraq

Have you ever played a game of tennis?

ت	الجواب
1	Have you ever visited the National Museum in Iraq?
2	Have you ever repaired a broken machine?
3	Have you ever cooked Italian food?
4	Have you ever received a postcard from a friend?
5	Have you ever travelled abroad?

2 Complete the sentences with the correct auxiliary verbs.

(1 mark each)

did (x2), have (x2), were, was, will, are, do, has

1- She ………. never studied Spanish.
2- ………. you ready to go?
3- ………. doctors earn a lot of money?
4- ………. You got to a restaurant yesterday?
5- How ……… your test yesterday?
6- ………. Waleed and Aziz at the wedding last week
7- ……… we be there on time?
8- We ………n't call to book tickets.
9- ……… you every been in a plane?
10- I ……….n't visited my grandmother since Sunday.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	has	4	Did
2	Are	5	was
3	Do	6	were

3 Complete the dialogue by putting words in the correct order.

(2 marks each)

1- sent/you/e-mails/Have/those. **Have you sent those e-mails?**
2- haven't/yet./I/No,/started. **No, I haven't started yet.**
3- print/please?/you/them. /Can. **Can you print them, please?**
4- printer?/How/use/I/do/the. **How do I use printer the?**
5- on!/it/you/switch/First,/to/need. **First, you need to switch it on!**

4 Multi-part verbs

Complete the sentences with the correct word. (1 mark each)

get, look, working, put, look, came, read, put, listen, changes

1- There is a computer program that ***changes*** pictures into sound.
2- Bilal was asleep when the plane ***took*** *off.*
3- What do you feel when you ***listen*** *to* music?
4- What's the first thing you do when you ***get*** out *of* bed in the morning?
5- Adil is ***working*** *on* a lot of different things at the same time at school.
6- We've ***read*** about it in the newspaper.
7- first. you ***put*** the film into the camera.
8- ***Put*** a coin in the drinks machine and get me a drink, please.
9- ***Look*** at the screen. What can you see?
10- Saleem was on holiday in Tunisia but he ***came*** bock last week.

CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

Read the sentences carefully. Then complete the sentences with the correct words form a, b or c. (1.5 marks each)

1- We ………. to finish the work today.
a) haven't b) don't have c) can't

2- How ………. time will it take?
a) many b) more c) much

3- This is one of ………. I have!
a) the noisiest game b) the noisiest games c) the noisier game

4- 'I haven't printed my homework yet.' ' ………. '
a) Neither have I. b) So have I. c) I haven't.

5- I ……… to find the instructions.
a) did try b) try c) 'm trying

6- I've got ………. to tell you.
a) something b) anything c) someone

7- Our modem is .... yours.
a) quickest than b) quicker from c) quicker than

8- .... Been a great summer holiday!
a) There's b) It's c) It have

9- Nour is going to do research for her on the Internet.' ' .... Aish.'
a) So does b) So is c) So will

10- .... never travelled outside of Iraq.
a) They b) They've c) They haven't

11- It's .... easy program to use.
a) a b) an c) the

12- Everyone .... learn how to type fast.
a) hasn't to b) have to c) has to

13- There's .... in the Internet café – it's empty!
a) no one b) anyone c) someone

14- .... ever been sailing in the Mediterranean?
a) Have you b) Will you c) Did you

15- Sameer .... study Computer Science at university.
a) goes to b) will c) is going to

16- What .... after you opened the program?
a) did you do b) did you c) you did

17- In the future, we .... Everything on the Internet.
a) are buying b) will buy c) will buying

18- Saleem .... to learn a new language.
a) is started b) starting c) has started

19- 'Have you received my message?' 'No, ...'
a) I haven't b) I didn't c) it wasn't

20- What .... after you clicked on 'print'?
a) happen b) did happen c) happened

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	b	6	a	11	b	16	a
2	c	7	c	12	c	17	b
3	b	8	b	13	a	18	c
4	a	9	b	14	a	19	a
5	c	10	b	15	c	20	c

TEST D Use of English

A Write sentences in the Present Prefect – affirmative (!), negative (×) or questions (?).(7 points)

0- He (read) 'Moonfleet'. (?)
Has he read 'Moonfleet'?

1- I (**eat**) Chinese food three times. (!)
2- His parents (**send**) him a letter. (?)
3- We (**swim**) in this river. (×)
4- Ali (**visit**) his grandmother. (?)
5- They (**see**) an alligator. (×)
6- My sister (**write**) a science fiction story. (!)
7- You (**be**) to Lebanon. (?)

B Use the cues to ask and answer questions with *How many* in the Present Perfect. (10 points – 2 points each)

0- mountain/Hussein/climb (2)
How many mountain has Hussein climb?
He has climbed two

1- letter/Sameera and Noor/answer (6)
2- actors/Hussein/phone (12)
3- e-mails/Mahmood/try to print (20)
4- websites/Asmaa and Sanaa/design (13)
5- tickets/Nada/pick up from the floor (1)

ت	الجواب
1	How many letter have Sameera and Noor answer.? They have and six.
2	How many actors has Hussein phoned? He has phoned twelve.
3	How many e-mail has Mahmood tried to print? He had tried to print twenty.
4	How many websites have Asmaa and Sanaa designed? They have designed.
5	How many tickets has Nada picked up from the floor? She picked one.

C Circle the correct word or expression in each sentence.

(10 points)

0- I like looking *round* / *at* science museums.
1- The plane took ***off***/*up* at 5 p.m.
2- Scientists have ***discovered***/*invented* life on Mars.
3- I have ***never***/*ever* used a mobile phone.
4- We heard about the accident ***on***/*at* the news.
5- I work *up*/***out*** in the middle of the night.
6- I turned the light *in*/***on***.
7- Have you ***ever***/*never* used the Internet?
8- How many letters has she *answer*/***answered*** ?
9- Open your e-mail program. *After*/***After that***, you can start writing your message.
10- Put the disk ***in***/*at* the computer.

D Put the words and expression from the box in the correct groups.

(8 points – 0.5 points each)

speak, CD player, move, Internet icon, drinks machine, screen, television, website, printer, touch, disk, mouse, mobile phone, e-mail, keyboard, bear

الحل:

Internet: Internet icon, website, e-mail,
Parts of a computer: CD player, screen, printer, disk, mouse. keyboard.
Things the body can do: speak, move, touch, bear.
Machines: drinks machine, television, mobile phone,

E Complete the multi-part verb with the correct word. (5 points)

0- On Mondays I usually ...***up***.. at seven o'clock.
1- Turn the volume ***full***, please. I'm trying to work.
2- It was dark because the lights had suddenly gone ***off*** in most houses.
3- The plane is going to take ***off*** in a minute.
4- He went to bed at 11 p.m. and forgot to switch ***off*** the light in the kitchen.
5- At the weekend I never wake ***up*** before ten o'clock.

TEST D Writing

Task

Write a letter to someone who will not open it until the year 2025.

Describe some items of modern technology you use today. Include the following information:

- what you use
- what it does
- how it works
- how it has changed your life.

What do you think someone will think when they read your letter in 20 years' time?

TEST D Reading

Task 1

Read the text and circle the correct meanings for the following words, a, b or c. (5 points)

1- ultimate

a) strange b) best ever c) complicated

2- essential

a) very important b) very easy c) very fast

3- symbol

a) word b) sign c) sound

4- quotation mark

a) ? b) … c) " "

5- phrase

a) group of pictures b) group of sounds c) group of words

ت	الجواب
1	b) best ever
2	a) very important
3	b) sign
4	c) " "
5	c) group of words

Task 2

Read again and decide if the following statements are true (T) or false (F). (7 points)

1- Google is only available in English. ....

2- When you include a positive symbol (+), Google searches for only that word. ....

3- When you include a negative symbol (-), Google will not look for pages including that word. ....

4- Using quotation mark is useful for finding pages about a specific person. ....

5- To try find a hotel in London, it is best to write one word: London. .....

6- Google only gives information on hotels in London . ...

7- There are 8 million web pages. ....

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	F	5	F
2	T	6	F
3	T	7	F
4	T		

Task 3

What would you type into the search box in order to find the following information? Write the words and symbol in the spaces below. (8 points – 2 points each)

Example:

Information about *Armani jeans,* (not *Armani* perfume).

Armani +jeans – perfume

1- Information about Shakespeare's play. *The Merchant of Venice.*

2- Tour groups that organize safari holidays in Kenya.

3- Information about Johnny Depp the actor (**not Johnny Depp the photographer**).

4- What's on at the Empire Cinema in Cairo tonght.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	"The Merchant of Venice"	3	Johnny Depp -photographer
2	+ Safari holidays in Kenya	4	"Empire Cinema in Cairo"

What is Google?

"Google is the closest thing the web has to an ultimate answer machine."

Have you ever used Google lovers all over the world use this Internet search engine to find information on almost any subject. It can search through more than 8 billion web pages in more than 100 languages to find the best answers to any question … usually in less than a second. www.google.com is one of the world's most popular web addresses, and it is completely free!

How to search on Google

'Google-ing' is easy a few words of the subject you want to find into the search box and Google will immediately find any matching web pages.

1- Choosing the right words in the search box is essential. If you're looking for information on London try ***London***. If you want to go on holiday in London, it is better to try ***London holiday***. If you are looking for somewhere to stay, ***London holiday hotels*** will give you only the pages about accommodation.

2- Positive and negative symbols can help, If you are sure want to stay in a hotel in the Westminster area, add ***+Westminster*** in the search box. Sometimes you might receive information that is not useful to you. For example, instead of finding out about hotels in London, England, you could find many pages about London, Canada. To stop this, you can write ***London – Canada.***

3- Phrase searches are useful when you want to fins pages containing an exact group of words. To do this, you should write quotation marks around the phrase you want. For example, it you type in ***Sean Connery***, you could have pages about millions of different people called 'Sean' or 'Connery'. But if you type in **'Sean' or 'Connery'**, you will only receive information on the James Bond actor.

الترجمة :

ما هو غوغل؟

غوغل اقرب شيء من الانترنت الذي يعتبر ماكنة جواب شاملة.

هل سبق إن استخدمت غوغل؟ ن محبي غوغل في إنحاء العالم يستخدمون ماكنـــة بحيـــث الانترنت للحصول على المعلومات في اغلب المواضيع. يستطيع غوغل البحث عبر ٨ بليون صفحة من الشبكة في أكثر من ١٠٠ لغة لإيجاد أفضل الأجوبة لكل سؤال وعادة في اقل من ثانية واحدة. أن عنوان غوغل من أكثر عناوين الشبكة شعبية وهو مجاني بالكامل.

كيفية البحث في غوغل

إن البحث في غوغل سهل جداً. فقط يمكنك طبع الكلمات قليلة عن الموضوع الذي تريده في صندوق البحث وسوف يقوم غوغل بالحال أية صفحات لها علاقة بالموضوع.

١- اختيار الكلمات الصحيحة للطبع في صندوق البحث هو عامل أساســي. فمــثلا إذا أردت معلومة عن لندن اكتب London. فإذا أردت إن تذهب في عطلة في لندن فمن الأفضل إن تكتب London Holiday . وذا أردت البحـــث عـــن مكـــان تقـــيم فيـــه فتكتـــب London holiday hotels فسيعطيك معلومات فقط عن الفنادق في لندن.

٢- العلامات الموجبة والسالبة يمكن ان يساعدك أيضا. وإذا أردت إن تسكن في فنـــدق فـــي منطقة ويستمنستر فتكتب Westminster + . في بعض الأحيان تأتيك معلومات ليـــست مفيدة لك. فمثلا بدلا من ان نجد الفنادق في لندن انكلترا تأتيك لندن كندا. لإيقـــاف ذلـــك تطبع London-Canada.

٣- البحث عن المصطلحات مفيدة عندما تريد ان تجد صفحات تحتوي على مجموعة معينـــة من المفردات . فإذا طبعت Sean Connery سوف تجد صفا عـــن ملايـــين الـــصفحات لمختلف الناس الذين أسماءهم Sean أو Connery ولكن إذا طبعـــت "Sean Connery" سوف تستلم فقط معلومات عن ممثل جيمس بوند فقط.

TEST 2 (Units 5-7)

1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of

0- *Is* he *going to* be a lawyer?
1- They ……… have a holiday in August.
2- I (not) ………. Write to her again.
3- ………. they ………work abroad? No, they ………. .
4- ………. you ………. go to bed early tonight? Yes, I ………. .
5- I think it ……… rain.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	will	4	Are / going / am going
2	will not	5	will
3	Will / not to / won't		

2 Put the words in the correct order and write sentences about the future.

0- be/there/schools/Will/2080?/in
Will there be schools in 2080?
1- Internet?/do/Will/their/shopping/people/the/on
2- have/will/a/home./Everyone/at/computer
3- work/day./People/every/won't
4- Moon. /People/will/to/travel/the
5- think/Fakhri/pass/will/you/Do/his/examination?

ت	الجواب
1	Will the people do their Internet shopping on?
2	Everyone will have a computer at home.
3	People won't work every day.
4	People will travel to the Moon.
5	Do you think Fakhri will pass his examination?

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *going to or will/won't.*

0- I *am going to* work hard next year.
1- In the future, people ***are going to*** have more free time.
2- They ***will*** watch football match tonight.
3- My grandfather ***will*** be 100 years old on Saturday.
4- My sister ***is going to*** study Japanese next year.
5- Trainers ***wont*** (not) be in fashion next year.

طاهر البياتي

اللغة الأنكليزية

بِطريقة مُبسطة

ENGLISH IN A SIMPLIFIED WAY

By
Tahir Al Bayati

لمستوى الإبتدائية والمتوسطة والاعدادية

قواعد
Grammar

تمارين
Exercises

كتابة الرسائل
Letter Writing

امثال شعبية
Proverbs

حزورات
Riddles

ترجمة
Translation

مصطلحات
Idioms

توزيع دار الأعرجي - بغداد - شارع المتنبي

٠٧٨٠٧٢٤٧٥٩٥ - ٠٧٧٠٧٩٩٤٤٧٦

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the Present Perfect.

0- They (**move**) *have moved* to the UK
1- I ………. (**not phone**) her.
2- ……… you ever ……… (**play**) chess?
3- He ……… (**start**) to use his new computer.
4- ………. he ever ………. (**visit**) you? No, he …….. .
5- They ………. (**never send**) me an e-mail.
6- She ……….. (**refuse**) to do her homework.
7- He ……….. (**not earn**) a lot of money.
8- ……… we ………. (**invite**) him to lunch?
9- They ……… (**travel**) all over the world.
10- ………. They ever ……….. (**climb**) a mountain? Yes, they ……….

(Score : 10)

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	have not phoned	6	has refused
2	Have / played	7	He hasn't earned
3	has started	8	Have / invited
4	Has / visited / hasn't	9	have travelled
5	have never send	10	Have / climbed / have

5 Write the plural of the words.

Singular	Plural
0- man	*men*
1- scarf	***scarves***
2- watch	**watched**
3- woman	**women**
4- person	**personell**
5- child	**children**
6- house	**houses**
7- foot	**feet**
8- shoe	**shoes**
9- charity	**charities**
10- beach	**beaches**

(Score: 10)

6 Complete the sentences.

0- He switched ...*on*... the TV and watch the programme.
1- She took the meal .... of the microwave oven.
2- He took .... his coat because he was hot .
3- Please put the books .... the table.
4- He put the cassette .... the cassette recorder.
5- He switched .... the light and went to sleep.
6- I like to arrive .... time.
7- Have you read a lot .... English?
8- They got to the airport at 7.30 a.m. and their plane took .... at 10 o'clock.
9- I always wake .... at half past six.
10- The boy dived .... the swimming pool.

(Score: 10)

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	out	6	at
2	off	7	of
3	on	8	off
4	into	9	up
5	off	10	in

7 Match the words (0-5 and a-f) and make compound words.

0- e- — a) computer
1- mobile — b) mail
2- floppy — c) camera
3- medical — d) phone
4- digital — e) disk
5- mini- — f) research

(Score: 5)

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	d	4	c
2	e	5	a
3	f		

دار الاعرجي سر تفوقنا



Literature Spots

Literature Spots 1

The Prince and the Pauper

(pp. 66-67 in the Student's Book)

1 Which word is the odd one out? Say why.

1- steal	kill	hit	be crowned
2- king	thief	soldier	guard
3- kind	polite	angry	good
4- fantastic	ill	sad	afraid
5- palace	church	house	street

ت	الجواب
1	be crowned (all other words to do with a theft)
2	thief (all other words to do with a palace)
3	angry (the other words all describe good qualities)
4	Fantastic (the other word all describe negative qualities)
5	street (all other words describe buildings)

2 Complete the following sentences with correct words.

ran away from, pleased to see, laughed at,
~~surprised to see~~, angry with

Example:
The important men in the church were very ***surprised*** the prince bowing to a poor boy.

1- The prince was ***angry with*** the guard because he hit the boy.
2- the school boys ***laughed at*** him and said, "You are only a poor boy".
3- Tom saw Edward and said, " I am very ***pleased to see*** you, me king".
4- Edward ***ran away from*** John and went to Westminster Abbey to find Tom.

3 Now choose the correct word to complete the following sentences.

1- The man was surprised ***to find*** / *finding* his door open when he got home from work.

2- We all laughed *with*/ ***at*** the dog with the funny ears.

3- The teacher was angry ***with*** / *for* the boy because he is always late.

4- I am very pleased ***to be*** / *with being* with my grandparents again.

5- It was a very big dog and the children quickly ran *be* / ***away from*** it.

Literature Spots 2

The Fruits of Labour

(pp. 68-69 in the Student's Book)

1 These are seven adjectives taken from the story: *fun-loving, hard-working, cunning, restless, trembling, aching, hard-earned.* Put them in the right sentences depending on their meaning in the story.

a) Chinese people are known for being ………….. employees.

b) The …………… boy could not sit still and was punished by his teacher.

c) All her body was ………. After she was done cleaning the house.

d) ………. people are often deceitful and dishonest.

e) My family is ………. They play games together.

f) All his belongings are ………. He had to work very hard to own his beautiful house and amazing car.

g) He was ………. because he was very scared.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
a	hard working	e	fun loving
b	a restless	f	hard-earned
c	acting	g	trembling
d	Cunning		

2 Put the prepositions in the right place.

out, straight to, into, to, at

a) They cried .... at the surprising sight.
b) Did you throw it .... the waste bin?
c) When I am done, I will go .... bad because I am very tired.
d) He was not allowed to go .... before finishing his homework.
e) She tossed her pen .... him.
f) He always helps .... when we have a lot of work.
g) I asked my friend to send the package .... me .

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
a	out	e	at
b	into	f	out
c	straight to	g	straight to
d	out		

3 Put the words in the right place.

value, demand, well, search, hard, guide

الحل:

Noun	Verb	Adjective
demand	guide	hard
value		
well		
search		

Literature Spots 3

The War of the World

(pp. 70-71 in the Student's Book)

1 The following sentences are all in the story. Choose the best answers.

Example:

Scientists had also seen lots of explosions on the planet. Do *explosions* mean.

a) big bursts of energy? b) lights? c) Martians?

1- *A colony of Martians wanted to move to Earth because it was warmer than Mars.* Does a *colony* mean:
   a) soldiers? b) a group? c) an angry team?

2- *The fighting machines fired a black gas that killed all the soldiers who were trying to stop them.* Does gas mean:
   a) paint? b) something like air? c) a big gun?

3- *The people of London were frightened by this terrible event and started to leave the city* .Does *event* mean:
   a) Martians? b) something like a dream?
   c) something important that happens?

4- *I walked through London and saw the destruction of the city.* Does *destruction* mean:
   a) noise? b) pollution? c) end?

5- *They had on cure and they all died.* Does *cure* mean:
   a) something that makes you better when you are ill?
   b) something that makes you stronger?
   c) a battery?

ت	الجواب
1	b) a group
2	b) something like air?
3	c) something important that happens?
4	c) end?
5	a) something that makes you better when you are ill?

2 Now complete the table with phrases from the box.

communicate by thinking. a better place to live drink water, have no cures for Earth's illnesses, have more advanced technology, a worse place to live, have cure for illnesses, communicate be talking, a cooler place to live, a worse place to live

الحل :

People	*drink water* have cure for illnesses communicate be talking
Martians	communicate be talking have no cures for Earth's illnesses have more advanced technology
Mars	a cooler place to live a worse place to live
Earth	a better place to live a worse place to live

تمت بعونه تعالى

Activity Book

كتاب النشاط

الاستاذ احمد كاظم الاعرجي

دار الاعرجي
للطباعة والنشر

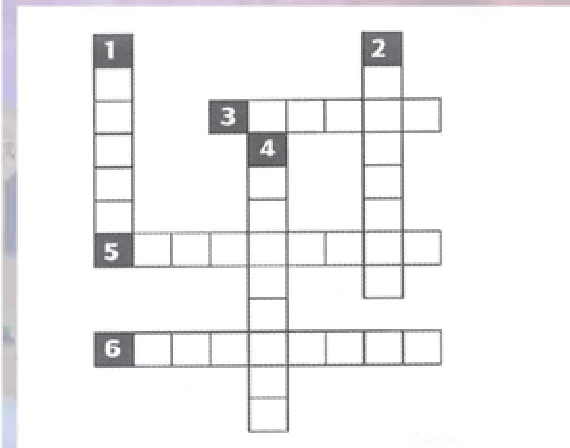
Learning to learn

A You Vocabulary

1 Use the pictures to complete the crossword



استخدم الصور لأكمال الكلمات المتقاطعة



الحل :

أفقي	Across	3- video	5- swimming	6- football
عامودي	Down	1- photo	2- reading	4- computer

Grammar

2 Present Simple (affirmative and negative) المثبت و المنفي

Complete the sentences with correct form of the verb in brackets .

أكمل الجمل بصورة صحيحة من الفعل الذي بين القوسين.

1- I ***play*** (**play**) football every Friday .
2- Selma ***doesn't like*** (**not like**) playing football .
3- She ***likes*** (**like**) swimming .
4- He ***is*** (**be**) our new teacher .
5- I ***am*** (**be**) from Baghdad .

3 Question and short answers

Complete the question and the short answers .. أكمل الأسئلة والأجوبة القصيرة

1- Who *are* they ?
He's Ali and he's Nabeel .
2- What ***do*** they ***like*** doing ?
He like computer games and he likes swimming .

3- ***Does*** Ali like reading ?
No, he likes playing football .

4- Does the teacher live in Basrah ?
Yes, he ***does***.

5- Do they like learning English ?
Yes, they ***do***.

4 Talking about likes and dislikes

Circle the correct words . ضع دائرة حول الجواب الصحيح

Maysoon: Hi! What *you like* / *do you like* **(1)** doing ?
Selma: I *likes* / ***like*** **(2)** taking photos .
Maysoon: I don't . I like play / ***playing*** **(3)** computer games .
Selma: Do you playing / ***Are you playing*** **(4)** computer games today ?
Maysoon: Yes, *I do* / ***I am*** (5) .

B You Class

Grammar

1 Have to/ don't have to/ can / can't

Complete the sentences *with an/ can't*, have to or don't have to .

أكمل الجمل بالكلمات الآتية

1- In the classroom, you *can* work in pairs or groups .
2- You ………. Use a dictionary to help you with words .
3- you ………. speak English when you know the words in English .
4- You ………. Ask questions when you do not understand something .
5- You ………. eat in the lessons .
6- You ………. always work with the same partner .
7- You ………. be quiet when a cassette is playing .
8- You ………. stay in class all day .

الحل :

2- can	3- have to	4- can	5-can't
6- don't have always	7- have to	8- don't have to	

2 Possessive adjectives and pronouns صفات وحروف التملك

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences .

ضع الكلمات الآتية بالترتيب لتكوين جمل مفيدة

1- mine. / that / is / bag / big / red

That big, red bag is mine .

2- lives / Our / near / my / teacher / house .

3- are / pens / Where / pencils ? /your / and .

4- university./ Their / at / sister / studies

5- car / red / is / The / theirs .

6- His / works / father / in / hotel. / the

الحل :

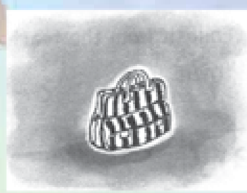
ت	الجواب
2	Our teacher lives near my house.
3	Where are your pens and pencils?
4	Their sister studies at university .
5	The red car is theirs.
6	His father works in the hotel.

Adjectives الصفات

3 Using adjective

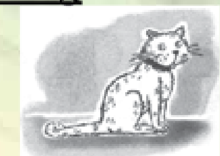
Describe the following . استخدم الصفات في وصف مايأتي





1- ***It's a big, black dog***

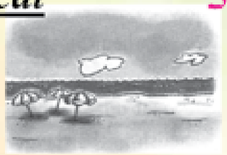
4- **It's a small, black and white bag**





2- ***It's a small, white cat***

5- ***It's a new, black car***





3- **It's a beautiful, big beach.**

6- **It's an old, grey car .**

C CLASSROOM LANGUAGE AND HOMEWORK

Grammar

1 Imperatives أفعال الأمر

Find six instructions in the word search. جد ستة ايعازات في البحث عن الكلمات

r	y	l	o	o	k	s
u	c	i	p	q	z	s
q	t	s	p	e	a	k
w	a	t	c	h	w	p
v	l	e	a	r	n	w
k	k	n	o	o	o	p

الحل :

Across	look	speak	watch	learn
Down	talk	listen		

2 Now use the words to complete these sentences .

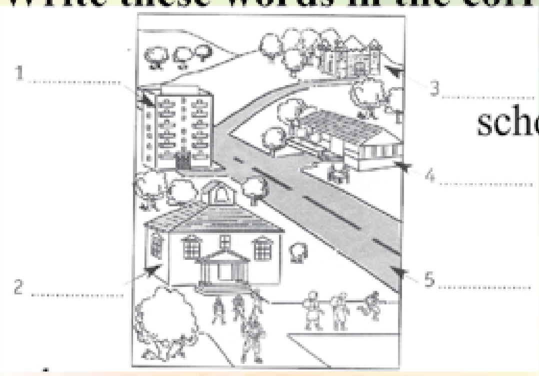
1- ***lock*** at the pictures before you read a text in the book.
2- Don't ***talk*** when the teacher is teaching you .
3- ***Listen*** to what other students have to say .
4- ***Speak*** English in the classroom .
5- ***Watch*** videos and television programmes in English .
6- ***Learn*** English from the teacher, the book and your partners.

Vocabulary: 3 Vocabulary of places معاني الأماكن

Write these words in the correct place (1-5) in the picture.

أكتب هذه الكلمات بمكانها الصحيح في الصورة

school, restaurant, road, hotel, castle



الحل :

1- hotel	2- school	3- castle	4- restaurant	5- road

Word Corner ركن الكلمات

Using a dictionary : adjectives استخدم القاموس : الصفات

1 Put these words in alphabetical order and check them in your Mini - Dictionary .. ضع هذه الكلمات بالترتيب الالفبائي وثم دققها مع القاموس المصغر

brilliant, fantastic, amazing, terrible, dull
beautiful, interesting, heavy, happy

الحل :

1 amazing, beautiful, brilliant, dull, fantastic, happy, heavy, interesting, terrible

2 Now add an adjective or adjectives to describe the following .

والآن أضف الصفة أو الصفات لوصف ما يأتي.



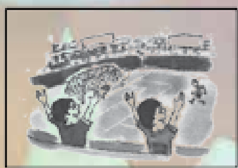
1- It's a book .
It's an interesting , heavy book .



2- She's a singer.



3- there's a film on television .



4- We saw a football match.



5- He's a taxi driver .

الحل :

ت	الجواب
2	She's an amazing brilliant fantastic beautiful singer.
3	There's a dull terrible film on television.
4	We saw an amazing brilliant fantastic interesting football match.
5	He's a terrible taxi driver.

D YOUR HOLDAY

Grammar

1 Past Simple الماضي البسيط

Match the past and present forms.

أوصل بين الأفعال الماضية و المضارعة

learned, finished, had, went, was/were, spoke, did

الكلمة	الجواب	الكلمة	الجواب
finish	***Finished***.. .	learn	***learned***.
be	***was were***.	do	***did***.
have	***had***.	speak	***spoke***.
go	***went***.		

2 Past Simple (affirmative and negative) الماضي البسيط

Use the cues to write pairs of sentences .

1- Last year , Ameen (be)/level 5 ! . level 6 ×

last year, Ameen was in level 5 .

....

2- In the summer / I (go) / mountains ! Beach ×

3- We (have) a brilliant holiday ! terrible food ×

4- My sister (learn)/swim ! Dive ×

5- My family (speak) English ! Arabic ×

ت	الجواب
2	in the summer I went to the mountains. I didn't go to the beach.
3	We had a brilliant holiday. We didn't have terrible food.
4	My sister learned to swim. She didn't learn to dive.
5	My family spoke English. They didn't speak Arabic.

3 Past Simple (questions)

Write the questions for these answers. أكتب أسئلة لهذه الأجوبة

1- ***What level were you in last years*** . I was in level 5.
2- ***Where did you go in the summer?***
I went to the mountains in the summer .
3- ***What did you learn?*** I learned to climb mountains .
4- ***Was it fun?*** Yes, it was fun .
5- ***Did you speak English?*** No, we spoke Arabic, not English .

Plurals الجمع

4 Look at the pictures and complete the sentences .



1- There are ten ***people***.
2- There are three ***men*** and three ***women***.
3- There are four ***children***.
4- There are two ***cars*** and two ***buses***.
5- There are six ***bags***.

5 Now add the following words to the table.

أضف الكلمات الآتية إلى الجدول.

apple, class, bed, box, man, woman, dictionary, glass, story

الحل :

Regular Plural + s	Regular Plural + es	Regular Plural + ies	Regular Plural
apples, beds	classes boxes glasses	dictionaries stories	man woman

E YOUR TOWN
Vocabulary

1 Countable and uncountable nouns الأسماء المعدودة وغير المعدودة

Which things can you count? Which things can't you count?

apples, coffee, money, milk, potatoes, biscuits



الحل :

countable nouns	uncountable nouns
apples	coffee
potatoes	money
biscuits	milk

Grammar

2 *how much* or *how many* ?

كم لغير المعدود كم العدد

Complete the sentences with *how much* or *how many*.

1- ……….. money does a sports star get ?
2- ……….. students are there are in your class ?
3- ……….. coffee does your father drink ?
4- ………. biscuits do you eat each day ?
5- ………. milk does a baby drink ?
6- ………. Apples do you eat in a month ?

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	How much	2	How many
3	How much	4	How many
5	How much	6	How many

3 Work in pairs. Discuss the answers to the questions in the last exercise. Say a number or *a lot of*.

أعمل كل اثنين سوية لمناقشة الأجوبة والأسئلة في التمرين السابق. اذكر أرقام أو كلمة كثير (a lot of)

الحل: أجوبة الطلاب الخاصة.Students' own answers.

Adverbs of Frequency ظروف التكرار

4 Find the five adverbs of frequency in the word search.

a	u	s	u	a	l	l	y	w
l	u	x	p	w	i	i	p	o
w	e	x	n	i	c	o	o	v
a	b	w	e	v	v	v	f	b
y	o	w	v	v	b	b	t	b
s	o	m	e	t	i	m	e	s
y	y	u	r	m	i	m	n	b

الحل :

a	u	s	u	a	l	l	y	w
l	u	x	p	w	i	i	p	o
w	e	x	n	i	c	o	o	v
a	b	w	e	v	v	v	f	b
y	o	w	v	v	b	b	t	b
s	o	m	e	t	i	m	e	s
y	y	u	r	m	i	m	n	b

Across	usually	sometimes	
Down	always	never	often

5 Sentences with adverbs of frequency جمل فيها ظروف التكرار

Add an adverb of frequency to make these sentences true for you .

1- It rain the winter .

It often rains in the winter .

2- It is always hot in the summer .

3- I go to the theatre .

4- I sometimes speak English at home .

5- We always go on holiday by plane .

6- I often use a Mini – Dictionary in class .

7- I always go to bed early .

8- I sometimes go shopping at the weekend .

F CHECK YOUR ENGLISH

Vocabulary: Adverbs

1 Find six weather words in the word search.

الحل :

c	o	h	i	p	m	i	p	b	w
c	l	o	u	d	y	a	o	b	i
o	v	t	w	o	p	m	z	z	c
l	l	c	y	m	m	b	e	o	y
d	o	i	x	s	u	n	n	y	b
c	h	a	n	g	e	a	b	l	e

Across	cloudy	sunny	changeable
Down	cold	hot	icy

2 ***So do I, Neither do I, I do, I don't***

Agree or disagree using ***So do I, Neither do I, I do, I don't .***

1- I love sunny weather. **So do I / I don't**
2- I don't like football. **Neither do I / I do**
3- I prefer spring to winter. **So do I / I don't**
4- I feel happy after the weekend. **So do I / I don't**
5- I never go swimming. **Neither do I / I do**

3 Adverbs

Circle the correct word in each sentence

1- My brother passed all his exams *successfully/successful.*
2- Hamdi is a singer. He sings *beautifully/beautiful.*
3- This exercise is *easy/easily.*
4- The football team are playing very *bad/badly.*
5- I love this film. It is very *good/well.*
6- I like it when my mother sings *happily/happy* in the morning.
7- The artist paints *brilliant/brilliantly* pictures.
8- He played *well/good* today. He scored two goals.

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
1	successfully	2	beautifully
3	easy	4	badly
5	good	6	happily
7	brilliant	8	well

Vocabulary : Multi – part verbs أفعال متعددة الأجزاء

4 Using multi – part verbs

Read the sentences and with them again using these verbs.

go back, wake up, ~~put on~~, go into

1- I get my clothes on my body and go downstairs to have breakfast .

I put on my clothes and go downstairs to have breakfast .

2- I usually *stop sleeping* at about 6 o'clock in the morning .

3- My mother usually makes my breakfast before I enter the kitchen .

4- After breakfast, I *return* to my bed room to get my school things .

ت	الجواب
2	wake up
3	go into
4	go back

5 Practicing multi – part verbs

Answer the questions about you .

1- What time do you wake up?

2- What do you put on in the morning?

3- What do you take off when you get to school?

4- What do you say when you come into the classroom?

5- What time do you go back home after school?

ت	الجواب
1	I wake up seven o'clock.
2	I put on my jacket and trousers in the morning.
3	I take off my bad clothes when.
4	I get to school I say good morning when I come into the classroom.
5	I go back at one o'clock after school.

Word Corner

Look at these words and put them in alphabetical order. Use your Mini-Dictionary to check their meanings. They are all in lesson 1.

ضع الكلمات الآتية بالترتيب الالفبائي وتأكد بعد ذلك من القاموس.

postcard, volleyball, location, accommodation, luxury, relax, forest, stadium

الحل :

accommodation, forest, location, luxury, postcard, relax, stadium, volleyball

Unit One

1 On Holiday

1 GRAMMAR المضارع المستمر

Present Continuous : 1 Affirmative forms الأشكال المثبتة

Write the verbs in the Present Continuous Put the numbers next to the correct picture.



1- I ***am writing*** (write) postcards .
2- Huda ***is eating*** (eat) an ice cream .
3- Khalid ***is taking*** (take) photos .
4- Ali ***is drinking*** (drink) lemonade .
5- Nabeel and Hani ***are having*** (have) lunch in the restaurant .
6- Asmaa ***is buying*** (buy) clothes .
7- Reem ***is talking*** (talk) on her mobile phone .
8- I***am reading*** (read) a book .
9- We ***are sitting*** (sit) outside the museum .

2 Negative forms الأشكال المنفية

Put the verbs into the negative form of the Present Continuous .

1- I'm ***not playing*** (**play**) volleyball .
2- He ***isn't writing*** (**write**) postcards .
3- They ***aren't relaxing*** (**relax**) on the beach .
4- You ***aren't trekking*** (**trek**) in the mountains .
5- She ***isn't staying*** (**stay**) in a hostel .
6- We ***aren't talking*** (**talk**) on the phone.

3 Questions: Complete the questions in the Present Continuous.

أكمل الجمل الآتية بالزمن المضارع المستمر.

1- What *are you reading* (**you/read**) ? I'm reading a book for a school project .
2- where ………… (**Layla/have**) lunch? She's having lunch in a restaurant .
3- Why ……….. (**Mum and Dad / visit**) the museum today? They are visiting it because there is a special exhibition .
4- What ……….. (**Noor/buy**) in the market? She is buying tomatoes .

5- Who ……….. (**Khalid/talk**) to in the classroom? He is talking to the teacher .

6- Why ……… (**Ameen/wear**) a suit? He is wearing a suit because he is going to work now .

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	**is Layla having**	5	**is Khalid talking**
3	**are Mum and Dad visiting**	6	**is Ameen wearing**
4	**is Noor buying**		

4 *Yes/No* questions أجوبة قصيرة (نعم / لا)

Make questions in the Present Continuous. Complete the short answers .

1- **Q:** you/study hard for your exams ? !

Q: *Are you studying hard for your exams ?*

A: *Yes, I am*

2- **Q:** Lubna / talk on the phone ? ×

A:

3- **Q:** Rasha and Deema / cook a special lunch ? !

A:

4- **Q:** I / speaking very fast ? ×

A:

5- **Q:** Mahmood / play football ? !

A:

6- **Q:** you / make a cake ? ×

A:

ت	الجواب
2	Is Lubna talking on the phone? No, she isn't
3	Are Rasha and Deema cooking a special lunch? Yes, they are.
4	Am I speaking very fast? No, you're not.
5	Is Mahmood playing football? Yes, he is
6	Are you making a cake? No, I'm not.

5 Present Continuous : all forms (page 9)

Complete this telephone conversation with the correct forms of the Present Continuous. أكمل هذه المحادثة الهاتفية بالشكل الصحيح لزمن المضارع

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	I am	11	Are staying
3	am / I'm having	12	Are they enjoying
4	am / I'm sitting	13	they are
5	is shining	14	is swimming
6	are you doing	15	is playing
7	am / I'm playing	16	is watching
8	aren't playing	17	is relaxing
9	is your mother doing	18	is calling
10	is cooking		

6 Present Continuous: Practice (page 9)

Complete the e-mail with one of the verbs in the box.

أكمل الرسالة الالكترونية مع الكلمات الآتية

~~write~~, look, after, prepare, haw, stay, not help

ت	الجواب	ت	الجواب
2	are having	5	isn't helping
3	are staying	6	is looking after
4	is preparing		

7 Present Continuous

Use the notes to write a postcard in your notebook.

France – Mouthumet, in the Pyrenees – outside the hotel – at the mountains – coffee – French men – with your aunt in Spain? – you to cook ?

استخدم هذه الملاحظات لكتابة رسالة بطاقة بريدية في دفتر ملاحظاتك

الحل : Students' own answers.

نسخة اصلية

بغداد - شارع المتنبي

هـ: ٠٧٧١٣٠٨٧٠١٦
٠٧٧٠٧٩٩٤٤٧٦
٠٧٨٠٧٢٤٧٥٩٥
٠٧٧١٣٠٦٦٦٣٠

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